

Dipole Polarizability of ^{48}Ca and Implications for the Neutron Skin



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Collaboration

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Theory: S. Bacca (TRIUMF), G. Hagen (ORNL), M. Miorelli (TRIUMF), T. Papenbrock (U Tennessee), A. Schwenk (TUD)



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Polarizability and Neutron Skin

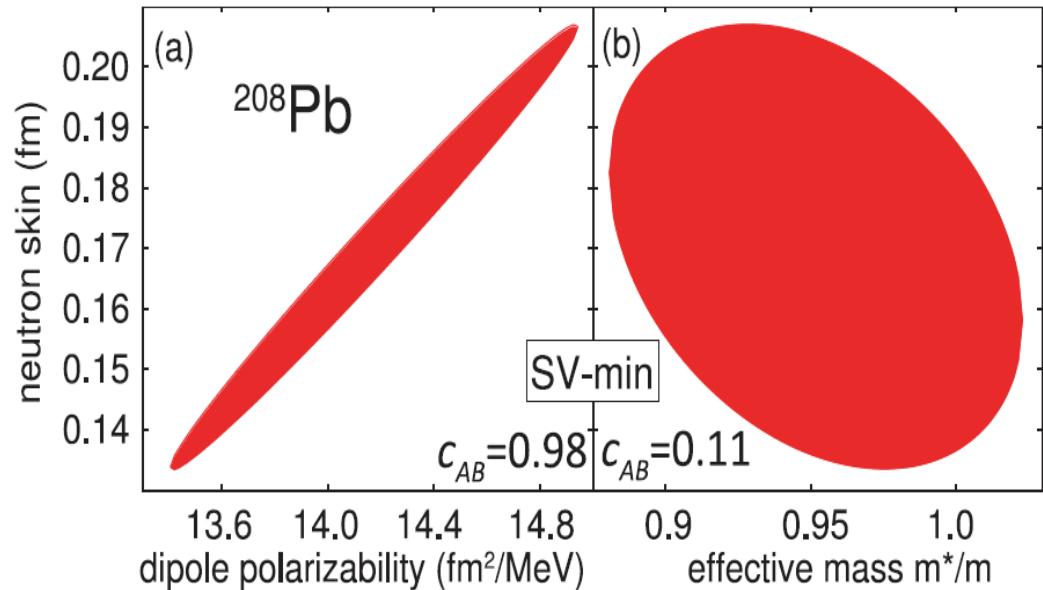


- Static nuclear dipole polarizability

$$\alpha_D = \frac{\hbar c}{2\pi^2 e^2} \cdot \sigma_{-2} = \frac{\hbar c}{2\pi^2 e^2} \cdot \sum \frac{\sigma_{abs}(E_x)}{E_x^2} = \\ = \frac{8\pi}{9} \cdot \sum \frac{B(E1)(E_x)}{E_x} \quad [fm^3/\epsilon]$$

- α_D is measure of neutron skin

P.G. Reinhard and W. Nazarewicz,
Phys. Rev. C 81 (2010) 051303(R)

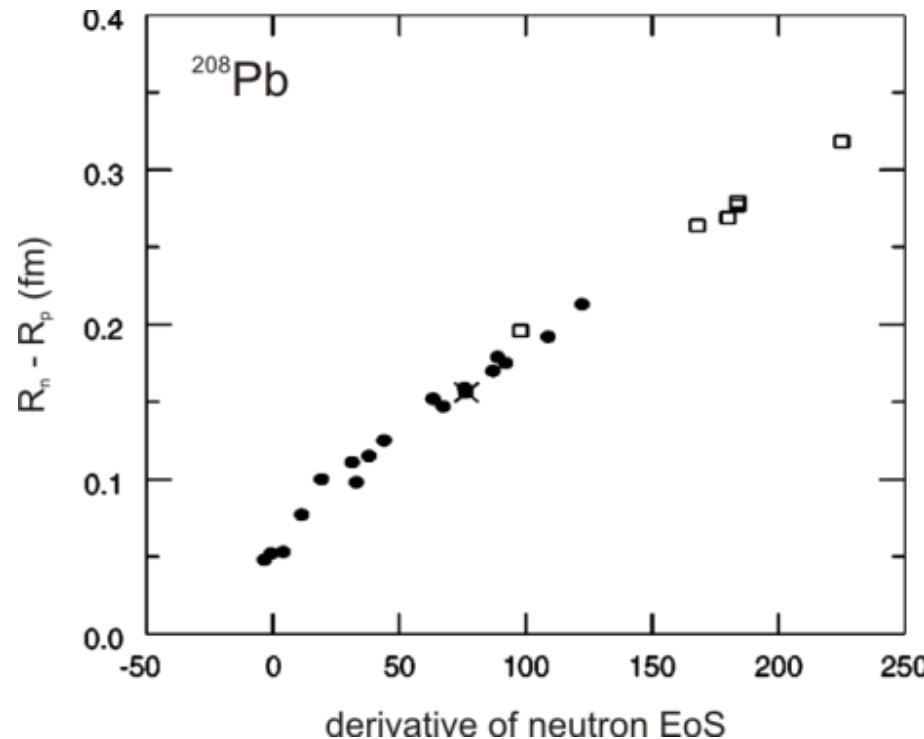


Polarizability, Neutron Skin and Symmetry Energy



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S. Typel and B. A. Brown, Phys. Rev. C 64, 027302 (2001)



- Neutron skin correlated with density dependence of symmetry energy
- Relevance of polarizability data → plenary talk of Atsushi Tamii tomorrow

The Case of ^{48}Ca

- New predictions from EDFs based on presently available polarizability data

X. Roca-Maza et al., Phys.Rev. C 92, 064304 (2015)
- Recent coupled-cluster results based on interactions derived from χ EFT

G. Hagen et al., Nature Physics 12, 186 (2016)
- CREX Experiment proposed at JLAB to measure weak (i.e., neutron) form factor with parity-violating elastic electron scattering

Experimental Approach

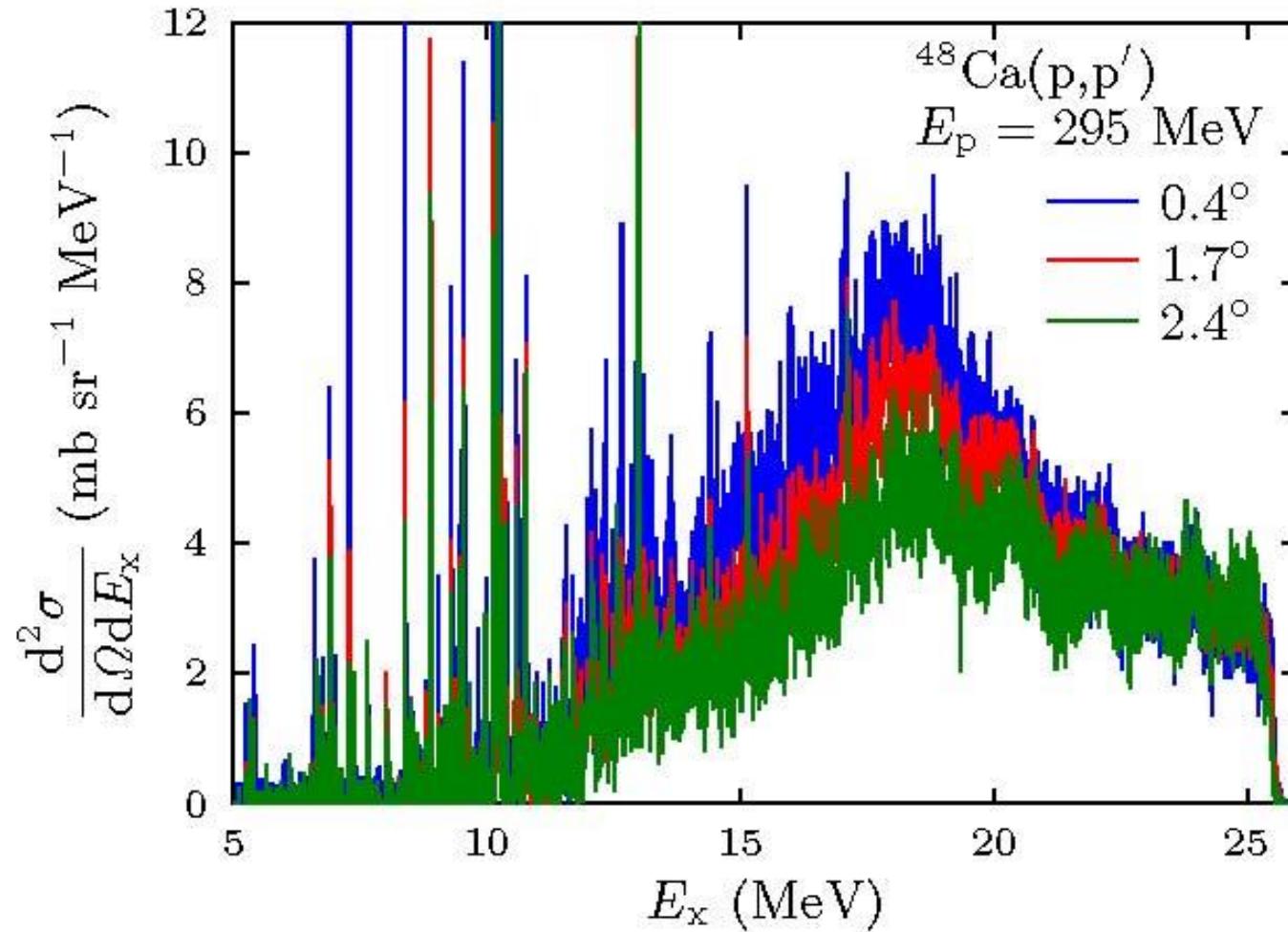


- 300 MeV proton scattering at and close to 0°
 - strong Coulomb excitation of 1^- states: E1 strength up to 25 MeV
 - high resolution: $\Delta E = 25 - 30$ keV (FWHM)
 - angular distributions: E1 / M1 separation by MDA
 - polarization observables: spinflip / non-spinflip separation
- ^{208}Pb and ^{120}Sn as reference cases
 - A. Tamii et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 107 (2011) 062502
 - I. Poltoratska et al., Phys. Rev. C 85 (2012) 041304(R)
 - A.M. Krumbholz et al., Phys. Lett. B 744 (2015) 7
 - T. Hashimoto et al., Phys. Rev. C 92 (2015) 031305(R)
 - J. Birkhan et al., Phys. Rev. C 93 (2016) 041302(R)

$^{48}\text{Ca}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ Data from RCNP



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Multipole Decomposition Analysis

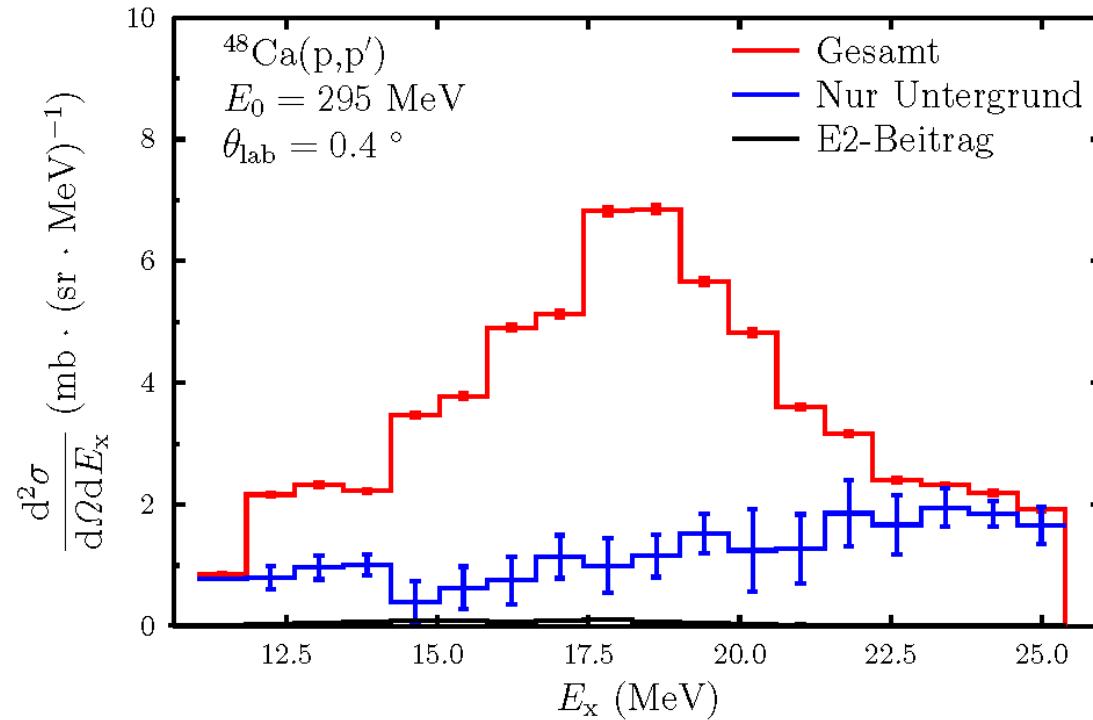


- DWBA analysis:
 - Code: DWBA07
 - Effective proton-nucleus interaction (Love & Franey)
 - QPM wave functions
- Multipole decomposition
$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}_{\text{DATA}} = \sum_{J^\pi} a_{J^\pi} \cdot \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}_{J^\pi, \text{DWBA}}$$
- Variants for ^{48}Ca compared to MDA in heavy nuclei
 - M1 neglected
 - E2 (ISGQR) and E0 (ISGMR) subtracted from spectra prior to MDA
 - Angular distribution of nuclear background assumed to be constant

Multipole Decomposition Analysis

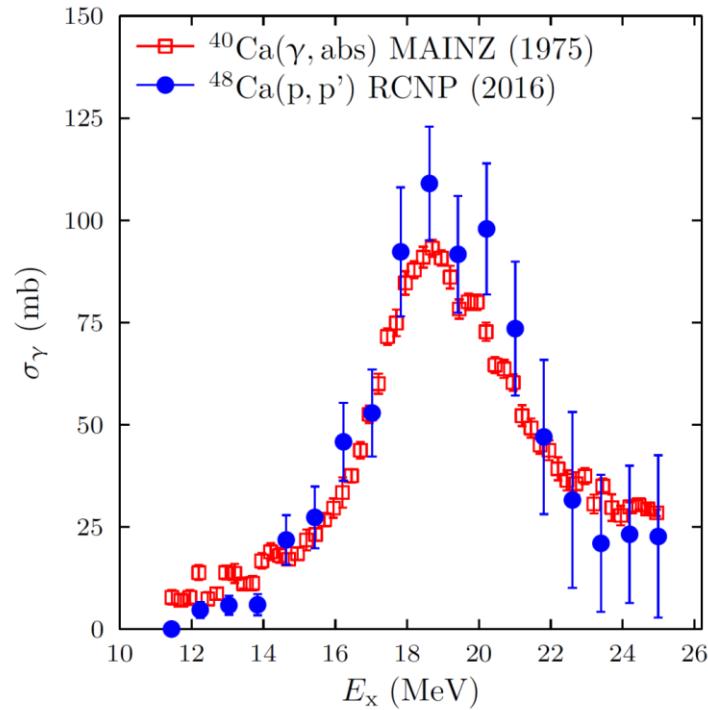
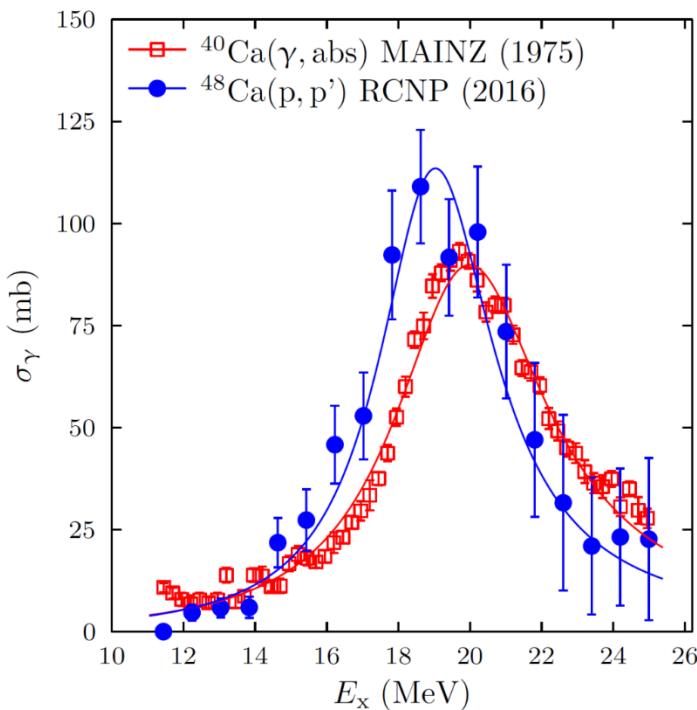


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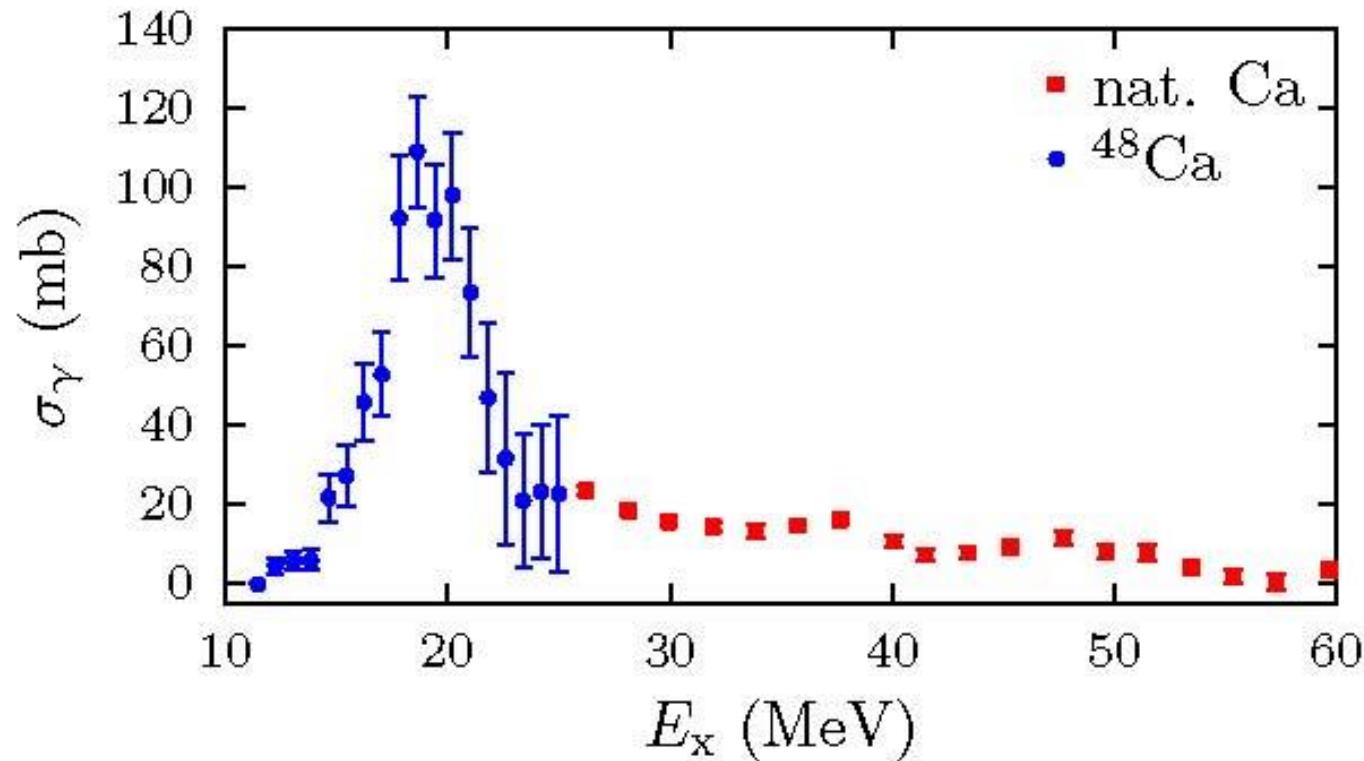
- E2 and E0 cross sections very small
- Resulting background has similar shape as observed in heavy nuclei

Comparison of $^{40}\text{Ca}/^{48}\text{Ca}$ in the GDR Region



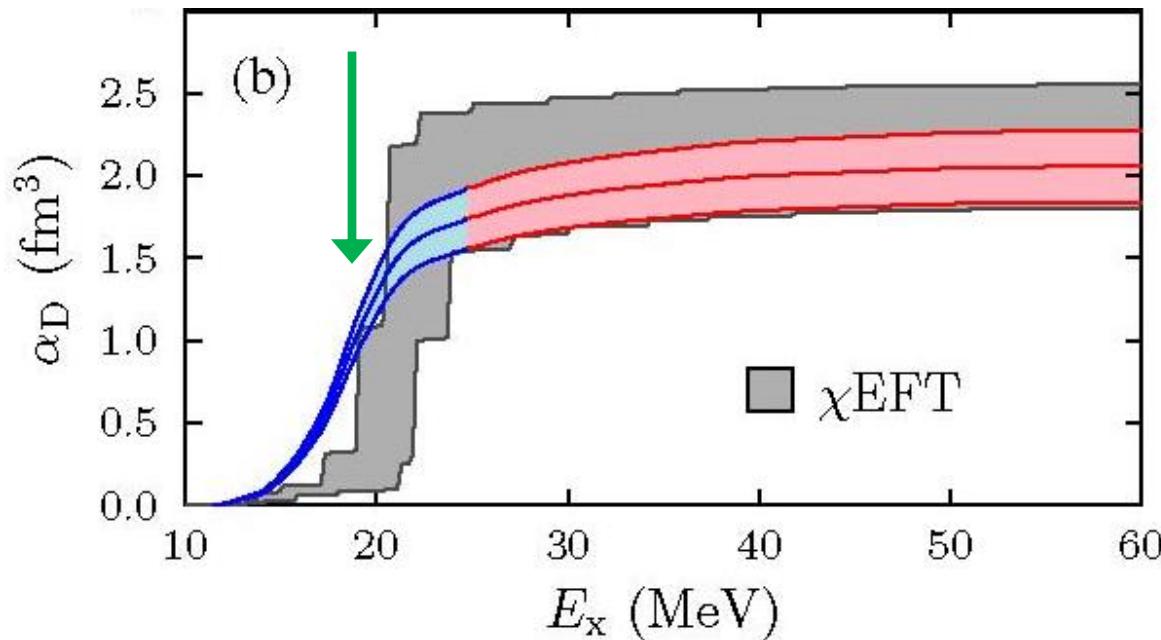
- Cross sections are comparable but there is an energy shift of (1.0 ± 0.3) MeV
- ^{48}Ca (GDR): $\alpha_D = (1.73 \pm 0.18) \text{ fm}^3$
- ^{40}Ca (GDR): $\alpha_D = (1.50 \pm 0.02) \text{ fm}^3$

Photoabsorption Cross Sections



- $\alpha_D(10 - 60 \text{ MeV}) = (2.07 \pm 0.22) \text{ fm}^3$
- Uncertainty dominated by parametrization of nuclear background in MDA

New Ab-Initio Calculations



- Strength distribution from Lorentz-integral method
- 2 MeV discrepancy due to truncation of Hilbert space
- Effects are currently investigated by Marco Miorelli

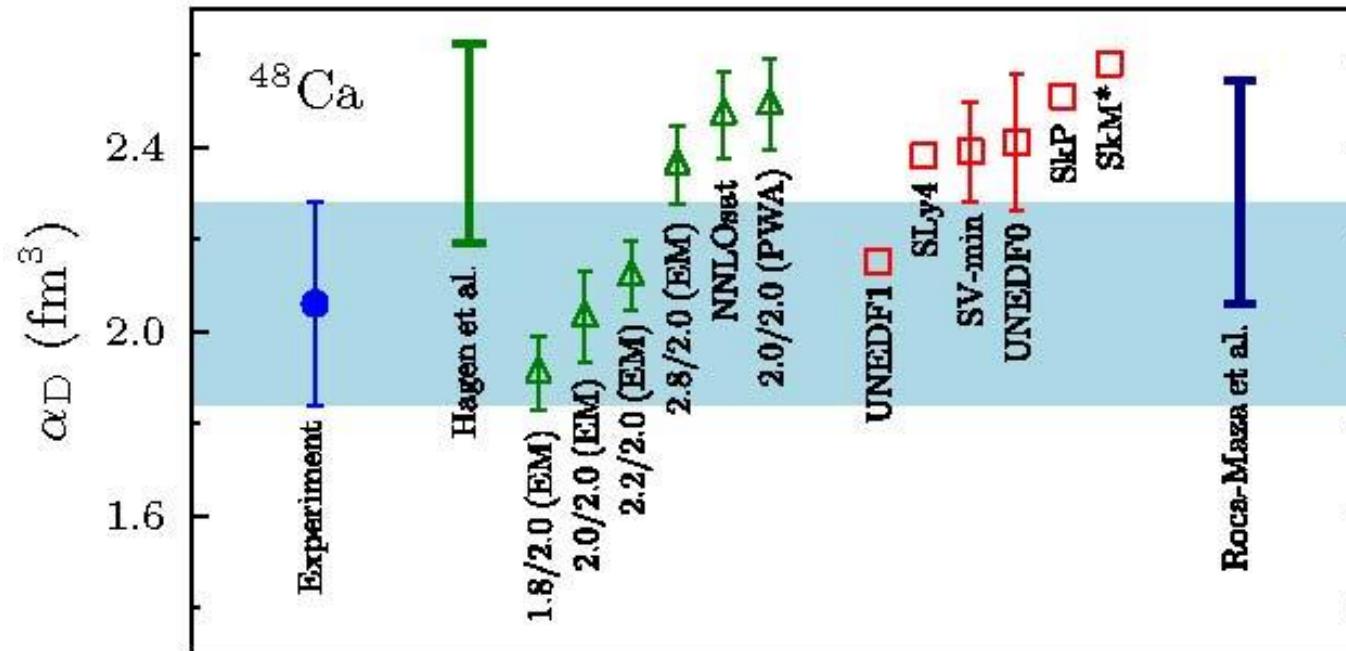
Present Status of Experiment and Theory for the Dipole Polarizability of ^{48}Ca



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χ EFT: G. Hagen et al., Nature Physics 12, 681 (2016)

EDFs: X. Roca-Maza et al., Phys .Rev. C 92, 064304 (2015)



- Neutron skin predicted from χ EFT: 0.15 fm
- Neutron skin predicted from EDFs: 0.15 - 0.20 fm, no correlation with α_D
this needs to be understood!



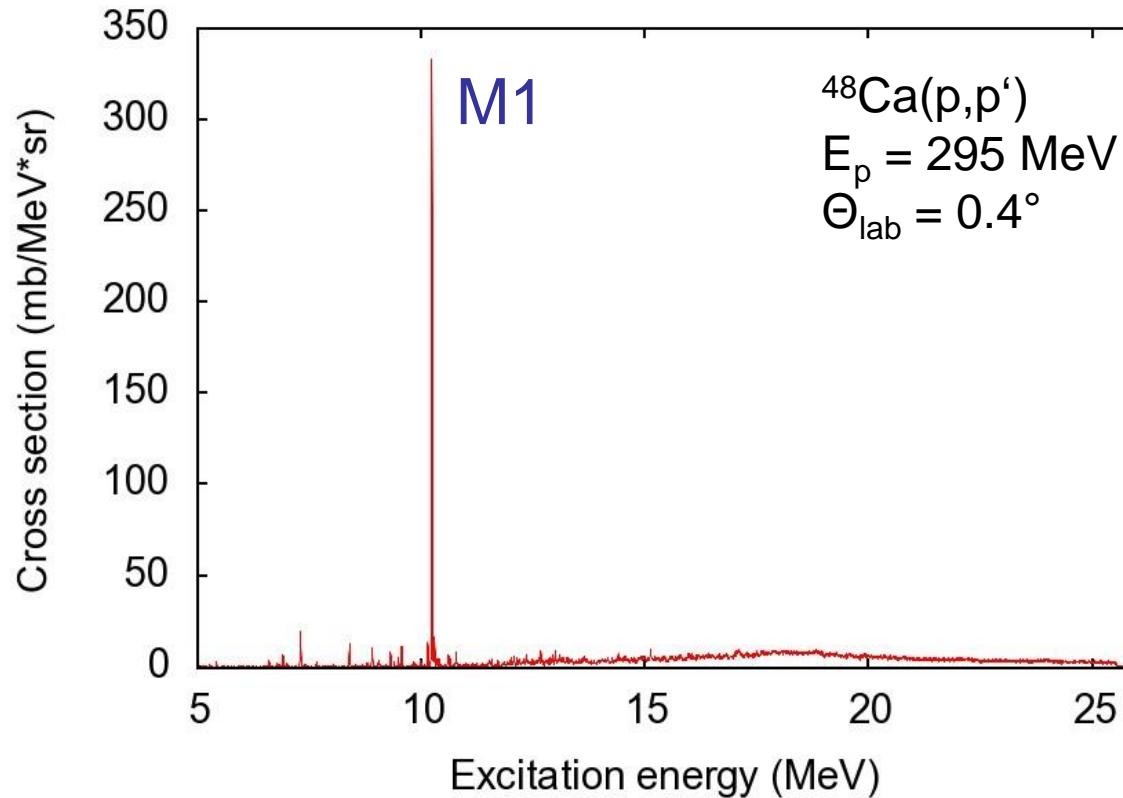
Thank you for your attention!

M1 Cross sections



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J. Birkhan et al., Phys. Rev. C 93, 041302(R) (2016)



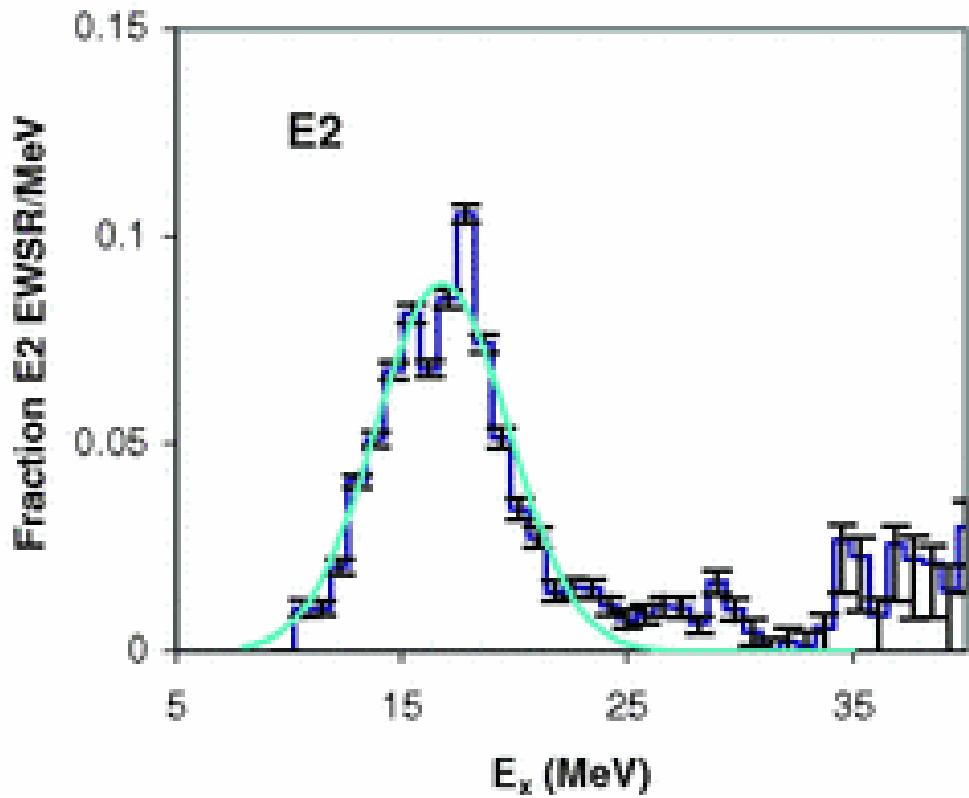
- M1 strength concentrated in single transition

E2 cross sections



From MDA of $^{48}\text{Ca}(\alpha, \alpha')$ data

→ input to DWBA calculation
of corresponding (p, p')
cross sections

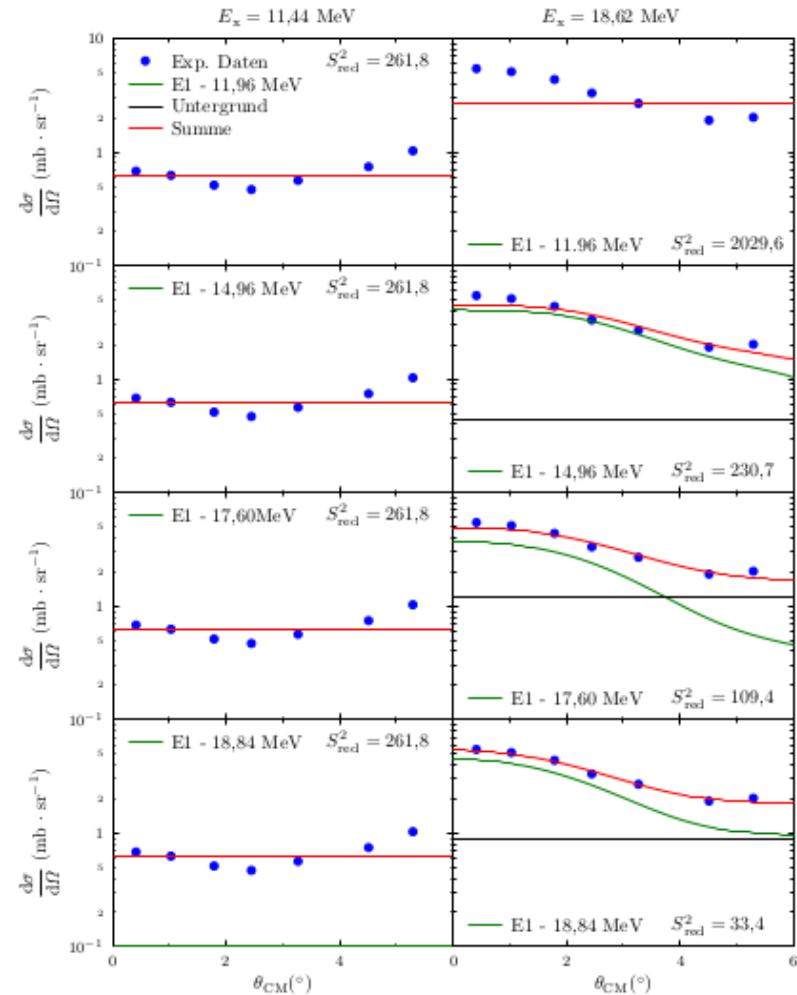


Y.-W. Lui et al., Phys. Rev. C 83, 044327 (2011)

MDA Uncertainties



- Statistical and systematic errors of cross sections
- MDA uncertainties: variance of χ^2 -weighted averaging over all possible combinations
- All contributions taken into account in MC simulation
- Uncertainty dominated by MDA errors



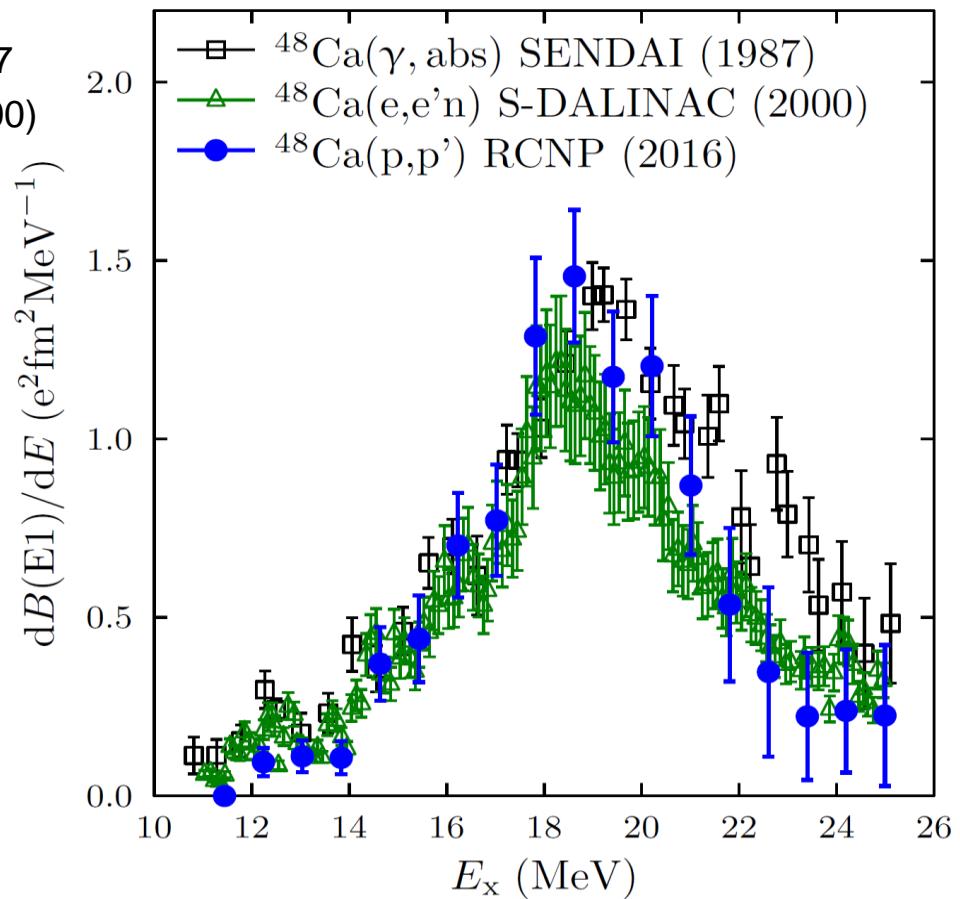
B(E1) Strength in ^{48}Ca



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G.J. O'Keefe et al. Nucl. Phys. A 469, 239 (1987)

S. Strauch et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 85, 2913 (2000)



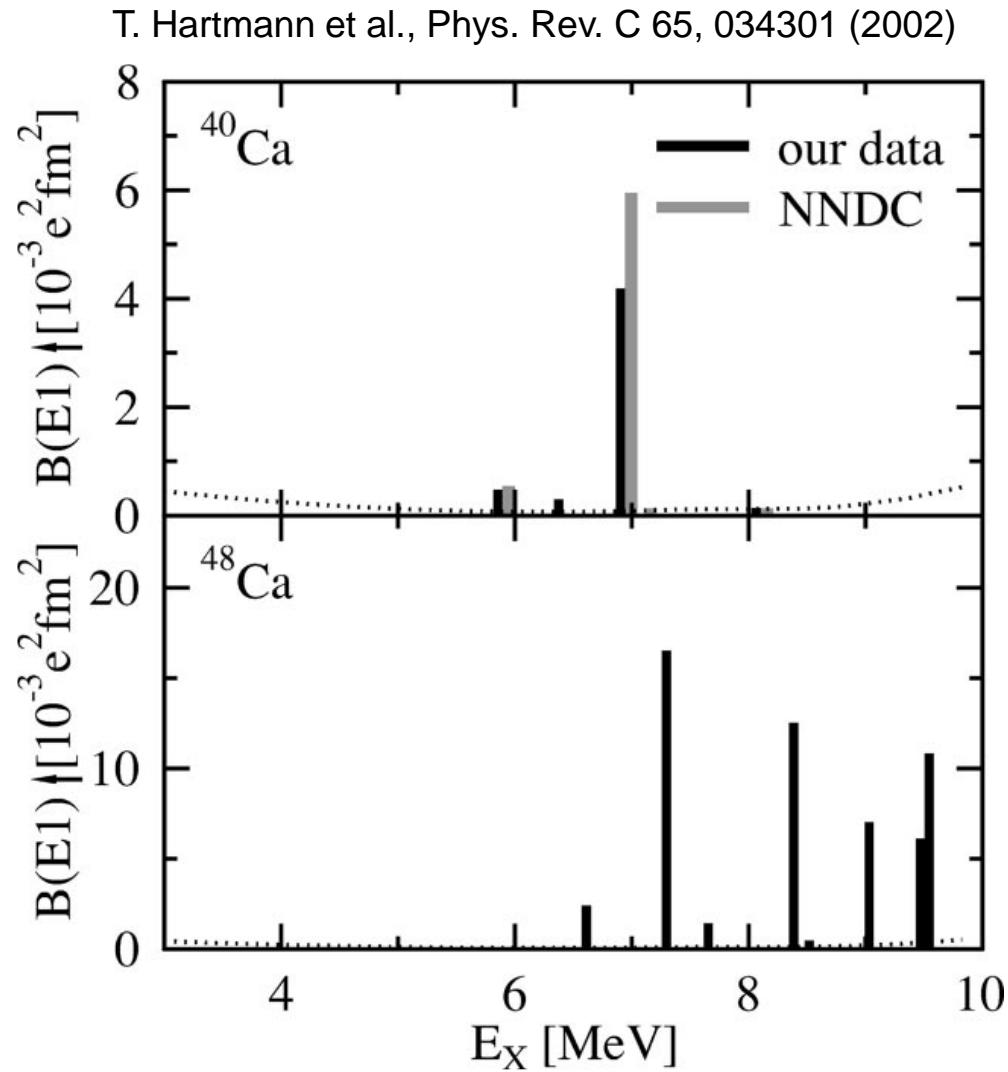
- O'Keefe et al: result discarded because of method
- Strauch et al: ($e, e'n$) channel missing

Polarizability Contribution from E1 Strength Below Threshold



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- $\alpha_D(0 - 10 \text{ MeV}) = 0.0101 \pm 0.0006 \text{ fm}^3$

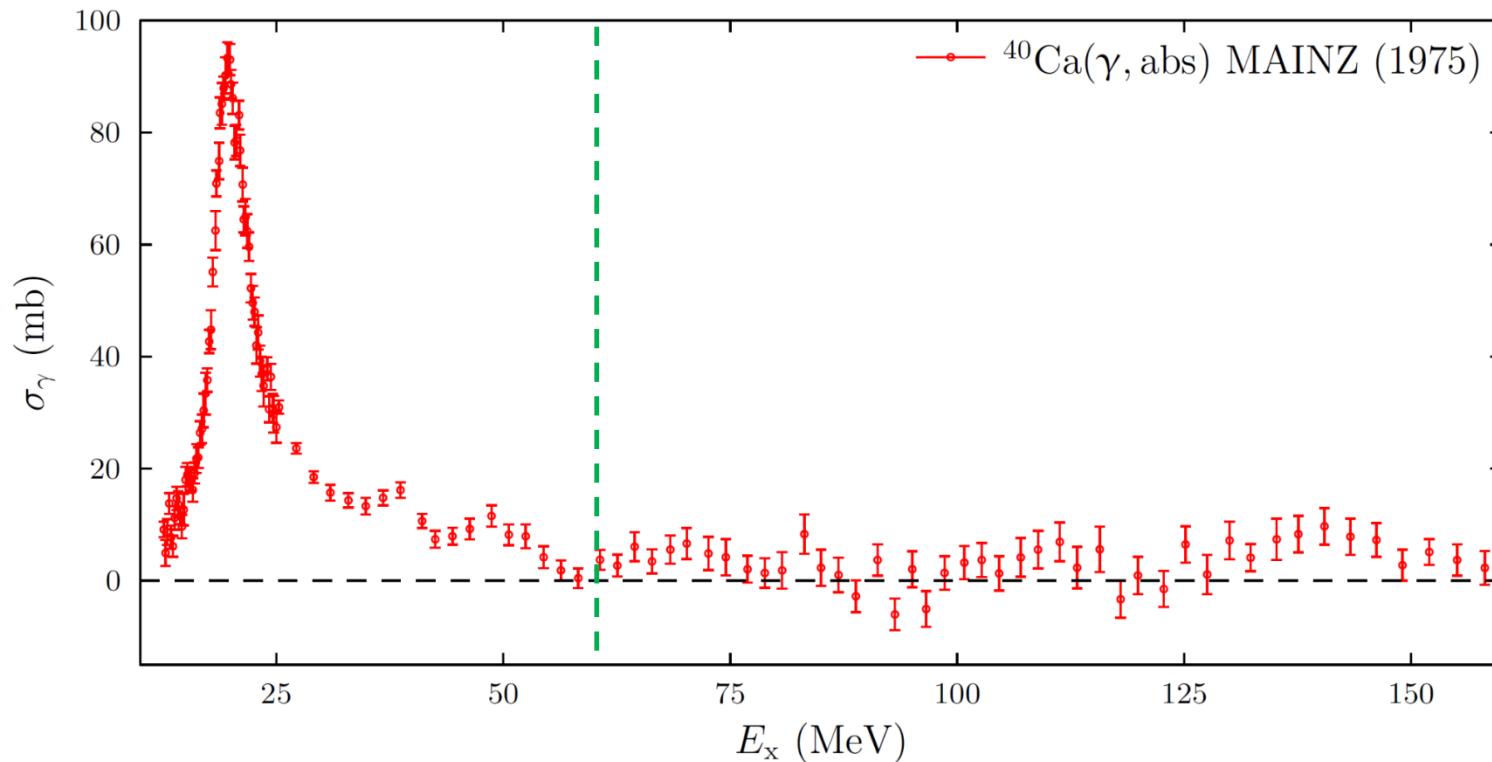


Photoabsorption Cross Section in ^{40}Ca up to 160 MeV



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J. Ahrens et al., Nucl. Phys. A 251, 479 (1975)

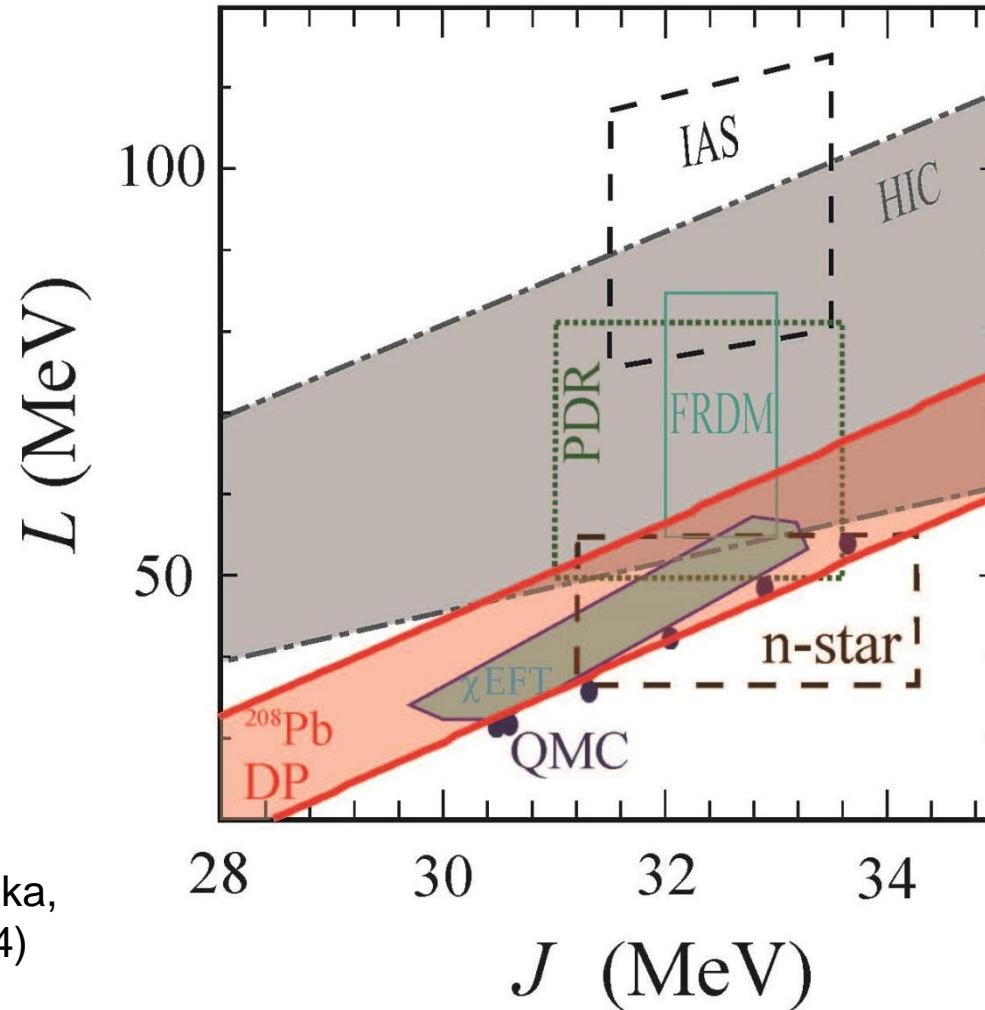


- Note: above $E_x = 60$ MeV cross section is negligibly small
- Data in GDR region differ from original paper (see EXFOR data base)

Constraints on Symmetry Energy Parameter

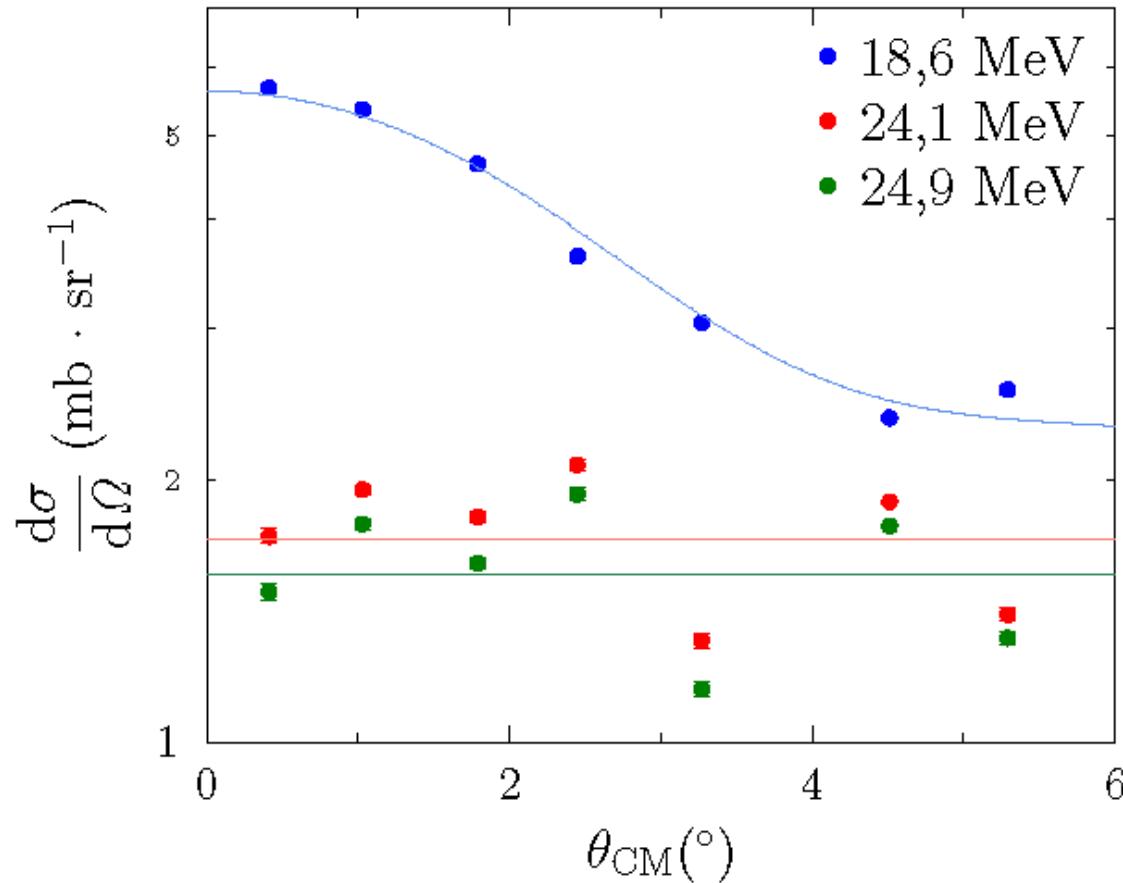


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A. Tamii, PvNC, I. Poltoratska,
Eur. Phys. J. A 50, 28 (2014)

Nuclear Background



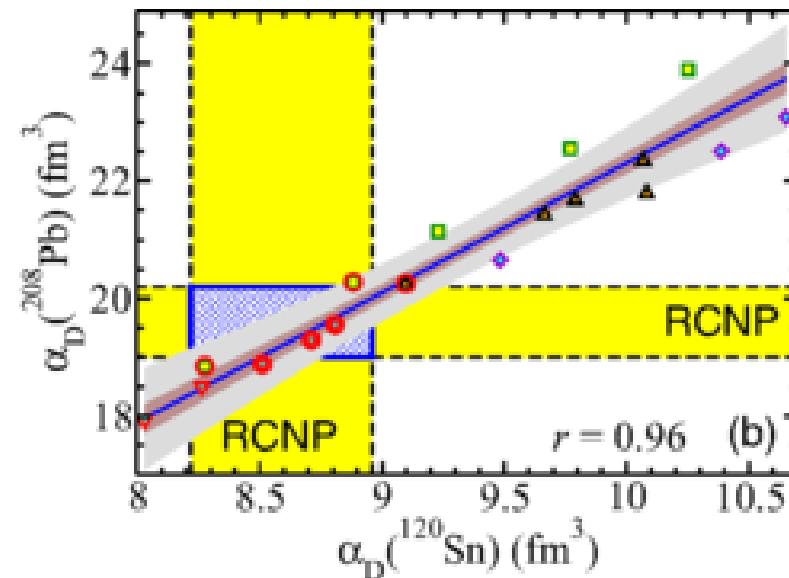
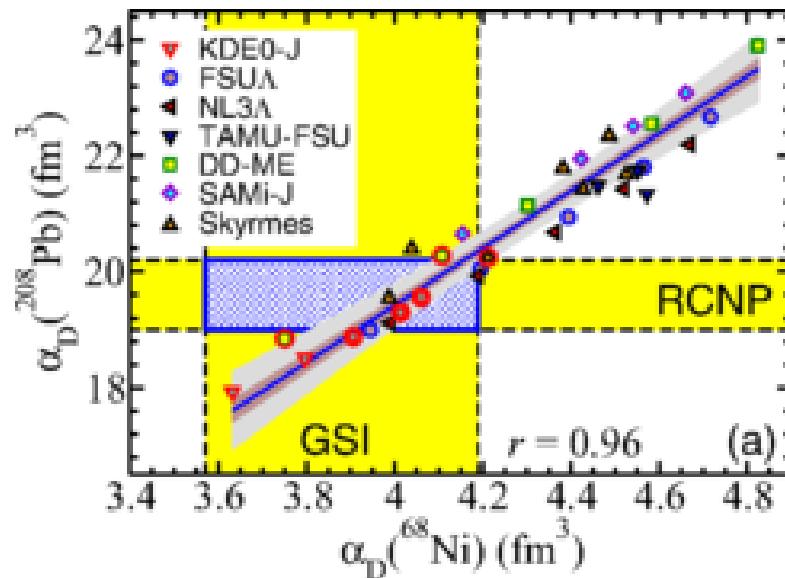
- At $E_x = 24 - 25 \text{ MeV}$ cross sections approximately constant

^{48}Ca Polarizability from EDF predictions



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X. Roca-Maza et al., Phys .Rev. C 92, 064304 (2015)



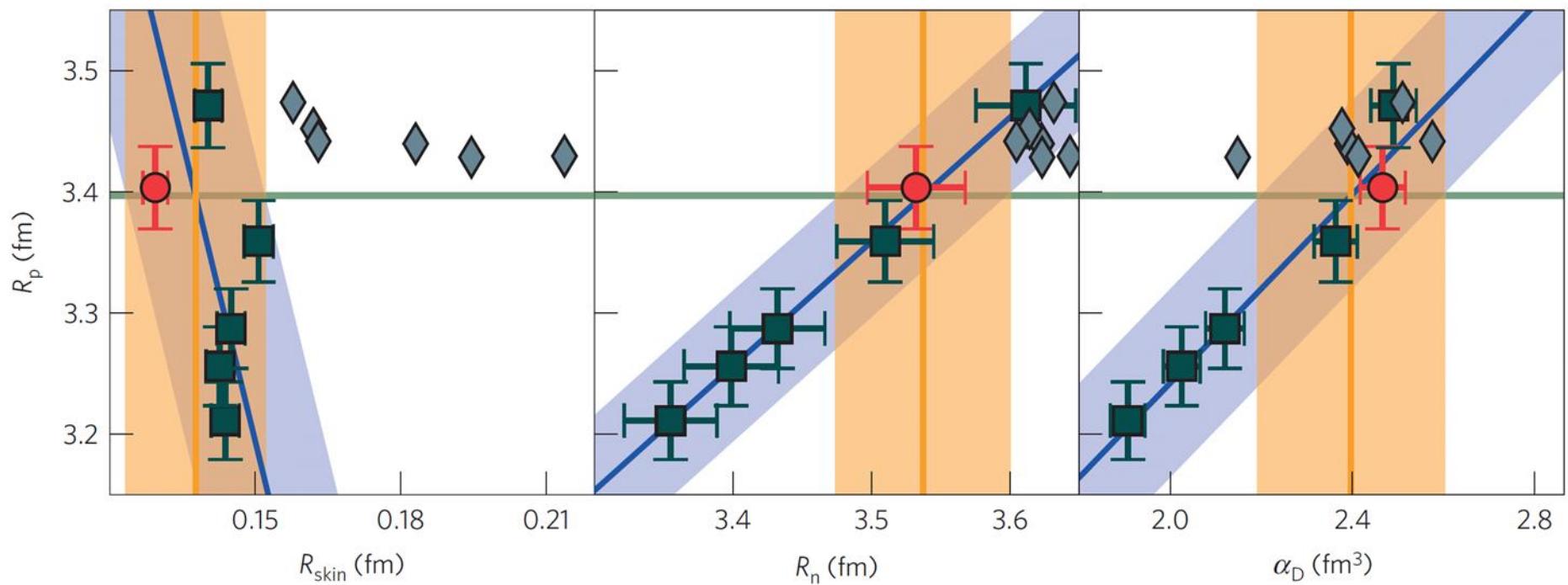
- Prediction of $\alpha_D(^{48}\text{Ca})$ based on EDFs which simultaneously describe the polarizability of ^{68}Ni , ^{120}Sn and ^{208}Pb

^{48}Ca Polarizability from χ EFT Predictions



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G. Hagen et al., Nature Physics 12, 186 (2016)



- Correlation of $\alpha_D(^{48}\text{Ca})$ with proton and neutron radius

X. Roca-Maza et al., Phys.Rev. C 88, 024316 (2013)

