

Study of the charge symmetry breaking effect in A=4 Λ-hypernuclei via gamma-ray spectroscopy

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KEK/J-PARC Hadron for the E13/E63 collaboration



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Excitation energy of ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ H(1⁺) state

Summary

Charge symmetry breaking (CSB) in ΛN-interaction





0⁺ state =>350 keV difference from emulsion data (g.s. 0+)



A. Nogga, H. Kamada, and W. Gloockle, Phys. Rev. Lett. 88, 172501 (2002)

Considering

- Coulomb force
- 2 body $\Lambda N-\Sigma N$ coupling (\Rightarrow 3 body $\Lambda N-\Sigma N$ mixing)

Previously, many theoretical studies, but could not reproduce data

Re-examination of existing data were long awaited

Charge symmetry breaking (CSB) in AN-interaction





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Considering

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Differencies of

(1⁺, 0⁺) spacing energy / 1⁺ binding energy = > 1⁺ -> 0⁺ gamma-ray energy + emulsion data

Previous γ -ray spectroscopy for ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ He(1+ \rightarrow 0+)





 ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ He(1⁺) production as **hyperfragment** via stopped K^{-} on Li target

By Nal counters

160 keV(FWHM) resolution 180 keV w/ Doppler broad

Precise measurement by Ge detector 4 keV(FWHM) resolution 17 keV(FWHM) w/ Doppler shift correction J-PARC E13 (2015)





New data The J-PARC E13 experiment

 ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ He(1⁺ \rightarrow 0⁺) measurement



Mass gated gamma-ray spectrum





Current level scheme and our finding





Charge symmetry breaking is Spin-dependent Future plan J-PARC E63

Precision measurement of ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}H(1^{+}\rightarrow 0^{+})$

Production of ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ **He(1⁺) state**

• Direct production on ⁴He (Single charge exchange reaction) ${}^{4}\text{He}(K,\pi^{0})$ or ${}^{4}\text{He}(\pi,K^{0})$

Experimental difficulty to measure scattered particle momenta

• Hyperfragment (secondary hypernuclei) from highly excited states

Stopped *K***- absorption** (previous NaI exp's method) Large momentum transfer (~ 250 MeV/c)=> Large Doppler broadening of γ-ray peak

Inflight (*K***-**,*π***-) reaction**

Selectivity of momentum transfer region

 $= > \sim 100 \text{ MeV/c}$ (*a*) < 1 GeV/c K- beam = > Small Doppler broadening of γ -ray peak



J-PARC Hadron hall



<u>Comparison with Experimental conditions for ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}H(1^{+}\rightarrow 0^{+})$ </u>

	BNL experiment	E63 (present work)
# K beam	10 G Kaons	5 G Kaons (6 days)
Target thickness	8 g/cm ² (natural)	15 g/cm ² (enrich)
γ-ray efficiency	6%	~ 6%
Effective π - acceptance	< 18 msr ?	~35 msr (SKS < 6°selection)
γ peak counts	150 counts	> 300 counts~ 75 (Slow event)
Resolution	NaI 40 keV(σ)	Ge 2 keV(σ)
Doppler broad	37 keV(σ)	18 keV(σ)
Peak width	54 keV(σ)	18 keV(σ)
Eex = 22- 39 MeV Eex = 20- 25 MeV		

By selecting the excitation Energy tightly, Doppler broad width can be controlled.





Summary

Charge Symmetry Breaking in Λ N interaction is studied through the ${}^{4}{}_{\Lambda}$ H/ ${}^{4}{}_{\Lambda}$ He structures New data of E13 at K1.8,

Excitation energy ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ He(1⁺) = 1.406(5) MeV

Exsistence of large CSB and its spin-dependence was confirmed

E63 at K1.1 is proposed to determine the excitation energy of ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ H(1⁺) precisely and planed in 2018 spring.

J-PARC E13 collaboration

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Observation of Spin-Dependent Charge Symmetry Breaking in ΛN Interaction: Gamma-Ray Spectroscopy of $^4_\Lambda He$

The energy spacing of the spin-doublet states in the $^4_{\Lambda}$ He hypernucleus indicate a large spin dependent charge symmetry breaking in the ΛN interaction.

T. O. Yamamoto *et al.* (J-PARC E13 Collaboration) Phys. Rev. Lett. **115**, 222501 (2015)

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