

# The New Stage of S=-2 Hypernuclear Study Opened with a New High-resolution Spectrometer

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# The New Stage of S=-2 Hypernuclear Study Opened with a New High-resolution Spectrometer

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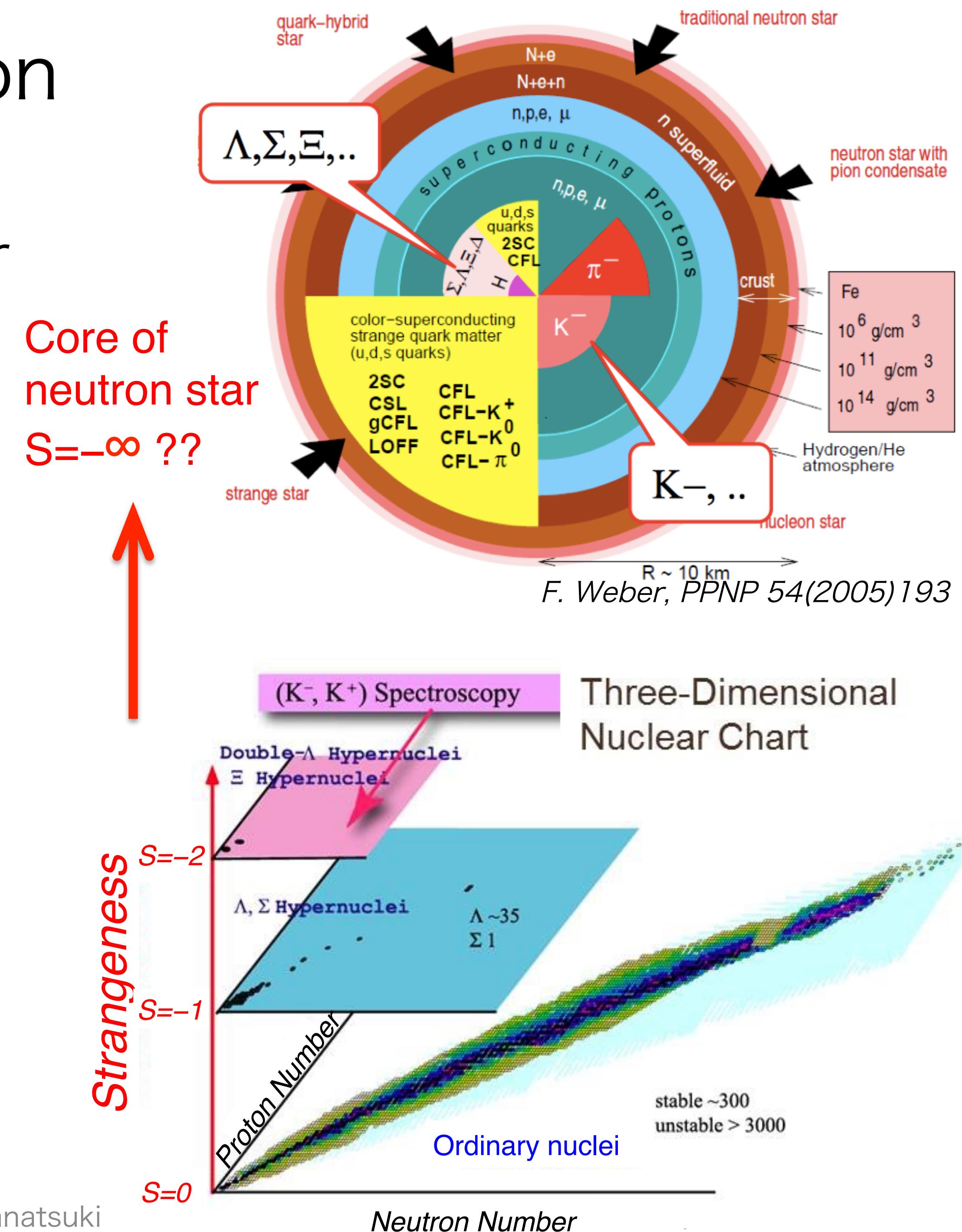
- Introduction
  - Motivation of hypernuclear physics
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# Introduction

# Motivation

- Baryon-baryon interaction in  $SU_f(3)$
- Role of strangeness in dense nuclear matter

- Generalization
- 
- $S=-2 \quad \Xi, \Lambda\Lambda$ 
    - a few emulsion events
    - limited information
  - $S=-1 \quad \Lambda, \Sigma$ 
    - hypernuclear structure
      - $(K^-, \pi), (\pi^+, K^+), (e, e' K^+)$  etc
      - $\gamma$ -ray spectroscopy
    - $\rightarrow$  effective  $\Lambda N, \Sigma N$  interactions
  - $S=0 \quad p, n$ 
    - a lot of  $NN$  scattering data
    - $\rightarrow$  realistic nuclear force



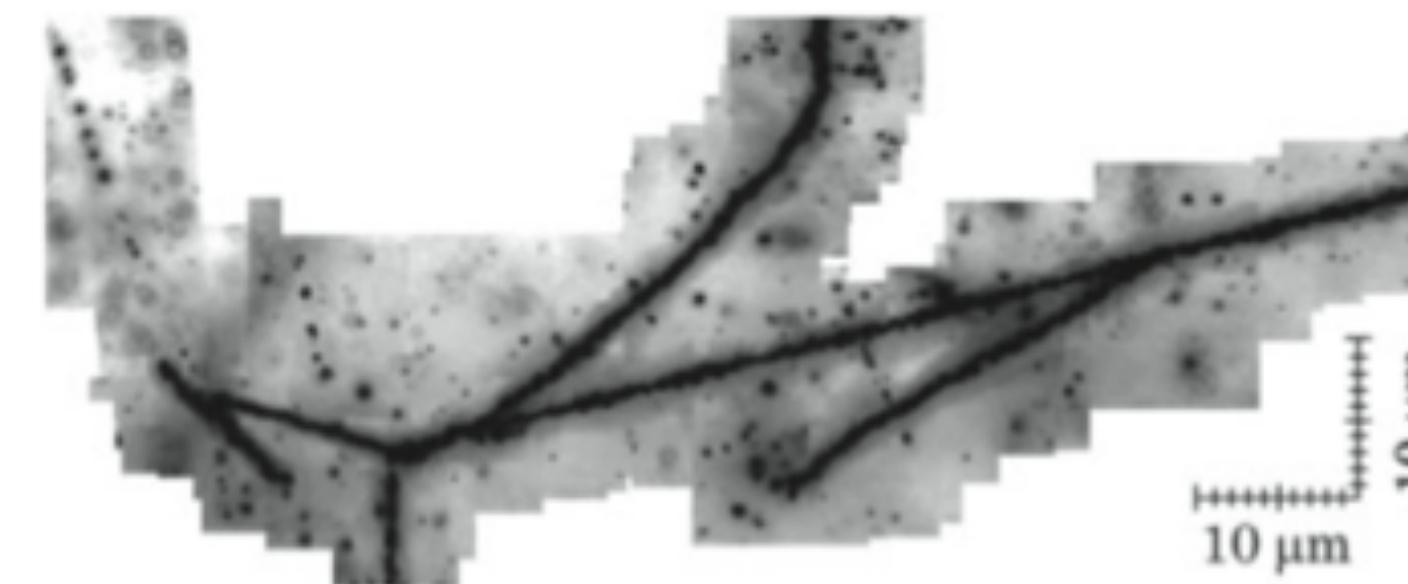
# Emulsion experiment

## KEK-E373

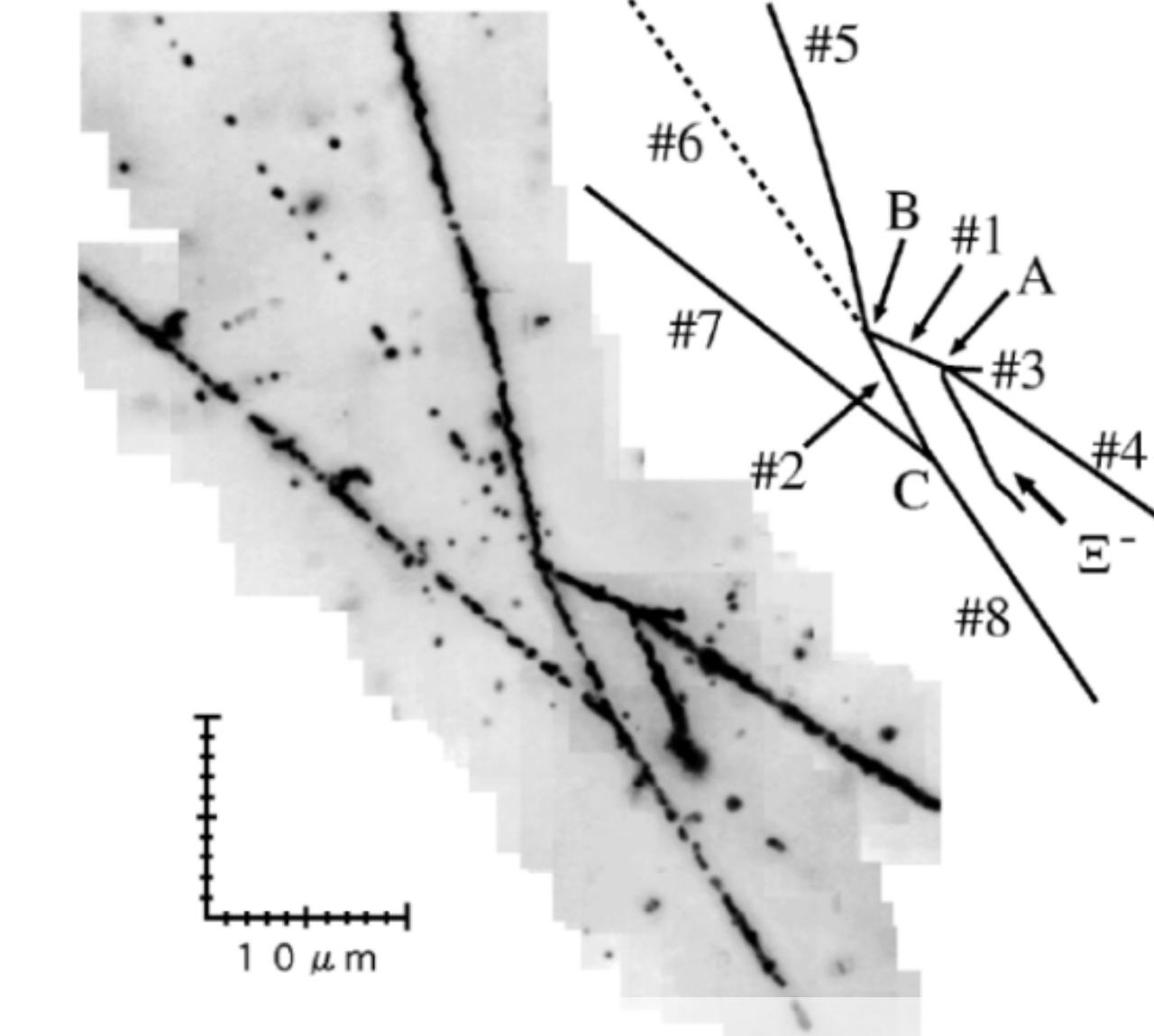
- “NAGARA” event
  - uniquely identified as  $\Lambda\Lambda^6\text{He}$
  - $\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 0.67 \pm 0.17 \text{ MeV}$   
weakly attractive

J.K. Ahn et al., PRC 88 (2013) 014003

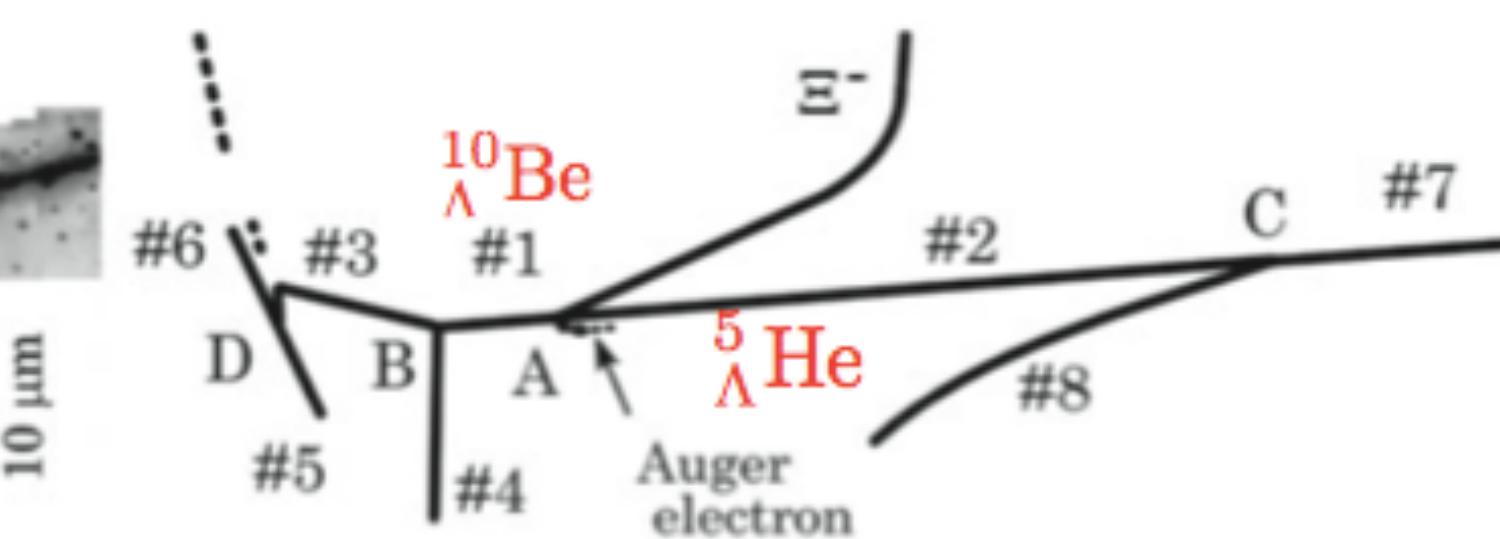
- “KISO” event
  - $\Xi^-$ - $^{14}\text{N}$  system
  - $\Xi^- + ^{14}\text{N} \rightarrow {}^{10}\Lambda\text{Be} + {}^5\Lambda\text{He}$
  - $B_\Xi = 1.11$  or  $4.38 (\pm 0.25) \text{ MeV} \pm \Gamma_{\text{conv.}}/2$



H. Takahashi et al., PRL 87 (2001) 212502

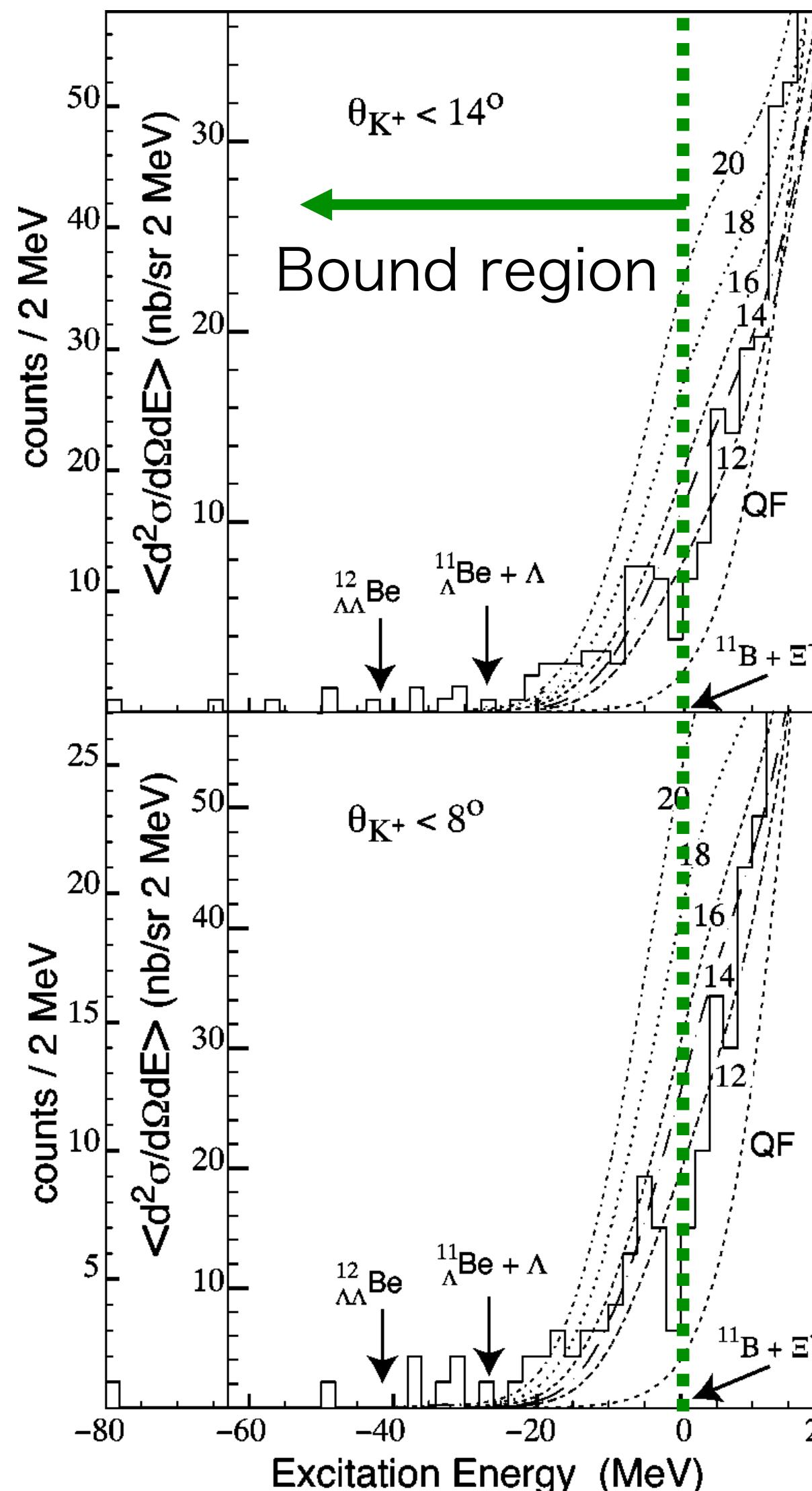


**S=-2 hypernuclei do exist !**  
**→ systematic study**



K. Nakazawa et al., PTEP (2015) 3, 033D02

# Spectroscopic Study



BNL-E885 :  $^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)$  at 1.8 GeV/c

- missing-mass spectroscopy
- $d\sigma/d\Omega$  ( $-20 < E < 0$  MeV)
  - $\theta < 14^\circ$ : 67 events,  $42 \pm 5$  nb/sr
  - $\theta < 8^\circ$ : 42 events,  $89 \pm 14$  nb/sr
  - “evidence” of existence of  $\Xi$  bound state
- mass resolution 14 MeV<sub>FWHM</sub>
  - no clear peak
  - shape analysis  $\rightarrow V_\Xi \sim -14$  MeV ?

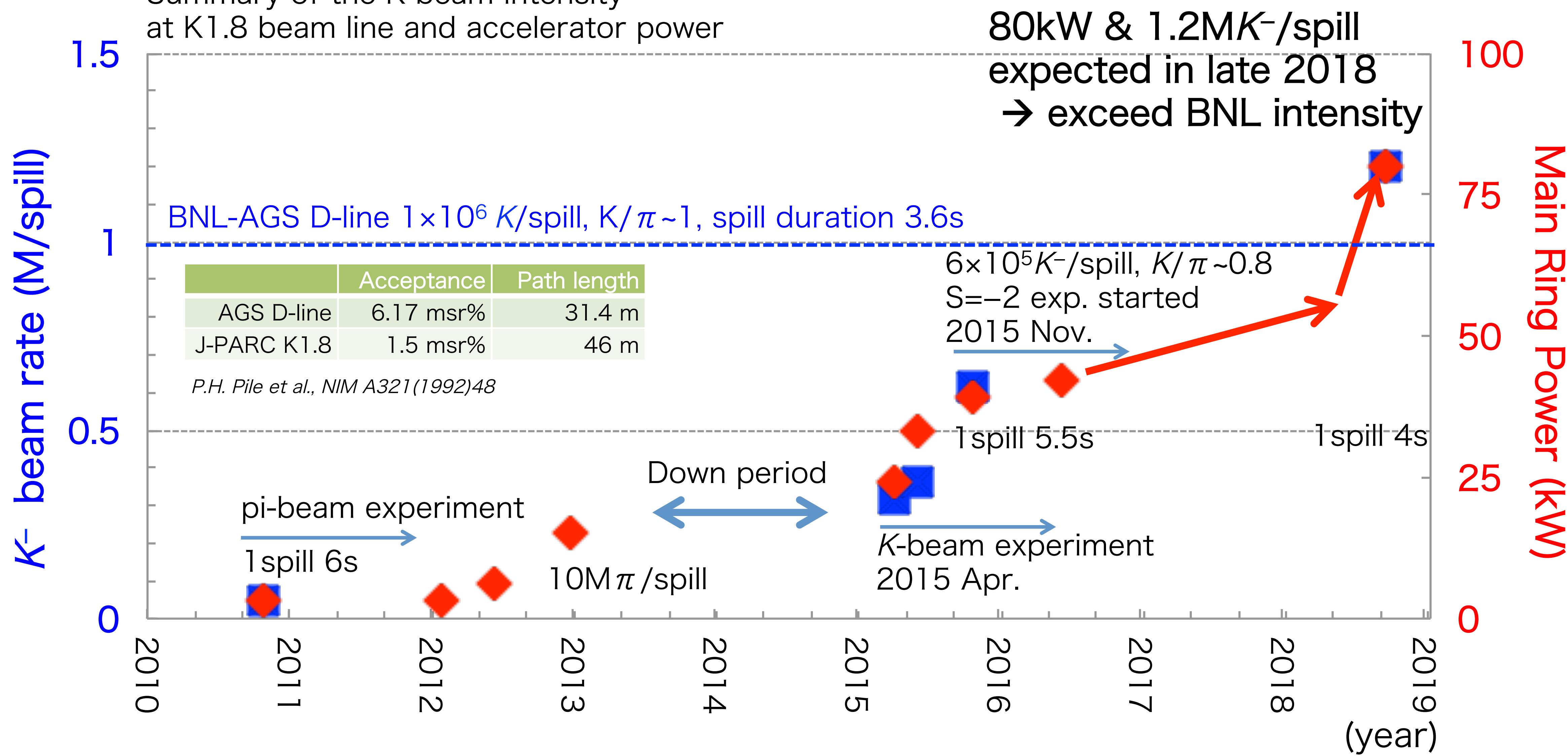
**Better resolution and  
more statistics  $\rightarrow$  J-PARC**

P. Khaustov et al., PRC 61 (2000) 054603

# Spectroscopy Experiment at J-PARC

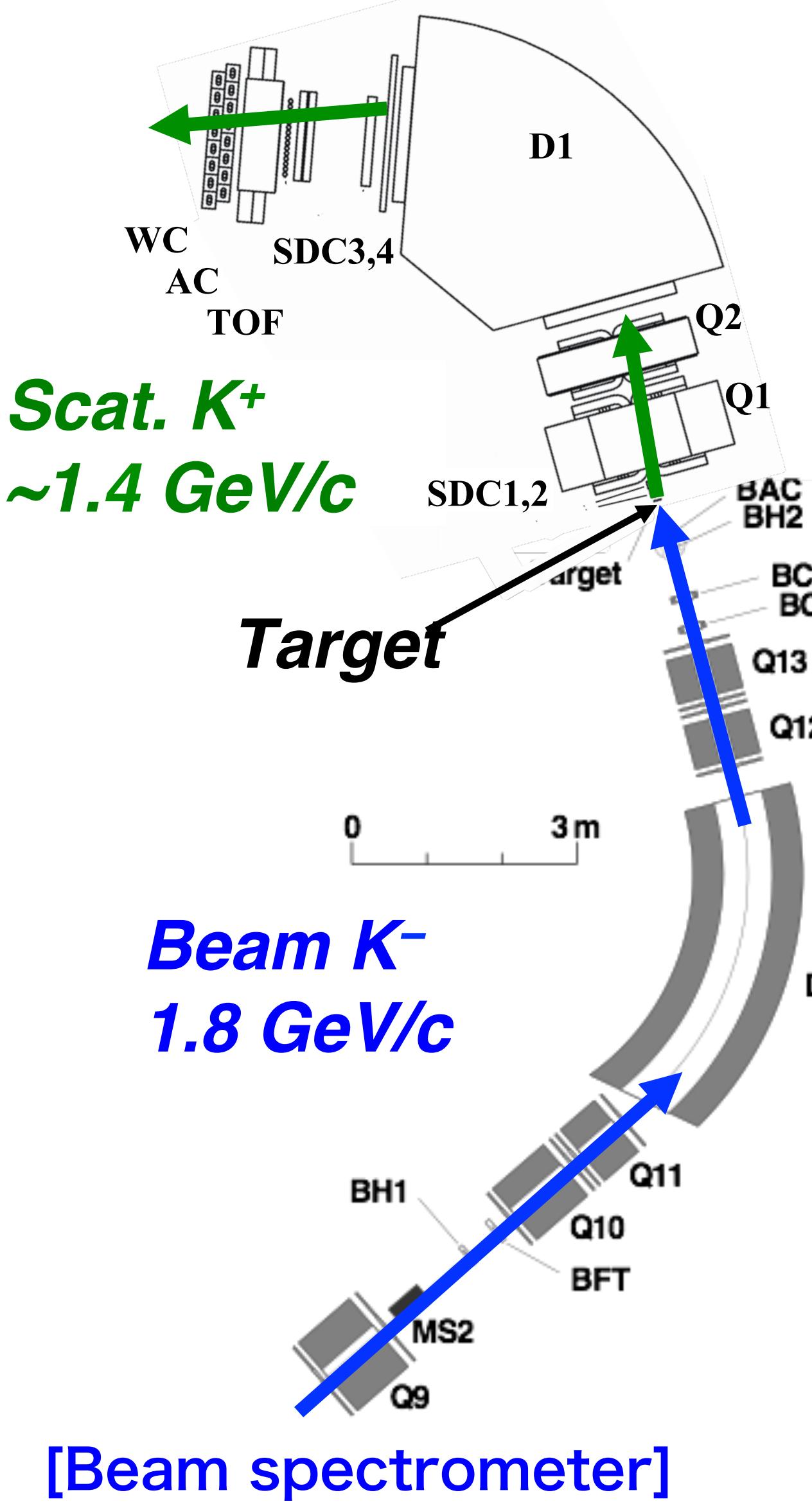
# Beam Intensity at J-PARC

Summary of the K beam intensity  
at K1.8 beam line and accelerator power



# J-PARC E05 experiment

[S-2S spectrometer]



Missing-mass spectroscopy of  $\Xi$ -hypernucleus via the  $^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)^{12}\Xi\text{Be}$  reaction (Nagae et al.)

- observe peaks of the bound state
  - much improved mass resolution of  $< 2 \text{ MeV}$
  - deduce the information of  $\Xi N$  potentials

Pilot measurement: Nov. 2015

- mass resolution  $\sim 7 \text{ MeV}$ , w/ existing SKS spectrometer
- beam:  $6 \times 10^5 K^-/\text{spill}$  (Acc. 39kW)  $K/\pi \sim 0.8$

Spectrometers

- $K^-$  : Beam spectrometer,  $d\mu/p < 1 \times 10^{-3}$ 
  - already working at K1.8BL
- $K^+$  : S-2S spectrometer,  $d\mu/p \ 6 \times 10^{-4}$ 
  - newly developed for  $(K^-, K^+)$  reaction spectroscopy
  - magnet construction completed in 2015

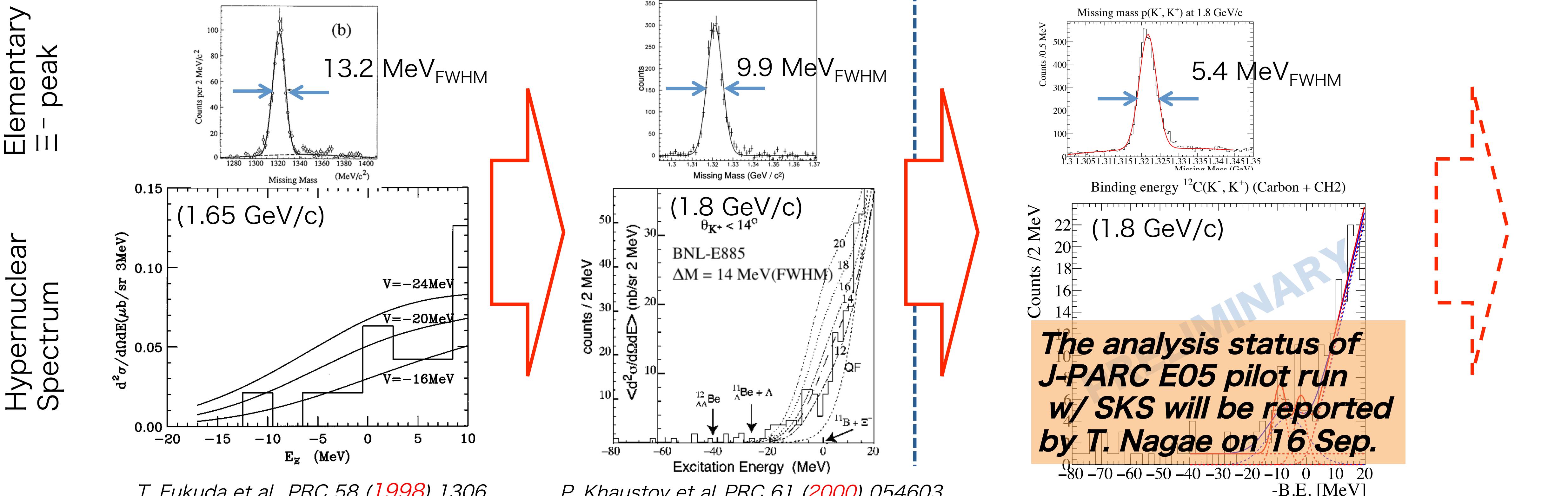
to be installed in 2018 → **high resolution**

Accelerator power: 80kW in 2018? → **enough statistics**

# Progress of Mass Resolution

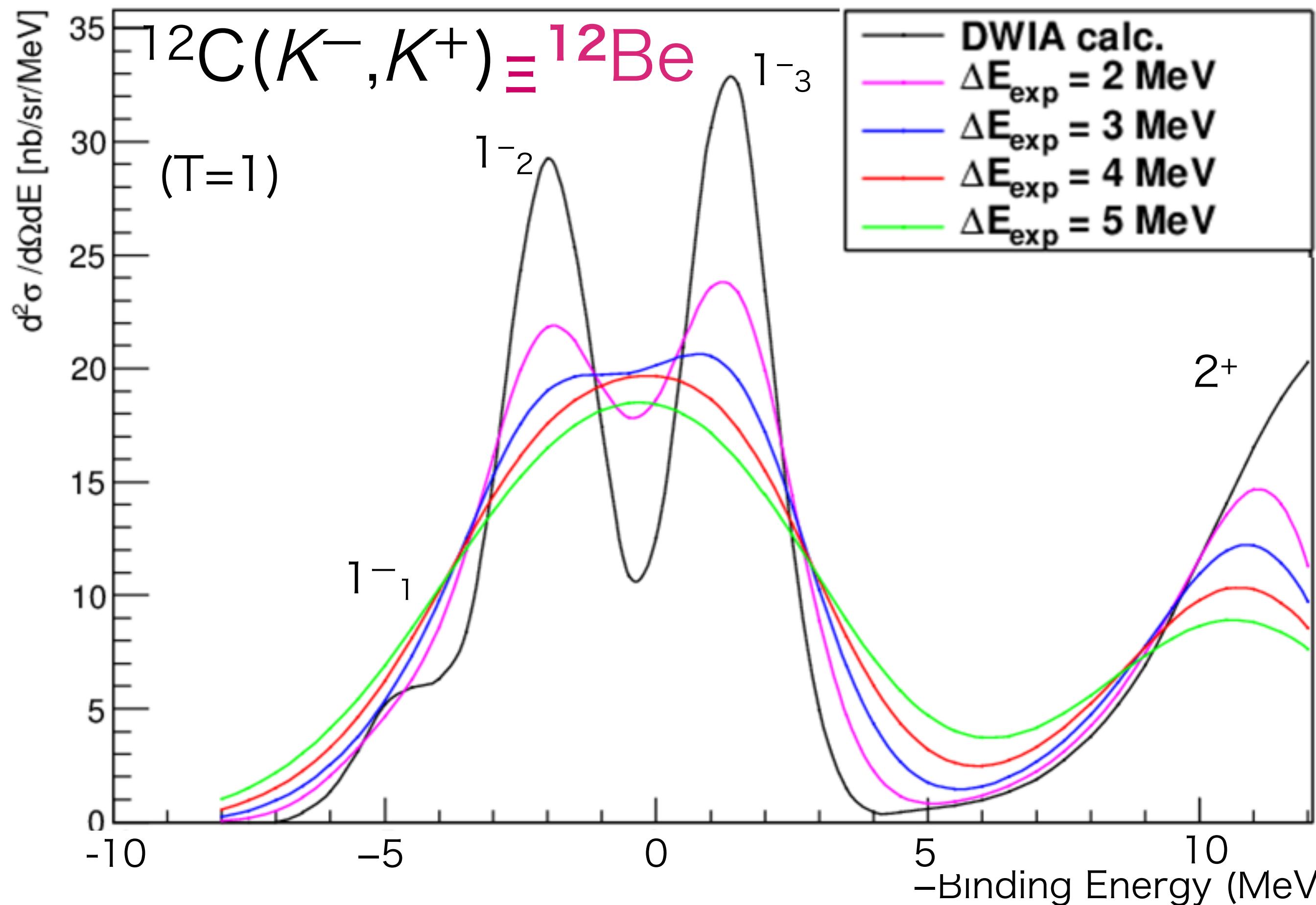
$^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)$ experiments	KEK-E224	BNL-E885	J-PARC E05 (pilot run w/ SKS)	J-PARC E05 (S-2S)
$\Delta\Omega(\text{msr})$	90	50	110	60
$\theta$ (deg)	<12	<14	<16	<8
$pK^+$ (GeV)	0.9 – 1.7	1.0 – ?	1.1 – 2.4	1.2 – 1.6
$\Delta M$ (MeV <sub>FWHM</sub> )	22	14	7	<2

First measurement optimized for MM spectroscopy



# Expected spectrum

- DWIA spectrum for ESC08a interaction
- Nuclear core excitations are taken into account.

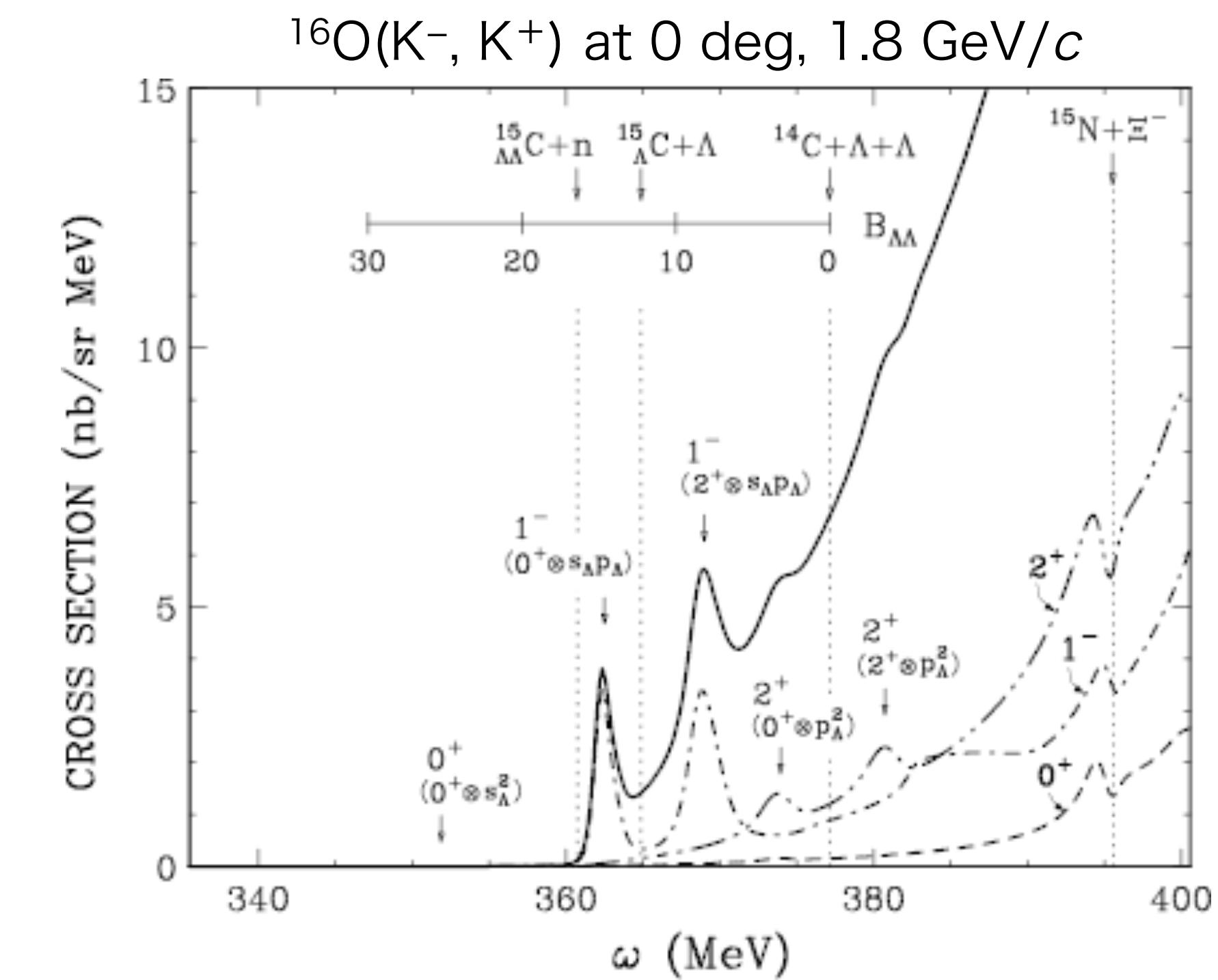


# Future Extension

Systematic studies on S=−2 hypernuclei

- Various targets
  - light:  ${}^7\text{Li} \rightarrow {}_{\Xi}{}^7\text{H}(\alpha nn\Xi)$ ,  ${}^{10}\text{B} \rightarrow {}_{\Xi}{}^{10}\text{Li}(\alpha \alpha n\Xi)$ 
    - spin-isospin dependence of  $\Xi N$  potential
  - heavy:  ${}^{89}\text{Y} \rightarrow {}_{\Xi}{}^{89}\text{Rb}$ , etc.
    - mass dependence
- Double  $\Lambda$ -hypernuclei
  - via  $\Xi$  doorway
  - sensitive to  $\Xi N - \Lambda \Lambda$  coupling strength
  - $d\sigma/d\Omega$  is expected to be several nb/sr
  - first measurements of excited states

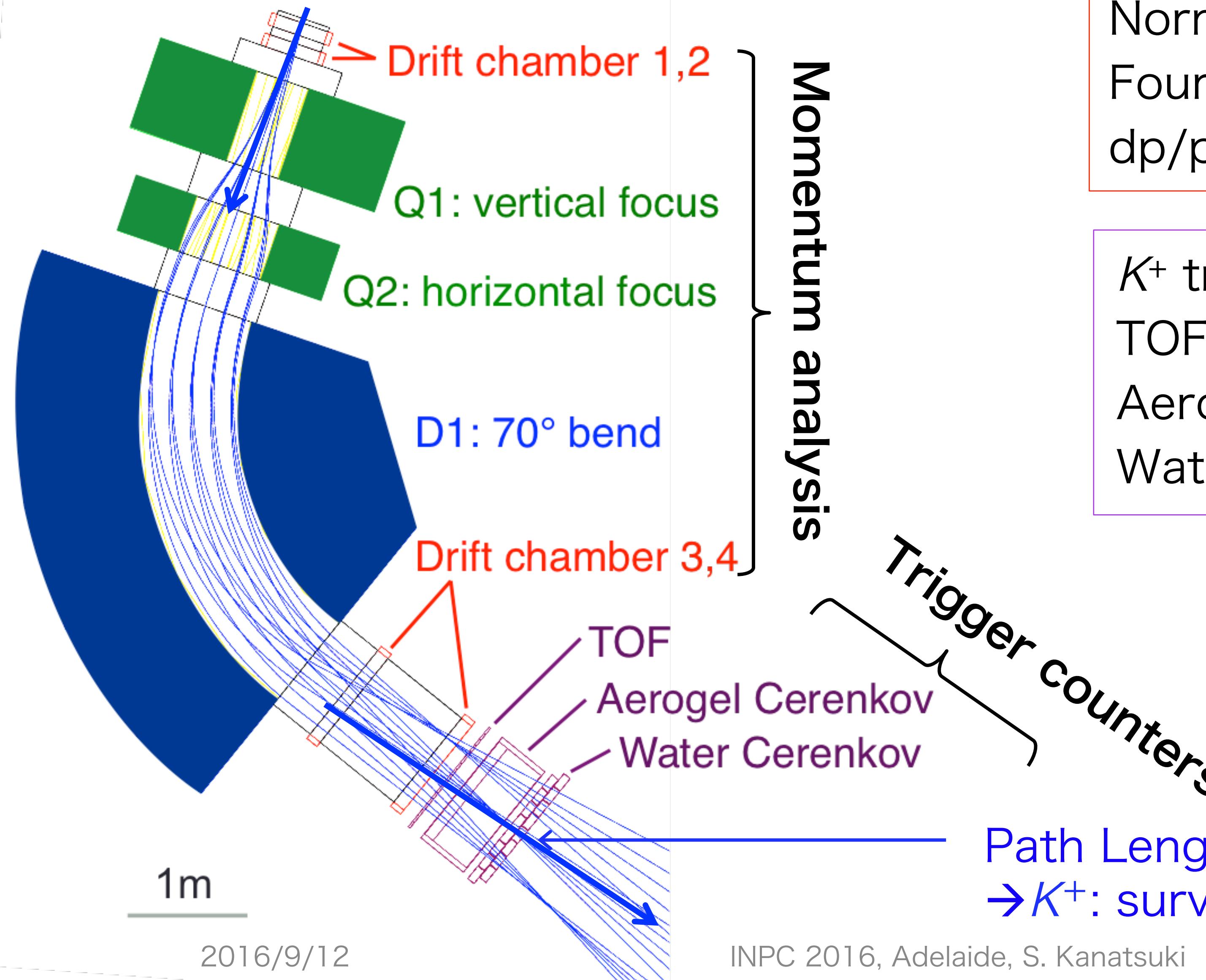
$$V_{\Xi N} = V_0 + \sigma \cdot \sigma V_{\sigma \cdot \sigma} + \tau \cdot \tau V_{\tau \cdot \tau} + (\sigma \cdot \sigma)(\tau \cdot \tau) V_{\sigma \cdot \sigma \tau \cdot \tau}$$



# S-2S spectrometer

# Configuration

**Scattered K<sup>+</sup>**

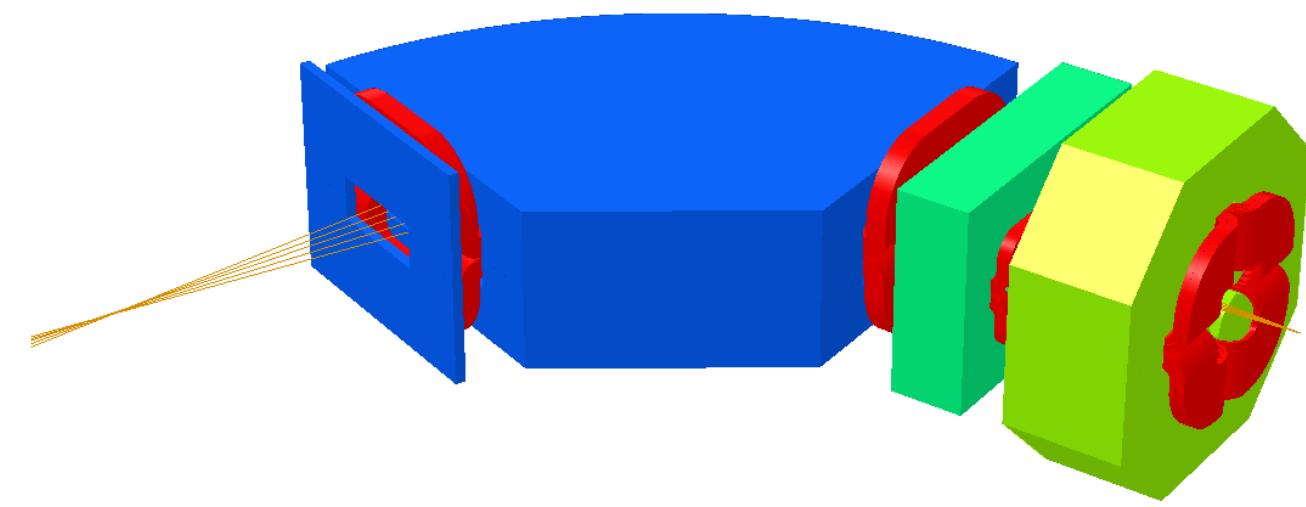


Normal conducting magnets  
Four sets of wire chambers  
 $d\mu/p \sim 6 \times 10^{-4}$  FWHM,  $\Delta\Omega$  60 msr

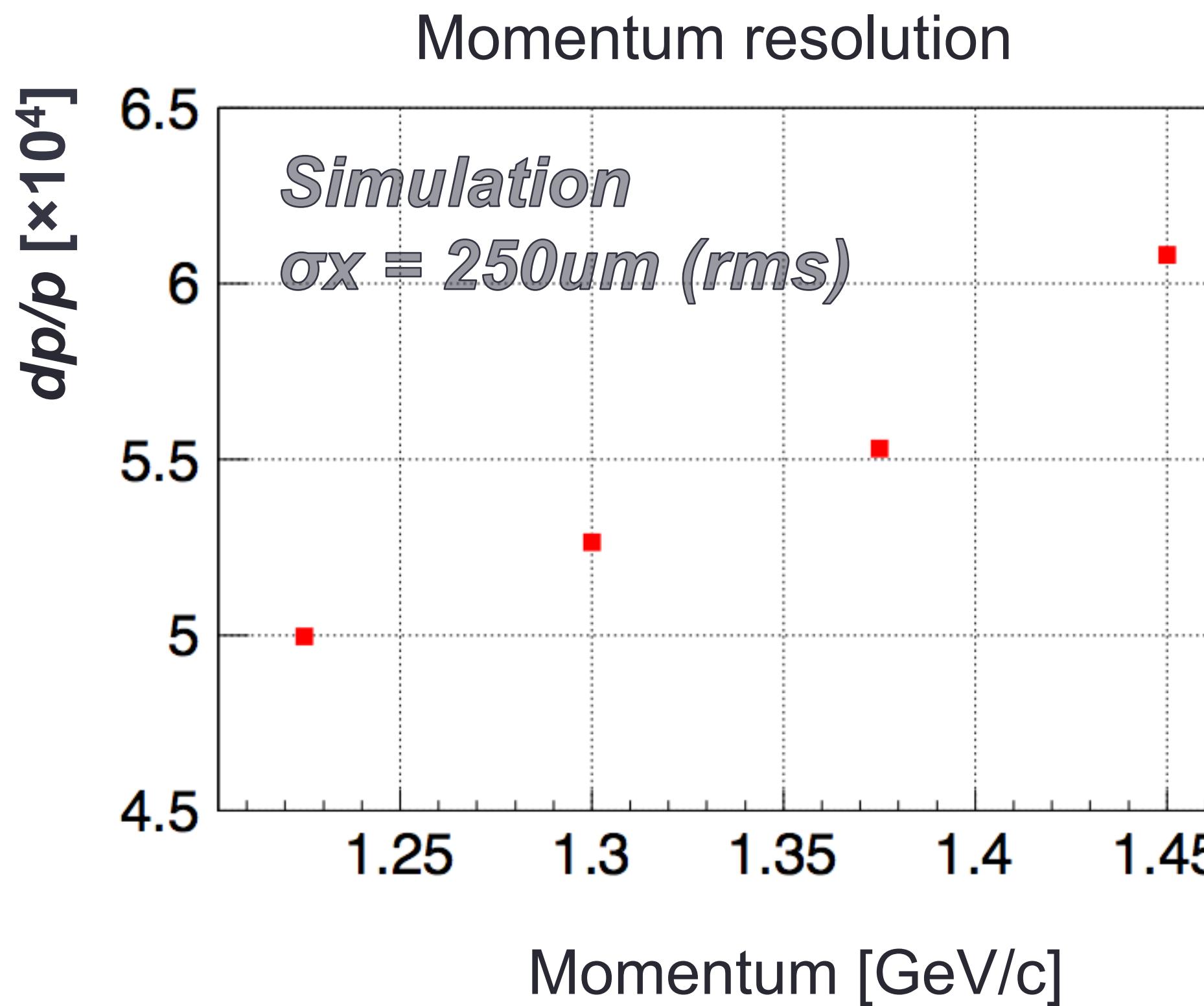
K<sup>+</sup> trigger = TOF  $\wedge$   $\overline{AC} \wedge WC$   
TOF: off-line particle identification  
Aerogel:  $n=1.06 \rightarrow$  Pion veto  
Water:  $n=1.33 \rightarrow$  Proton veto

Beam =  $10^6 K^-$   
•  $\pi^+, p : 1000$   
• K<sup>+</sup> : 1

# Performance Estimation

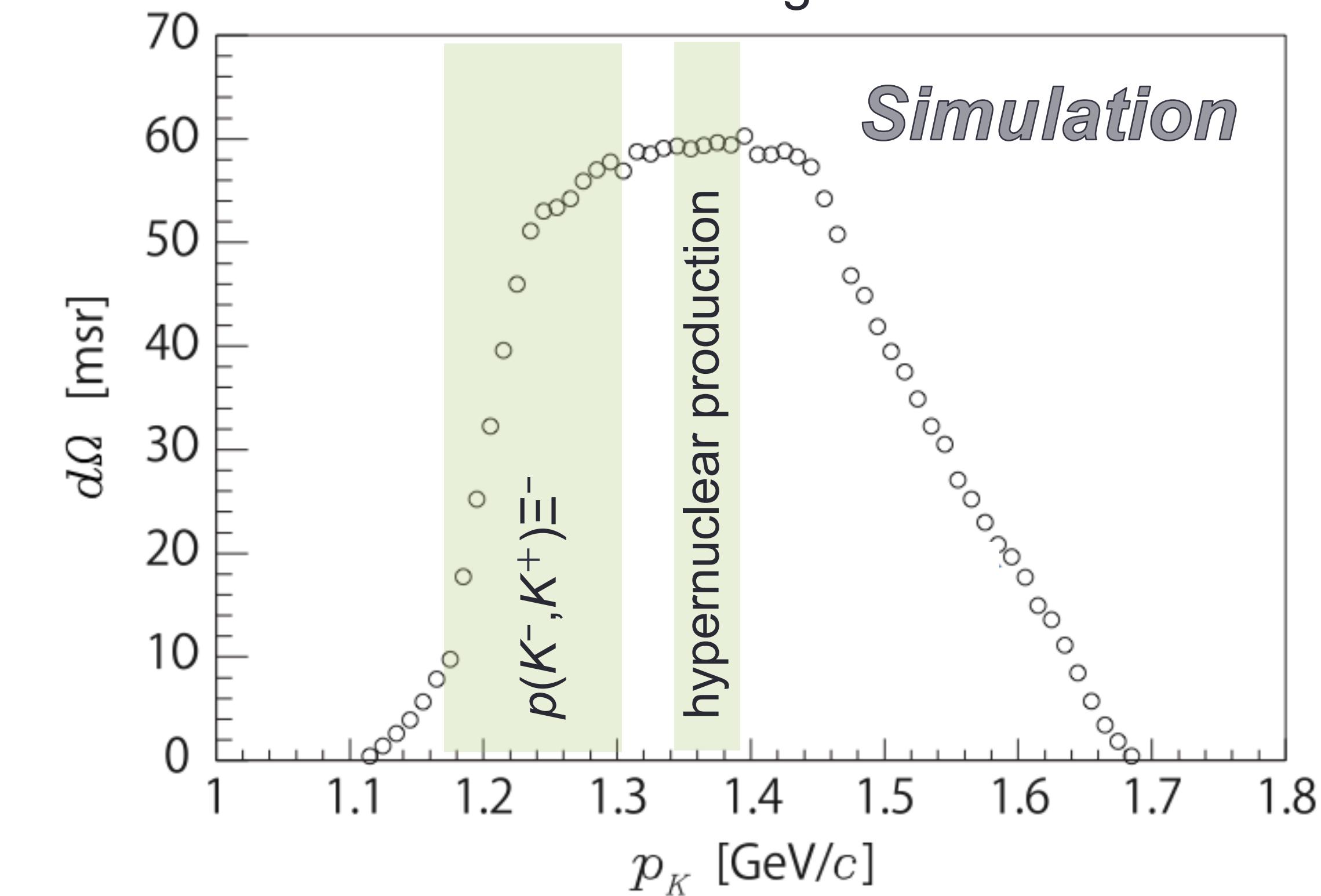


$dp/p \sim 6 \times 10^{-4}$  (FWHM)



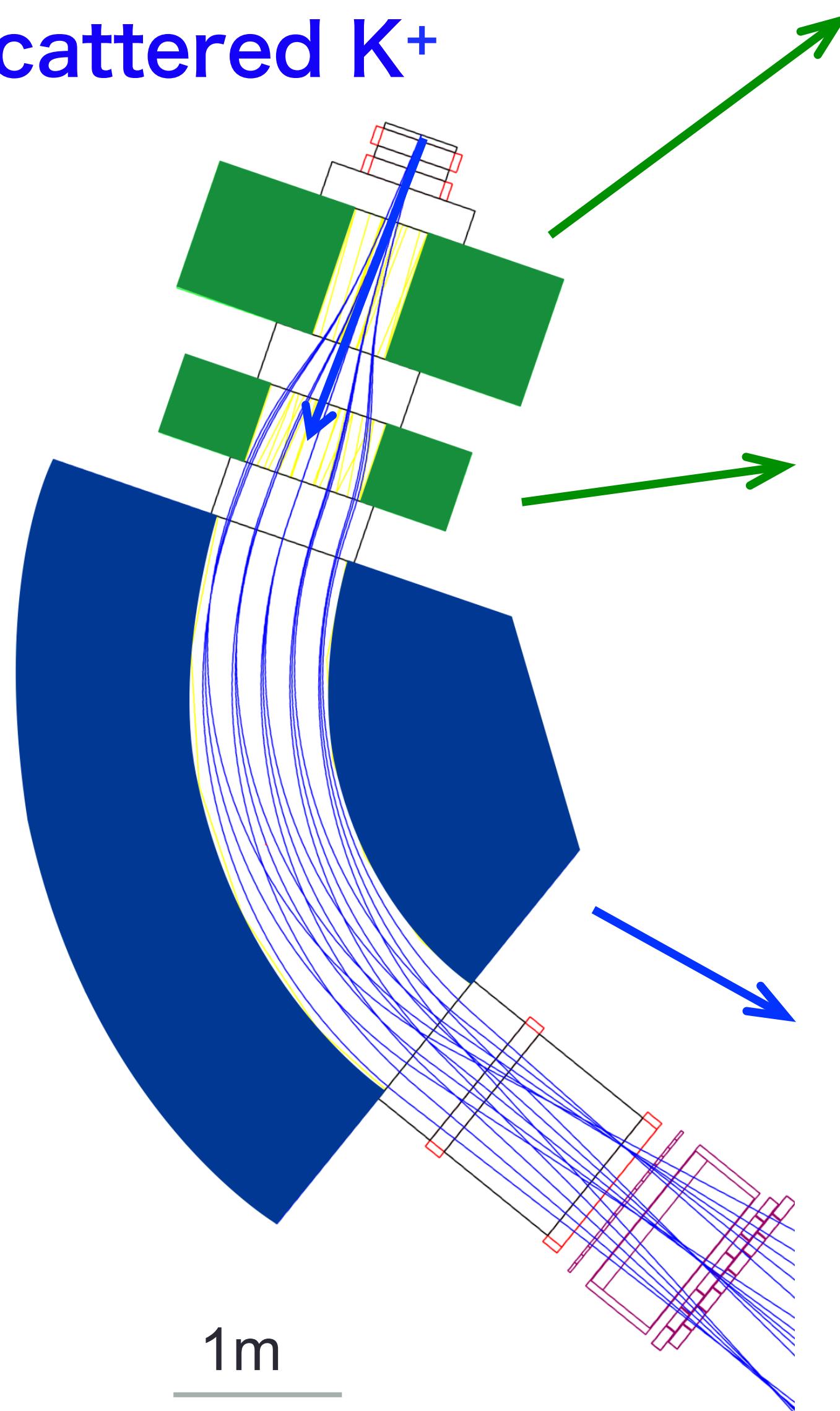
$d\Omega \sim 60 \text{ msr}$

Solid Angle



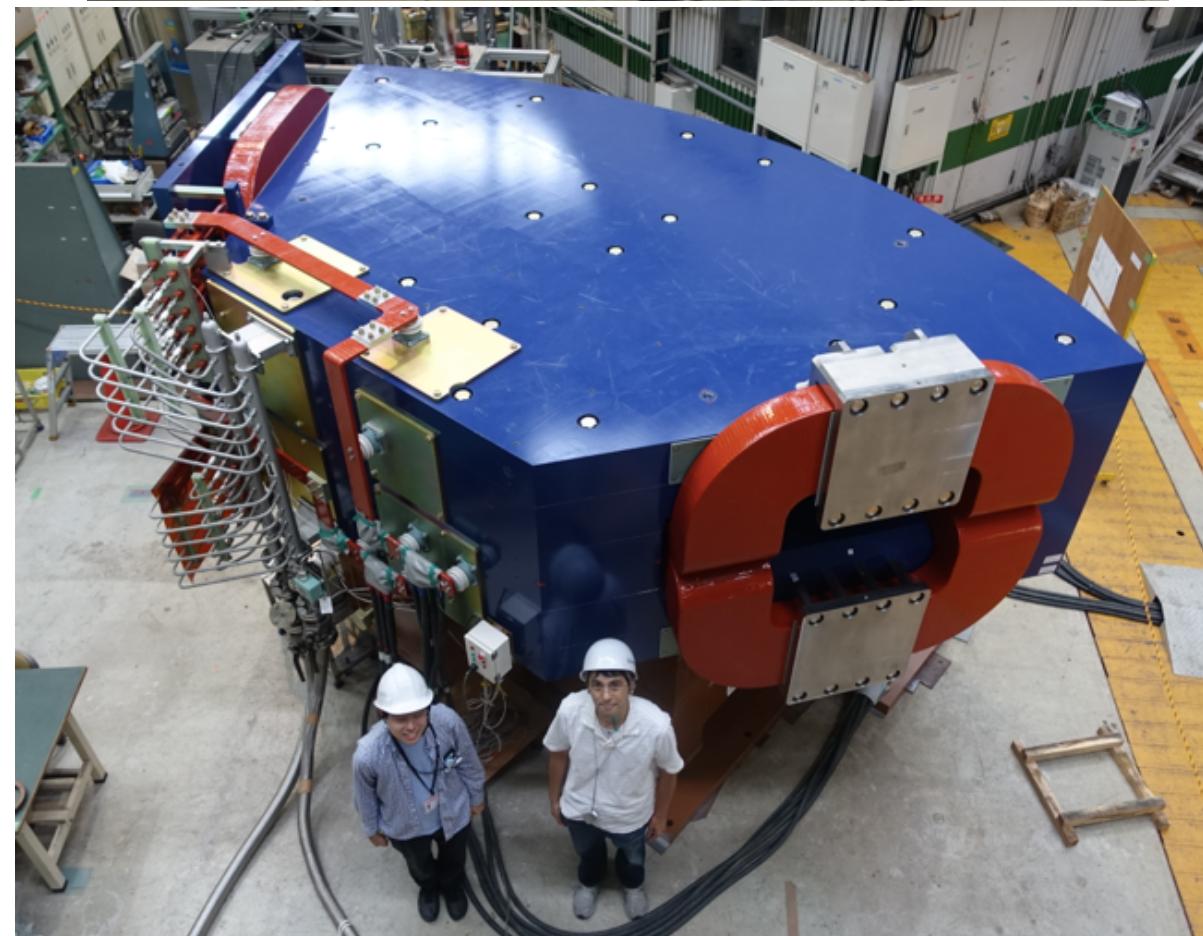
# Magnets

Scattered K<sup>+</sup>



2016/9/12

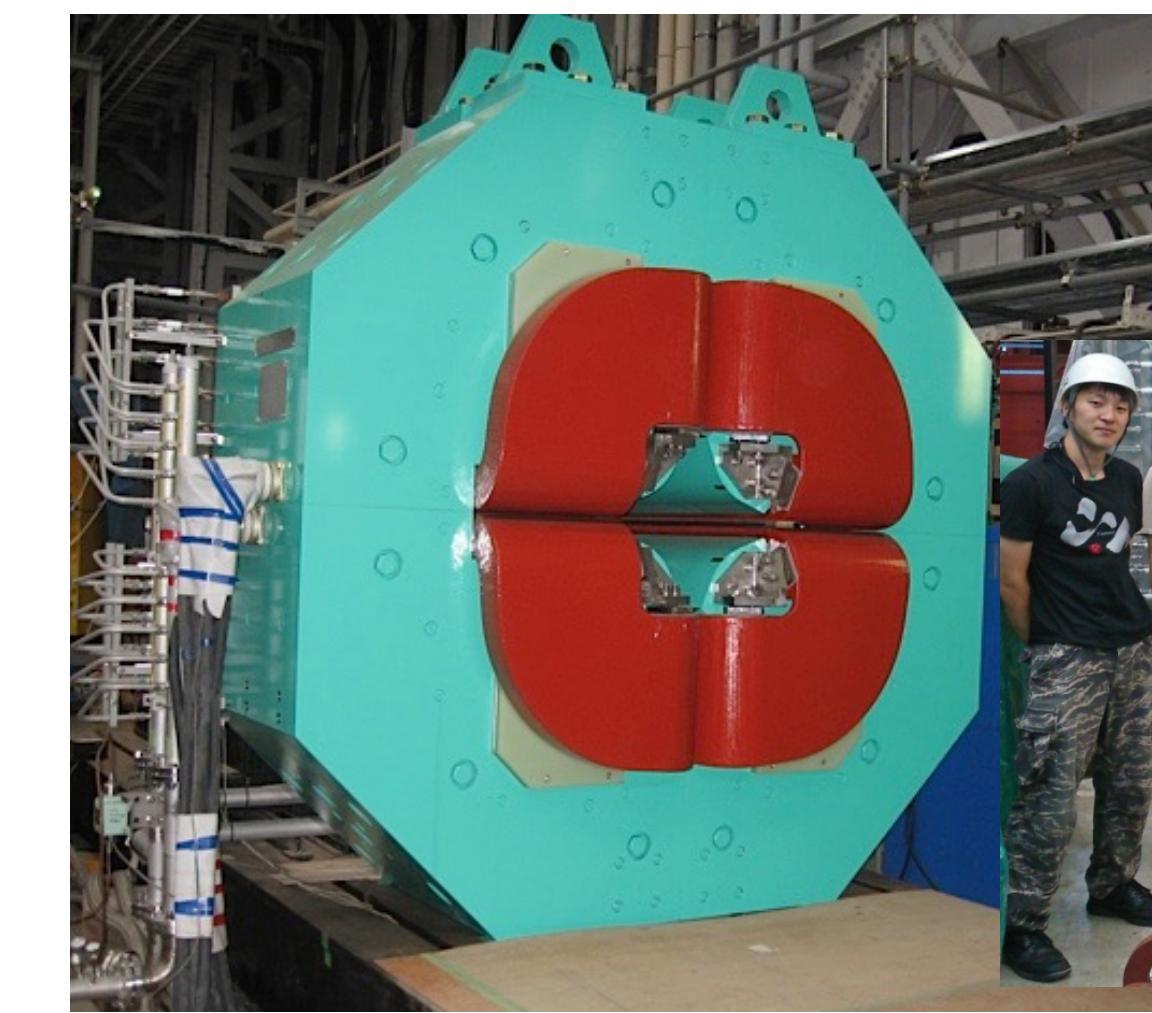
- Q1 (vertical focus)
  - 8.7 T/m
  - aperture 31 cm
  - 37 ton
  - $2.4 \times 2.4 \times 0.88 \text{ m}^3$
- Q2 (horizontal focus)
  - 5.0 T/m
  - aperture 36 cm
  - 12 ton
  - $2.1 \times 1.54 \times 0.5 \text{ m}^3$
  - renewal one with modification of poles and coils
- D1
  - 1.5 T (70° bend @ 1.37GeV/c)
  - pole gap 32×80 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - 86 ton
  - central trajectory 3.7 m



2015 May



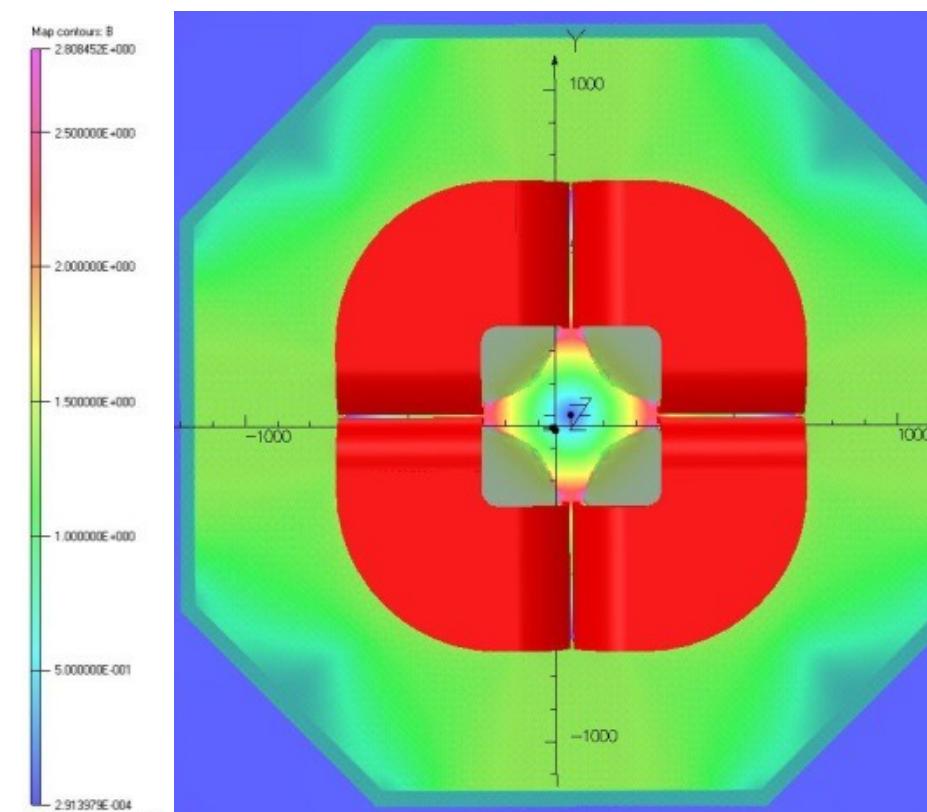
2014 Mar



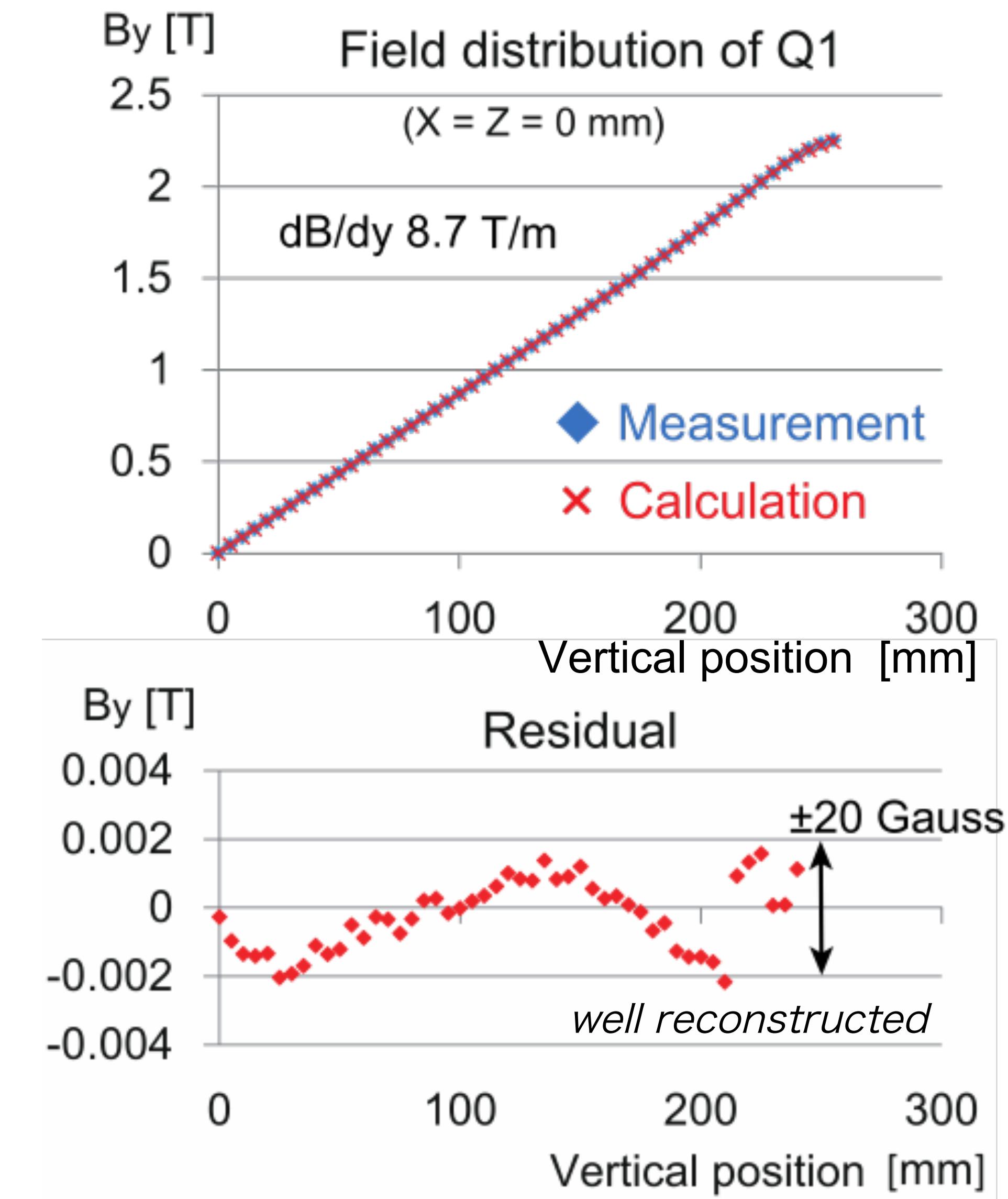
2013 Mar

# Q1, Q2 magnet

- Field Measurement
  - with Hall probe
  - field gradient
    - Q1: 8.7 T/m, Q2: 5.0 T/m
  - enough to achieve large acceptance
- Field Calculation
  - 3D electromagnetic field calculation software Opera-3d/TOSCA

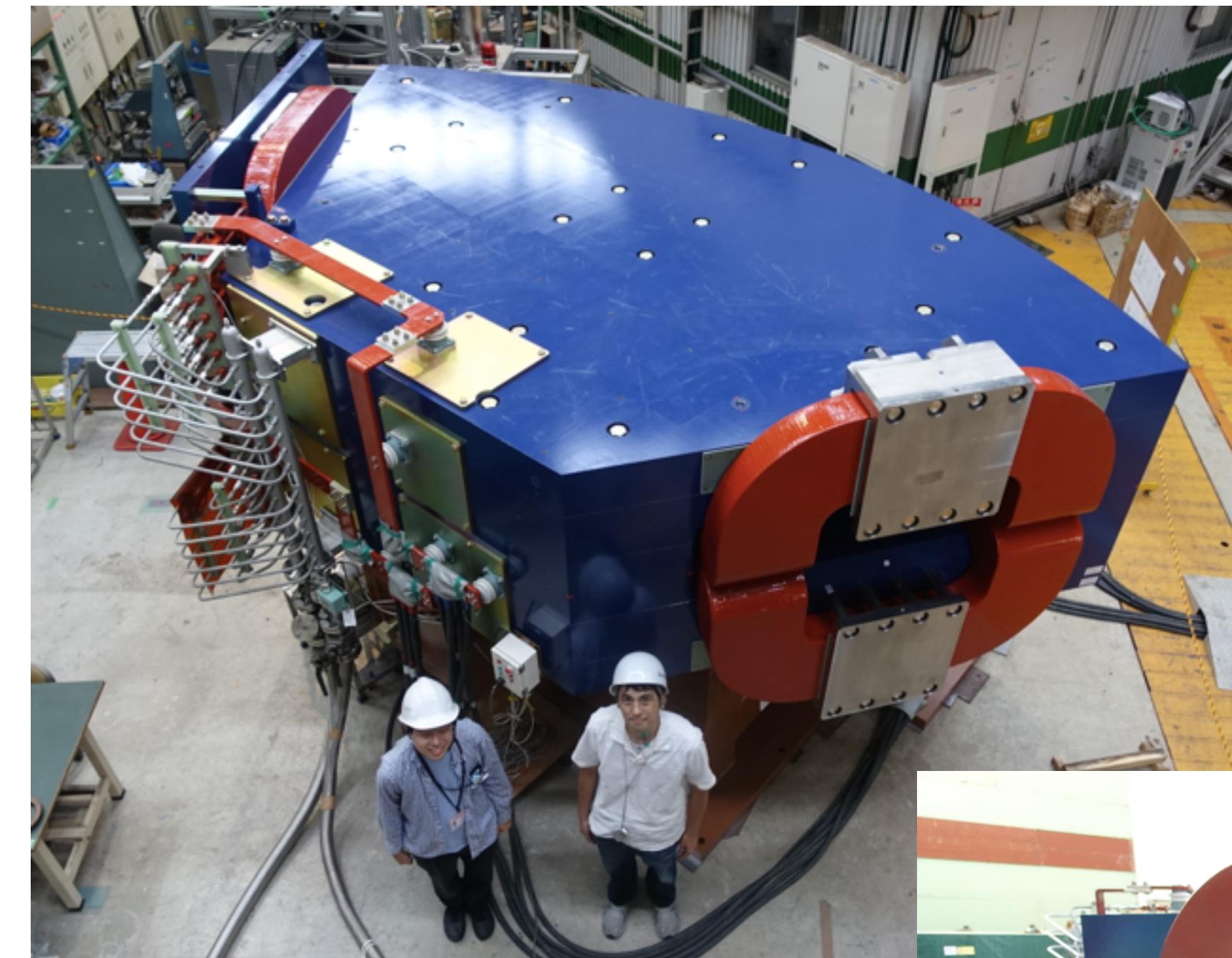
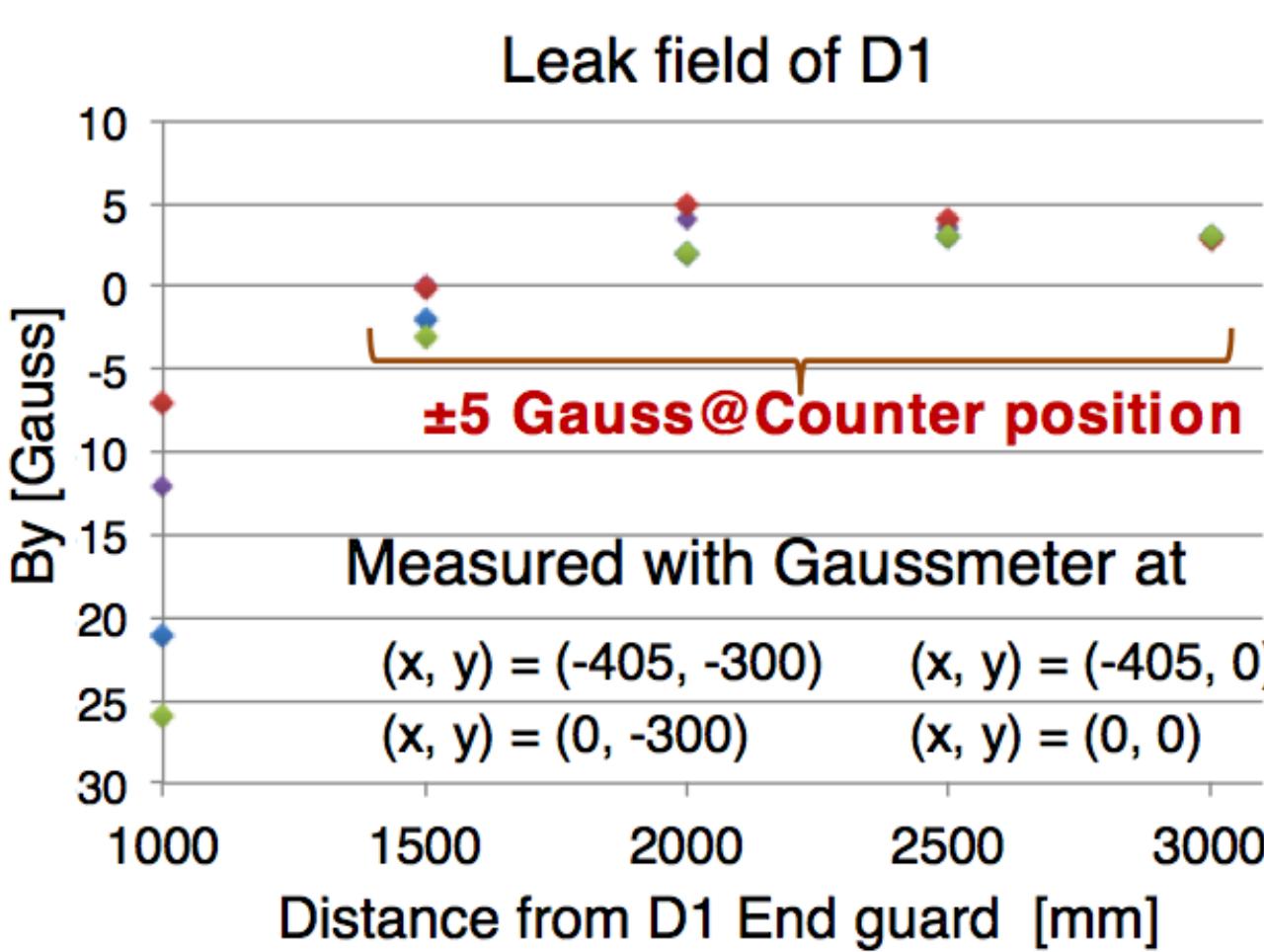
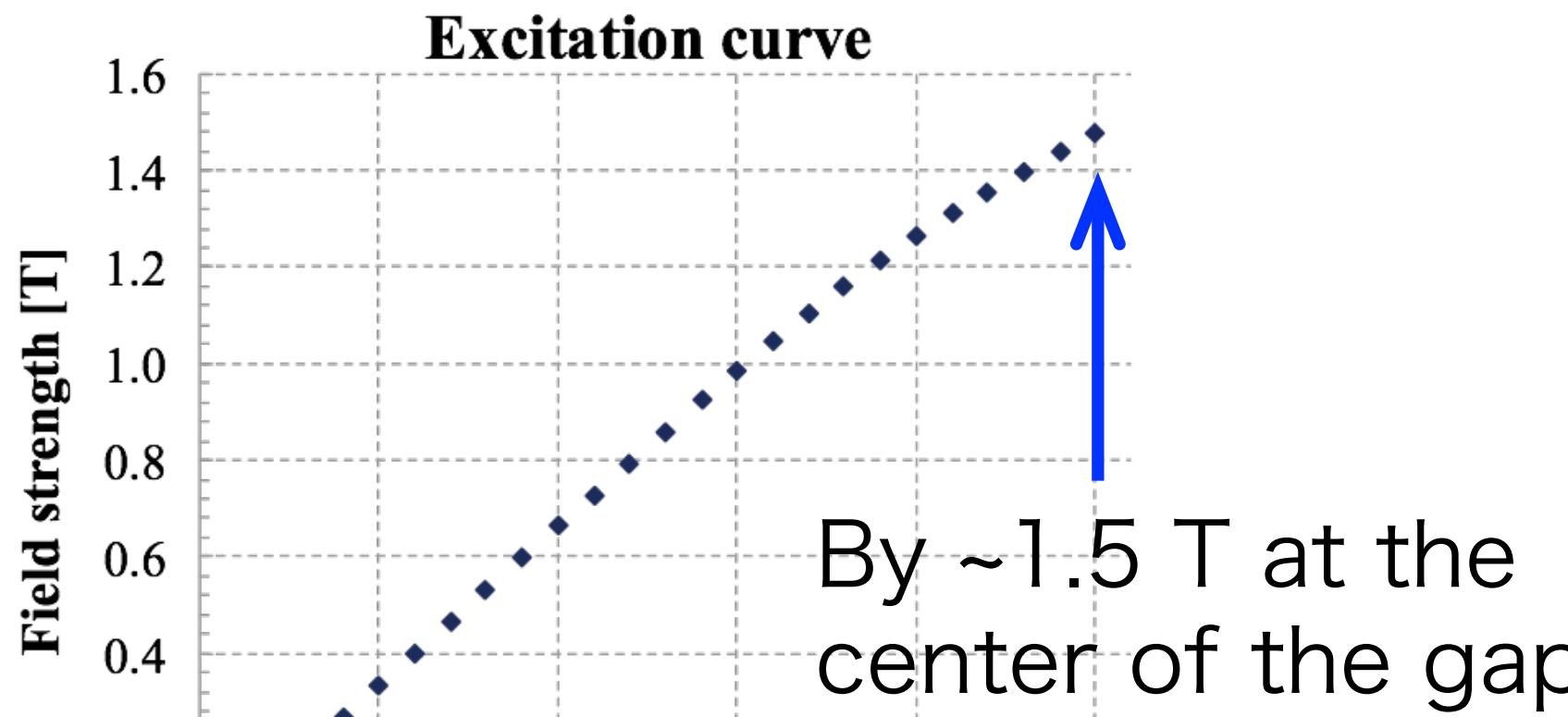


**opera**  
simulation software

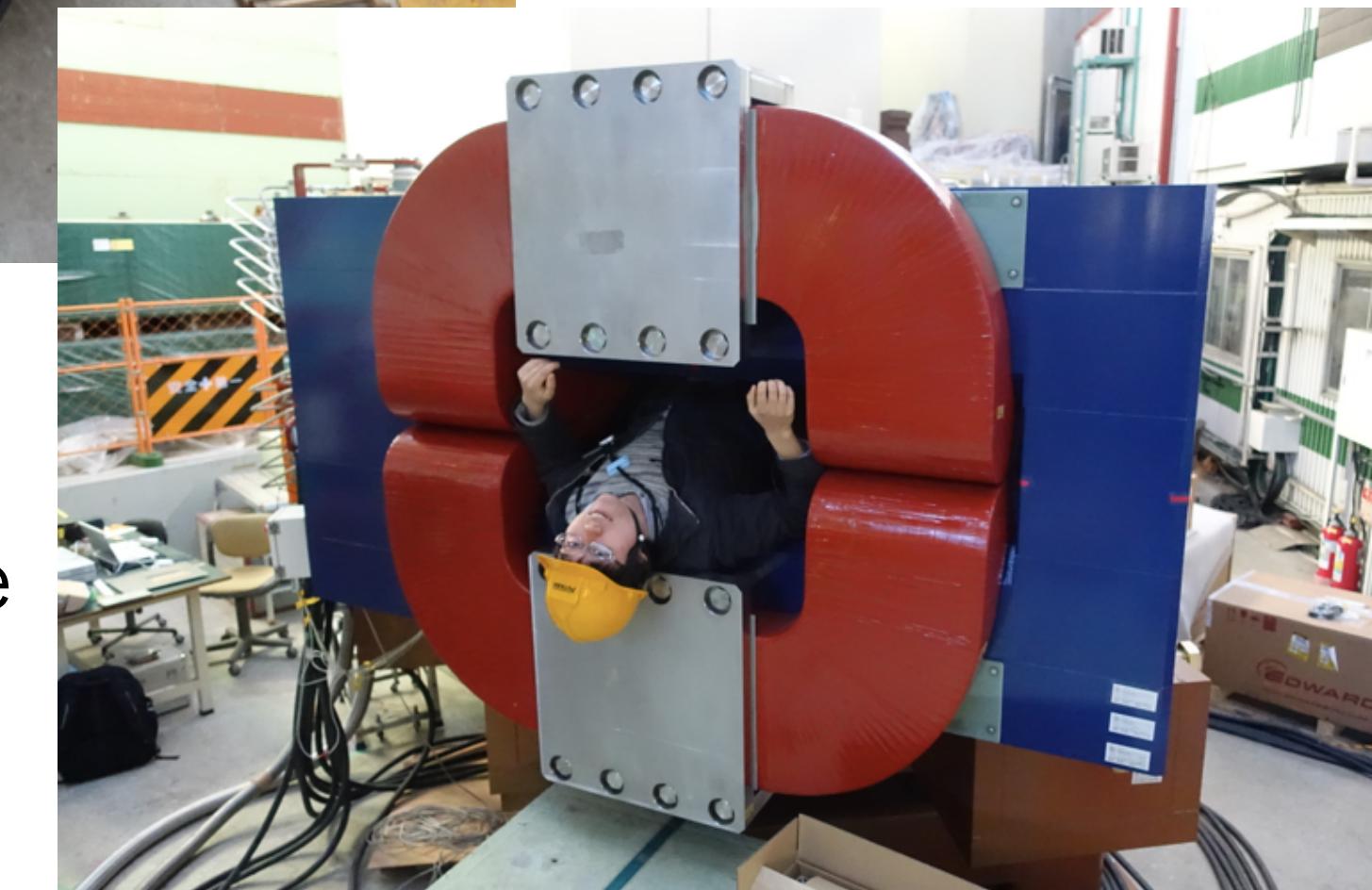


# D1 magnet

- Field Measurement
  - Excitation curve is measured by using NMR



- Field distribution
  - will be measured by using Hall probe
  - study is ongoing at KEK
- Leak field
  - measured by using gaussmeter : ~5 Gauss
  - active cancellation of leak field by using a bucking coil for PMT on the trigger counters



# Summary

- $\Xi$  hypernuclei
  - the last piece of baryon-baryon interaction in  $SU_f(3)$
  - $\Xi$  in neutron star?
- J-PARC E05 experiment
  - missing-mass spectroscopy via the  $^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)^{12}\Xi\text{Be}$  reaction
  - with a new magnetic spectrometer S-2S
    - magnets and detectors are almost completed
    - to be installed in J-PARC in 2018 → E05 Run starts !
  - mass resolution of <2 MeV and  $d\Omega \sim 60$  msr → 250 events in 20 days
- Systematic study of  $S=-2$  hypernuclei
  - high-resolution measurement of  $\Xi$ - &  $\Lambda\Lambda$ -hypernuclei with intense  $K^-$  beam
  - so far, only confirmation of the existence of bound states  
→ investigation of the details of the  $\Xi N$ ,  $\Lambda\Lambda$  interaction

# Backup

# Interaction Model Dependence

T. Motoba, S. Sugimoto / Nuclear Physics A 835 (2010) 223–230

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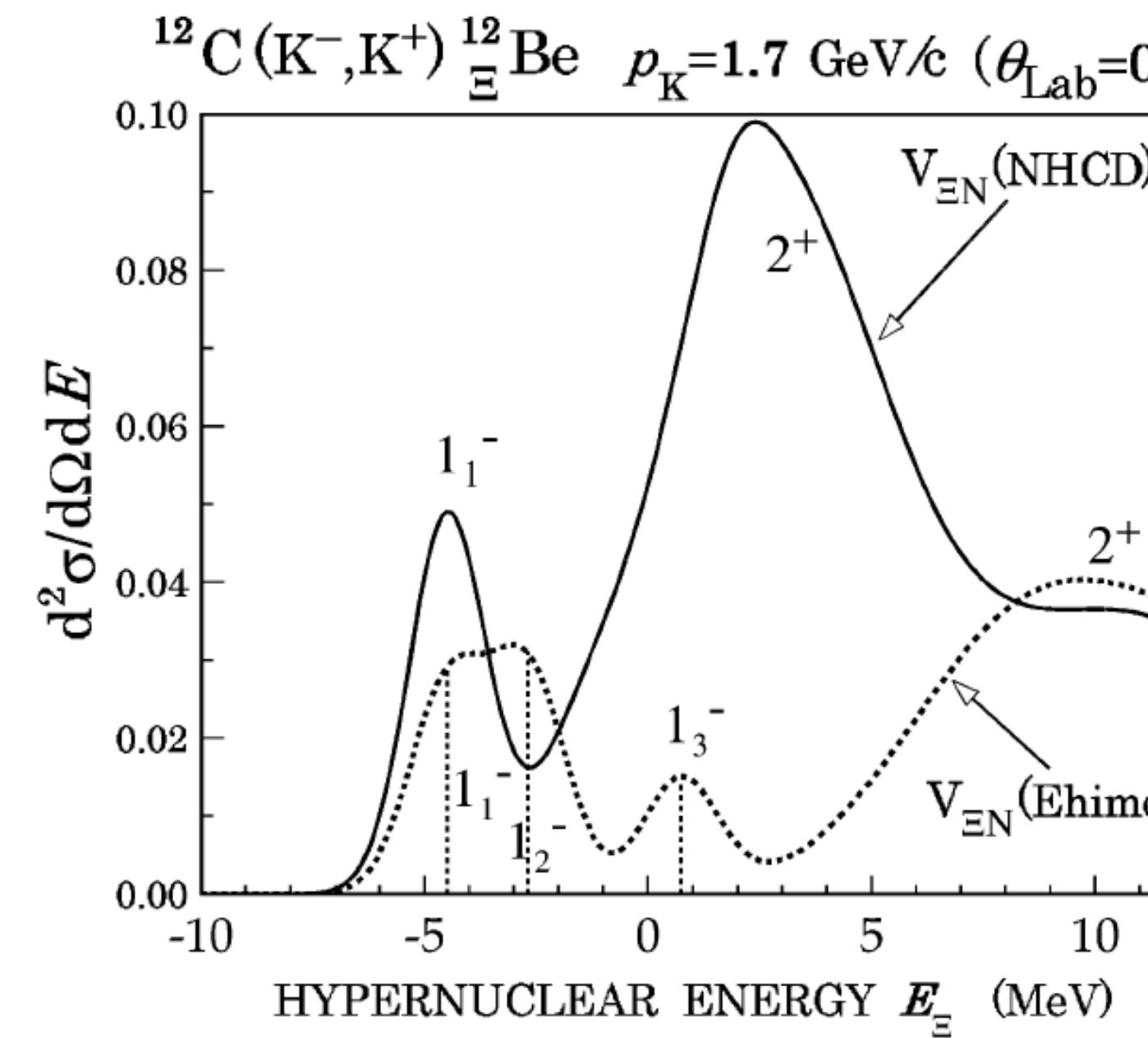


Figure 6: DWIA spectra with NHC-D and Ehime.

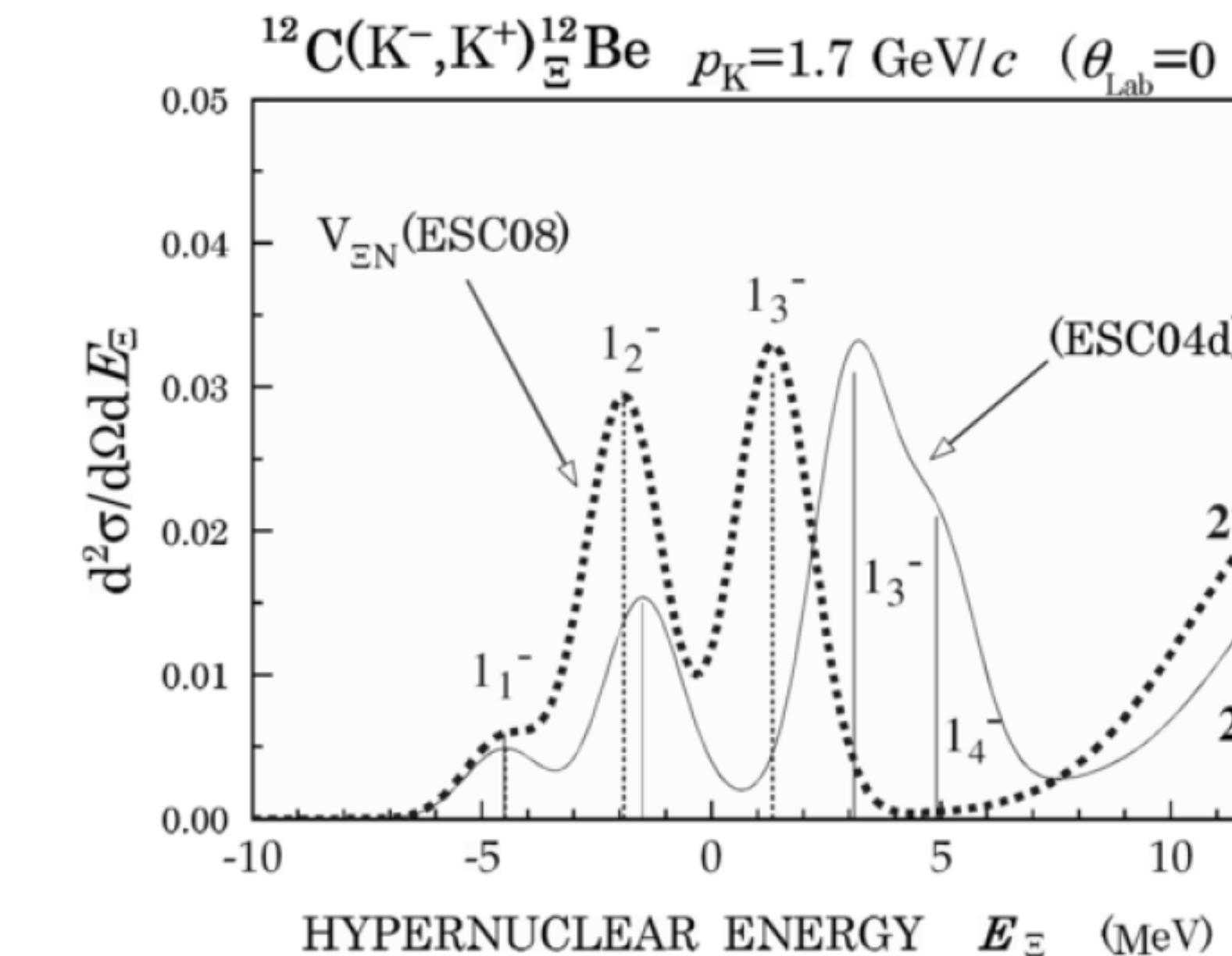
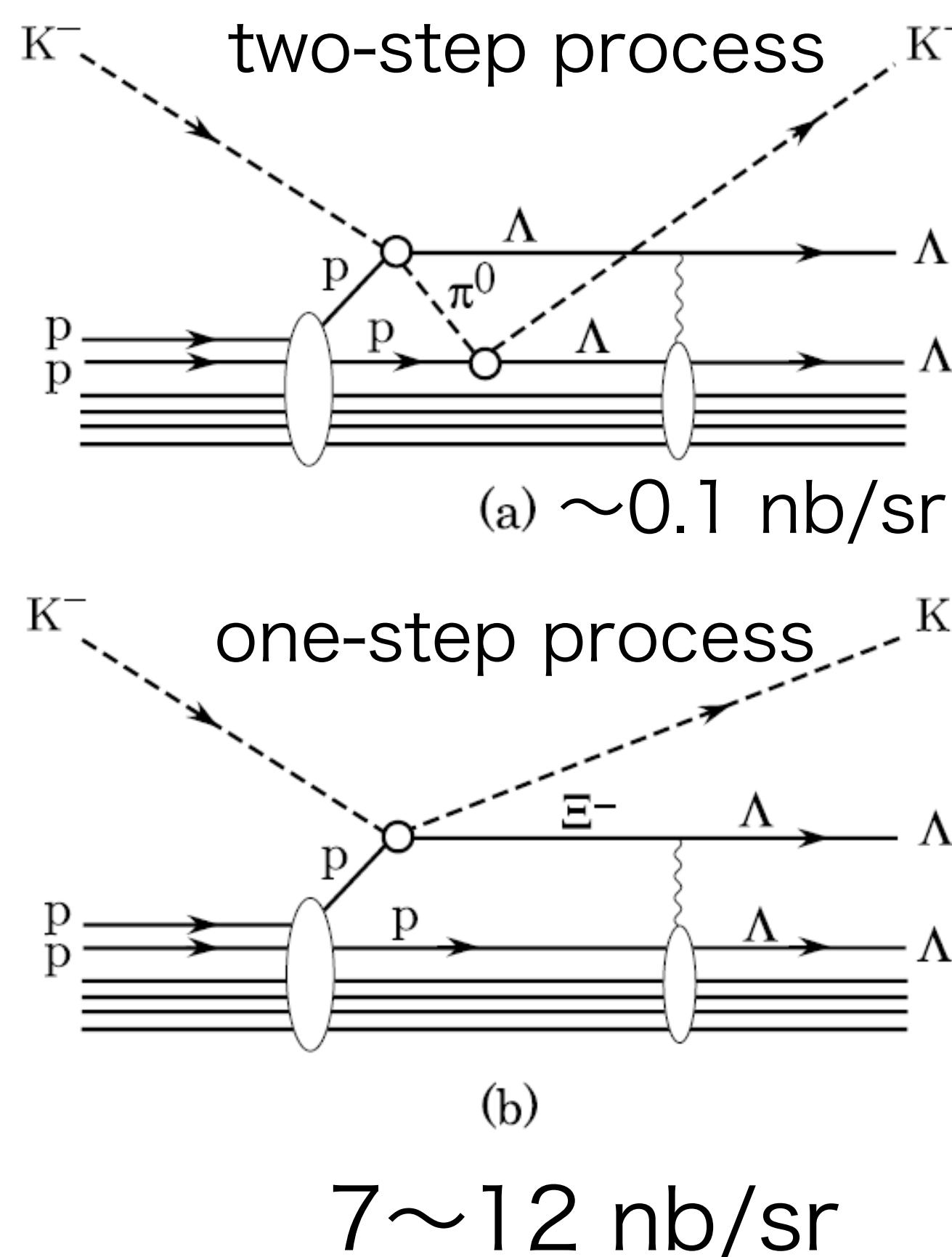


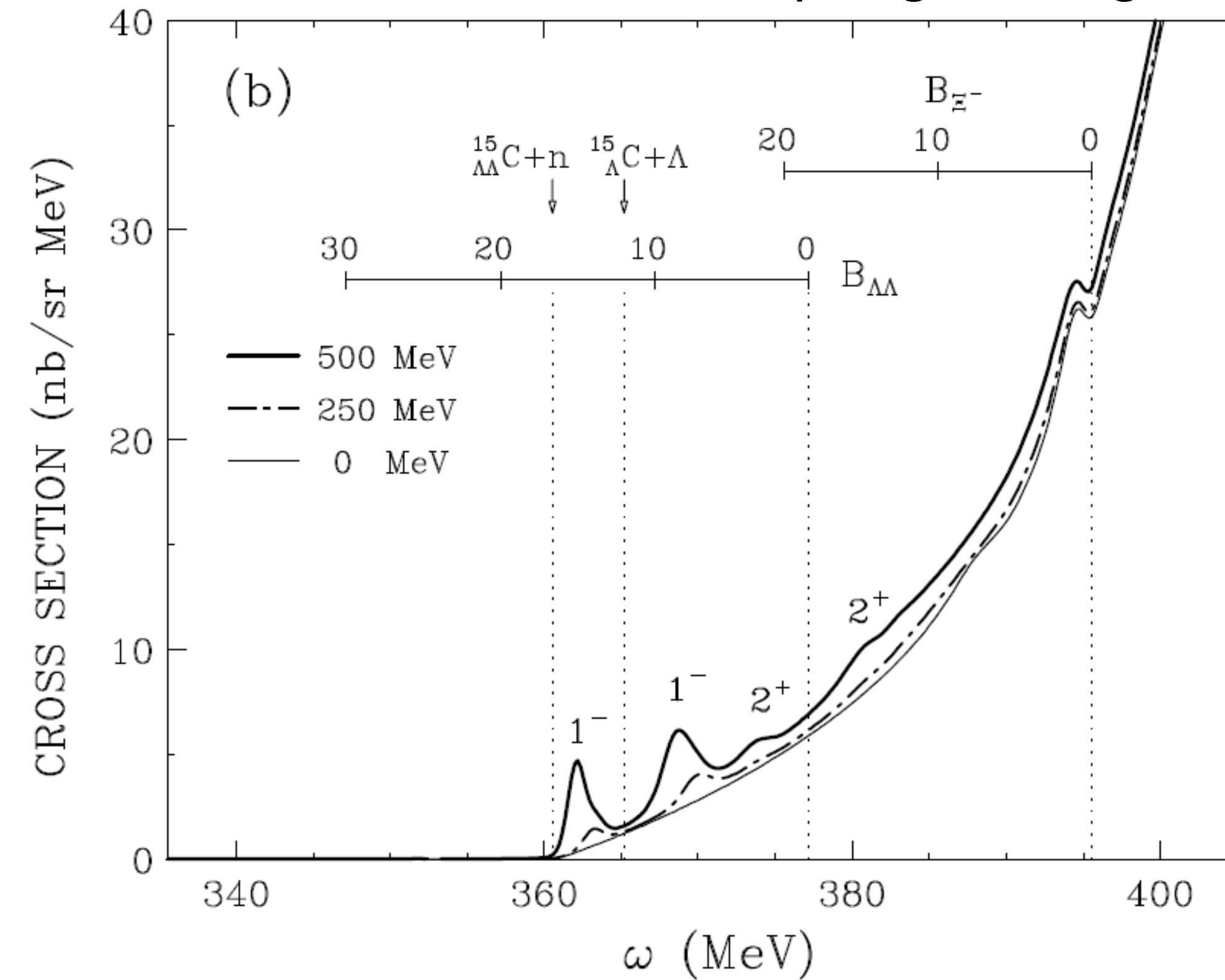
Figure 7: DWIA spectra with ESC04d and ESC08a.

The shapes of spectra depend on the properties of spin-dependent term of interaction models

# Double $\Lambda$ hypernuclei



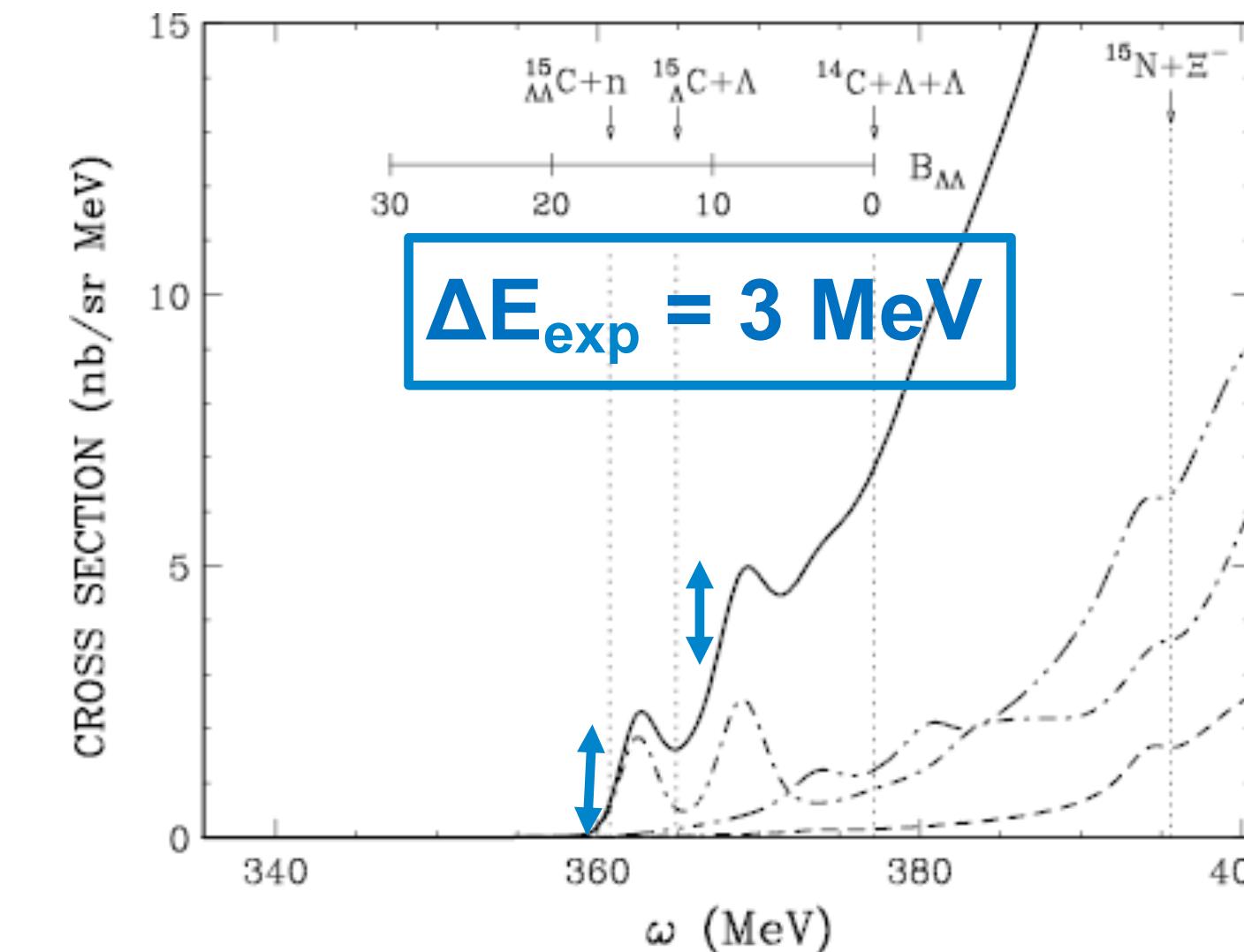
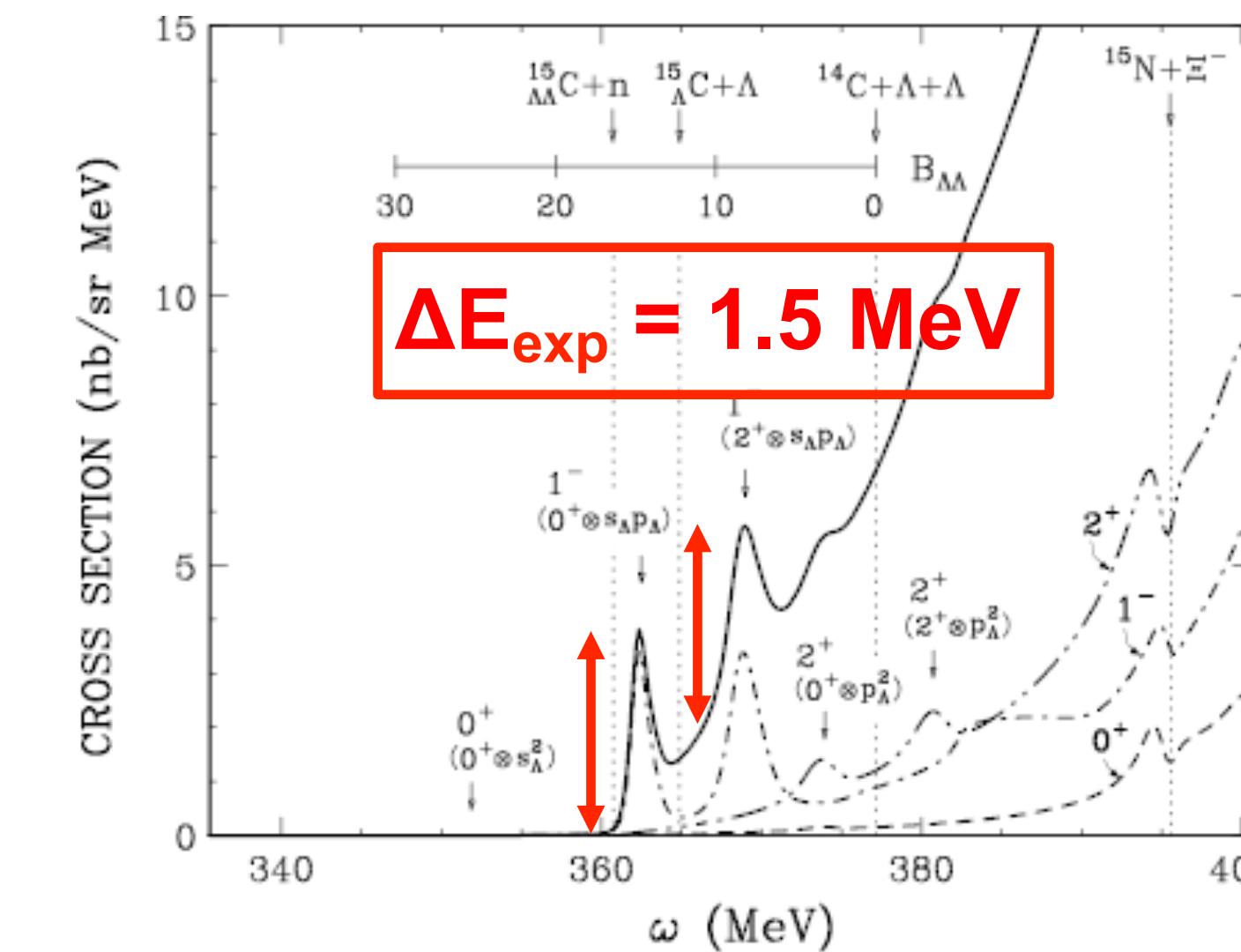
Sensitive to  $\Xi N - \Lambda \Lambda$  coupling strength



T. Harada et al., Phys. Lett. B 690, 363 (2010)

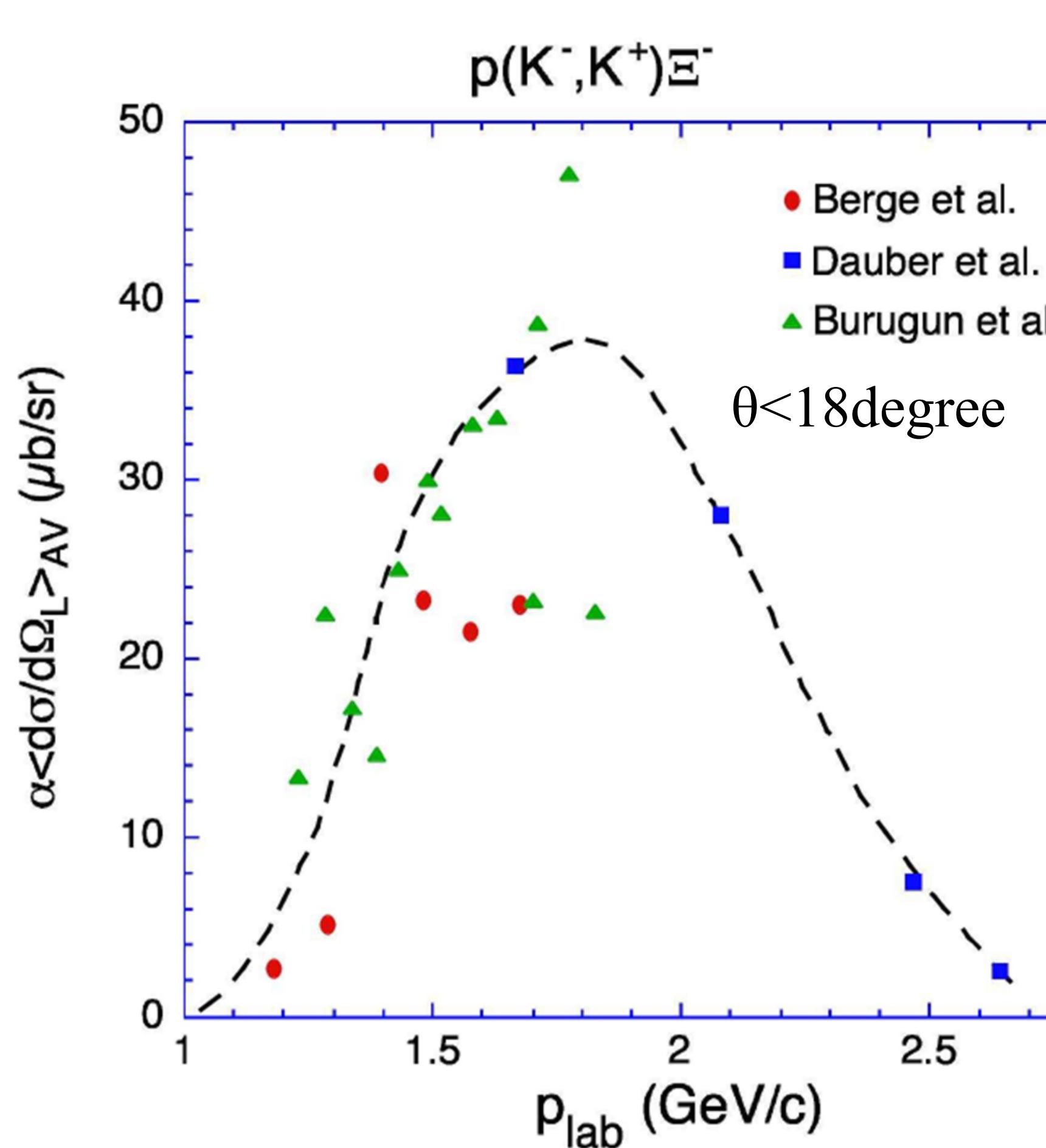
# Double $\Lambda$ hypernuclei

- $^{16}\text{O} (\text{K}^-, \text{K}^+) \Lambda\Lambda^{16}\text{C}$
- $[^{15}\text{N}(1/2^-, 3/2^-) \times s_{\Xi}]_{1^-} \rightarrow [^{14}\text{C}(0^+, 2^+)] \times s_{\Lambda} p_{\Lambda}]_{1^-}$
- $[^{15}\text{N}(1/2^-, 3/2^-) \times p_{\Xi}]_{2^+} \rightarrow [^{14}\text{C}(0^+, 2^+)] \times p_{\Lambda}^2]_{2^+}$

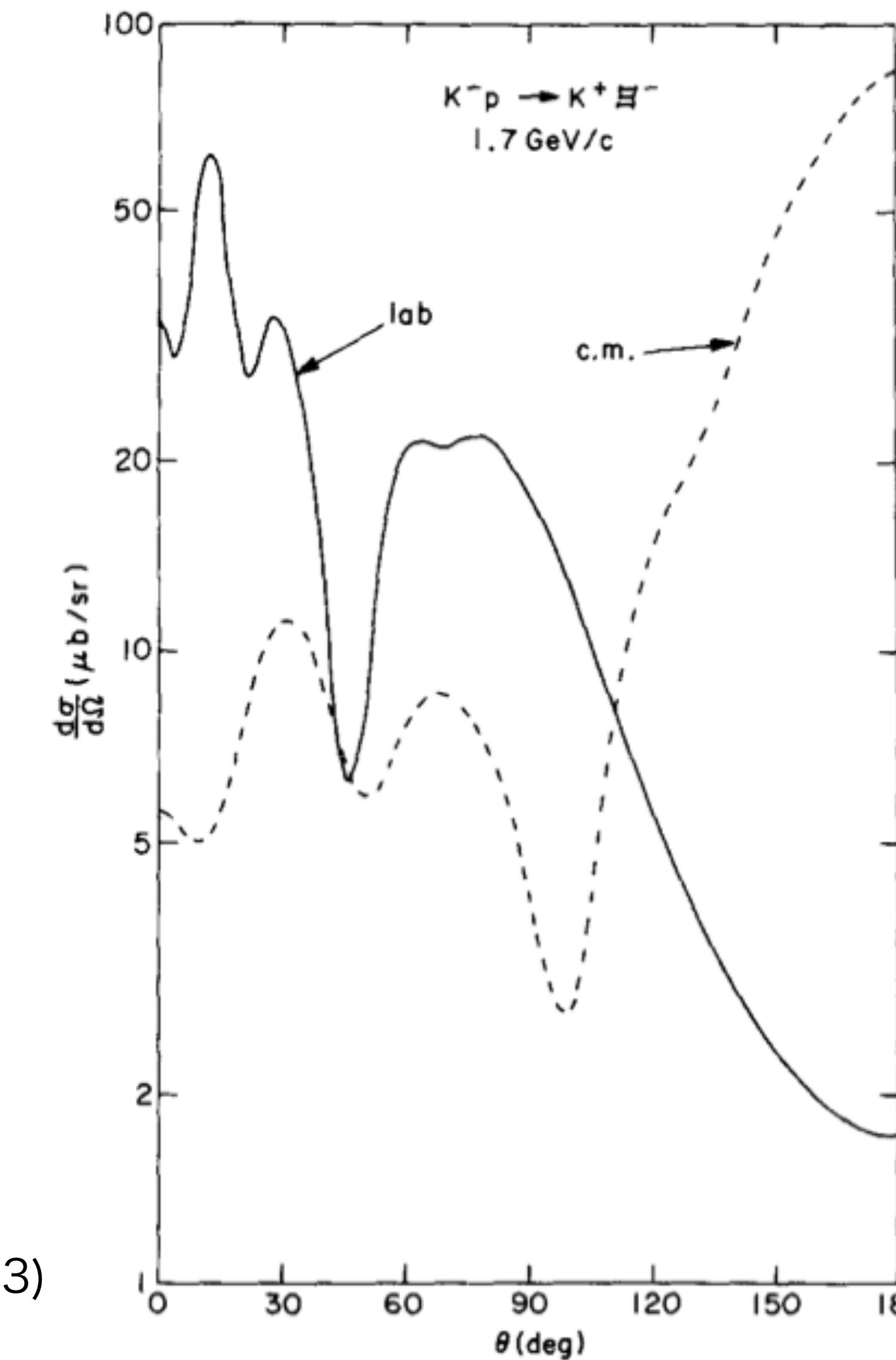


T. Harada et al., Phys. Lett. B 690, 363 (2010)

# Cross section of $p(K^-, K^+) \Xi^-$



C.B. Dover and A. Gal, Ann. Phys. 146, 309 (1983)



# Mass Resolution

**High-Res Spec. “S-2S”** ← SKS limits  $\Delta M$

$$\Delta M^2 = \left( \frac{\partial M}{\partial p_B} \right)^2 \Delta p_B^2 + \left( \frac{\partial M}{\partial p_S} \right)^2 \Delta p_S^2 + \left( \frac{\partial M}{\partial \theta} \right)^2 \Delta \theta^2 + \Delta E_{\text{strag.}}^2$$

$^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+) \rightarrow ^{12}\text{Be}$ , $\theta=5^\circ$ , $E_{\text{hyp}}=0$ MeV, $\Delta\theta=2$ mrad [MeV]					$\Delta E_{\text{strag.}}$ ← Target thickness
	Beam	Scat	$\theta$	$\Delta M$	
Design value	0.84	0.62	0.04	1.0	1 MeV ← 3 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Realistic?		1.67	0.04	1.8	2 MeV ← 6 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Pilot run		3.74	0.04	4.1	3 MeV ← 10 g/cm <sup>2</sup>

- Momentum resolution  $d\mathbf{p}/\mathbf{p}$  (FWHM)
  - Beam: (design)  $< 5 \times 10^{-4}$
  - (realistic?)  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  ← evaluation in other experiments at J-PARC
  - Scat: SKS (used in pilot run)  $3 \times 10^{-3}$
  - S-2S  $5 \times 10^{-4}$

# Kinematics

$$p_{K^-} = 1.8 \text{ GeV/c} \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad p_{K^+} = 1.2 \sim 1.4 \text{ GeV/c}$$

Recoil Momentum

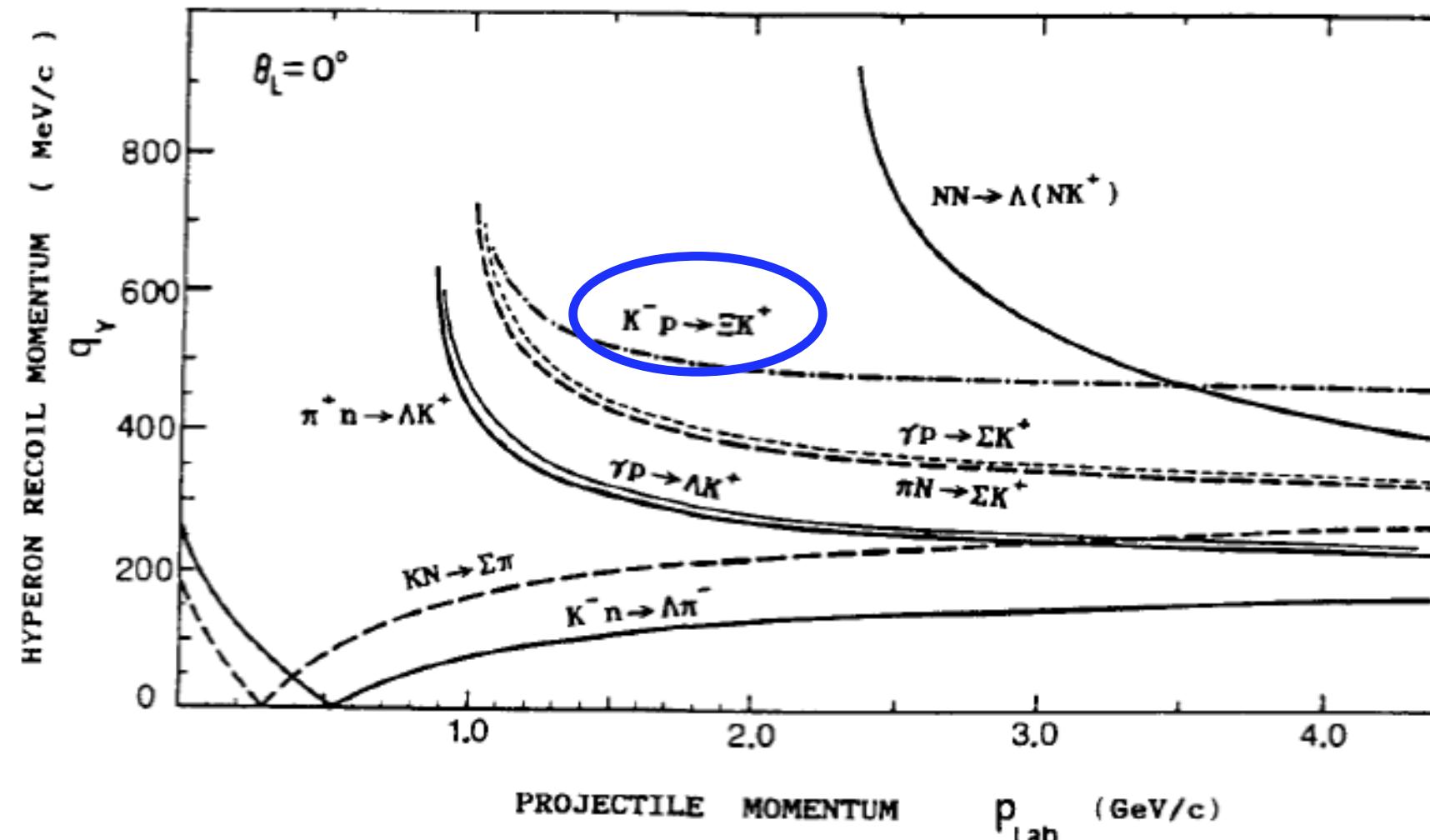
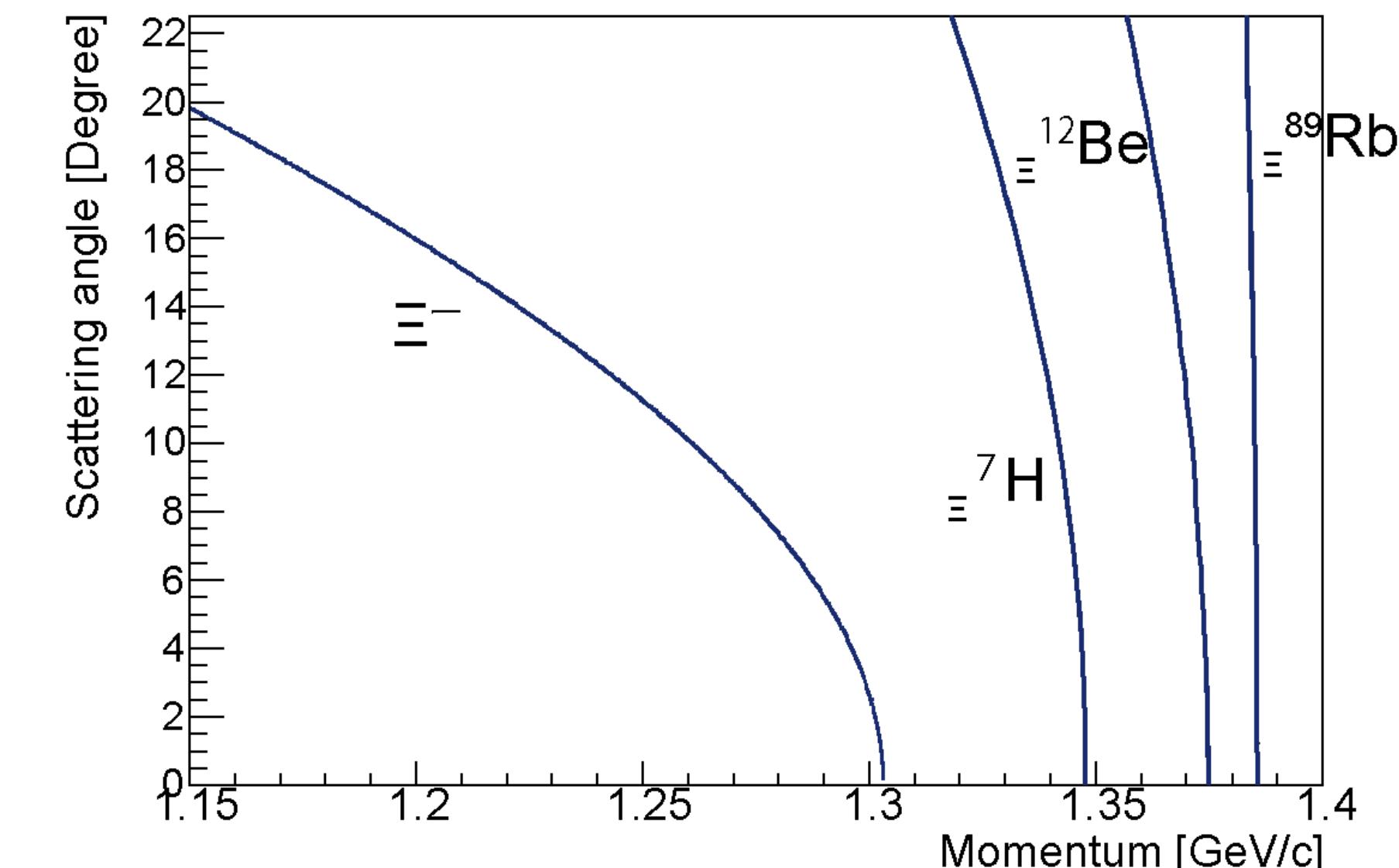


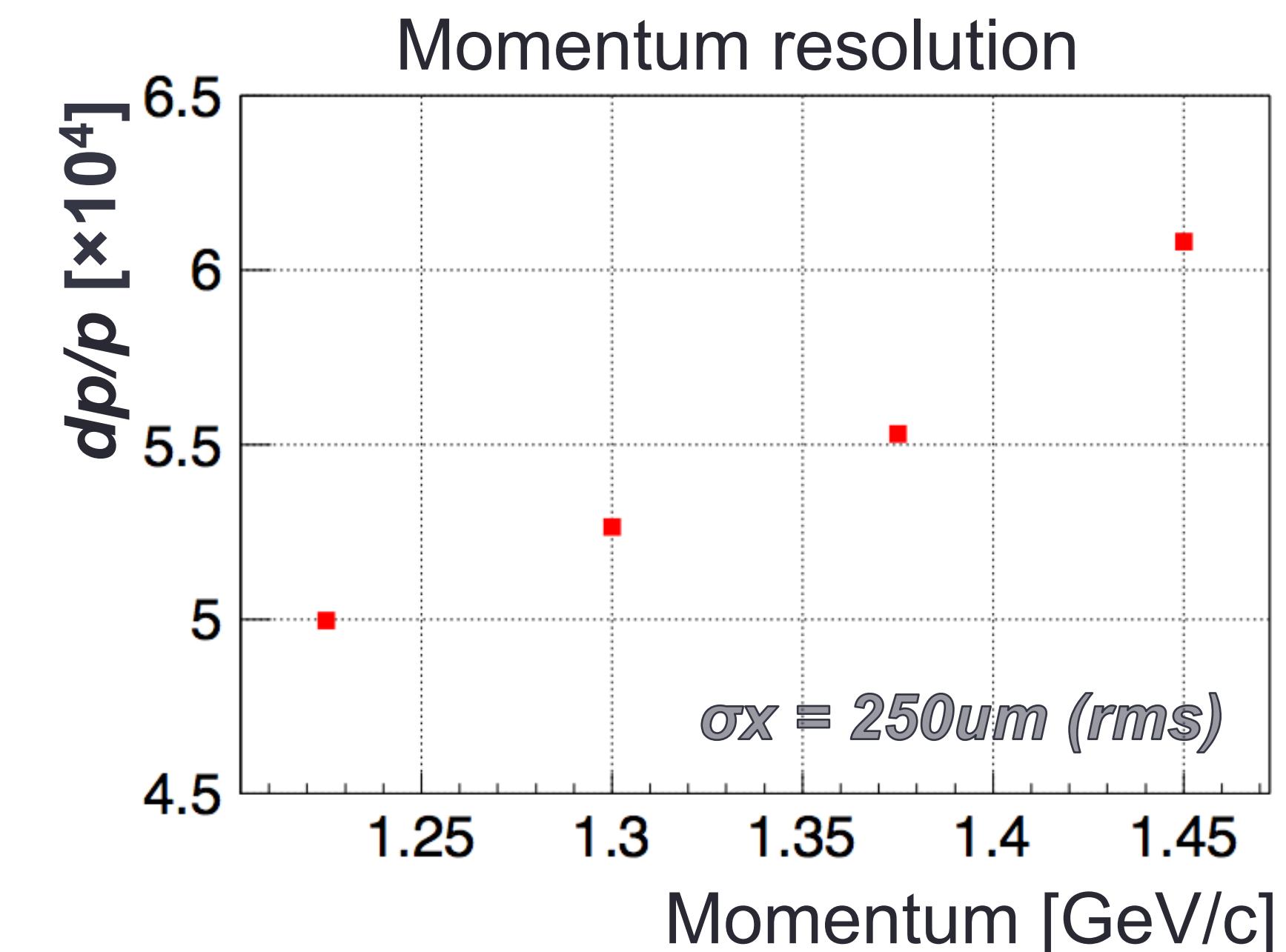
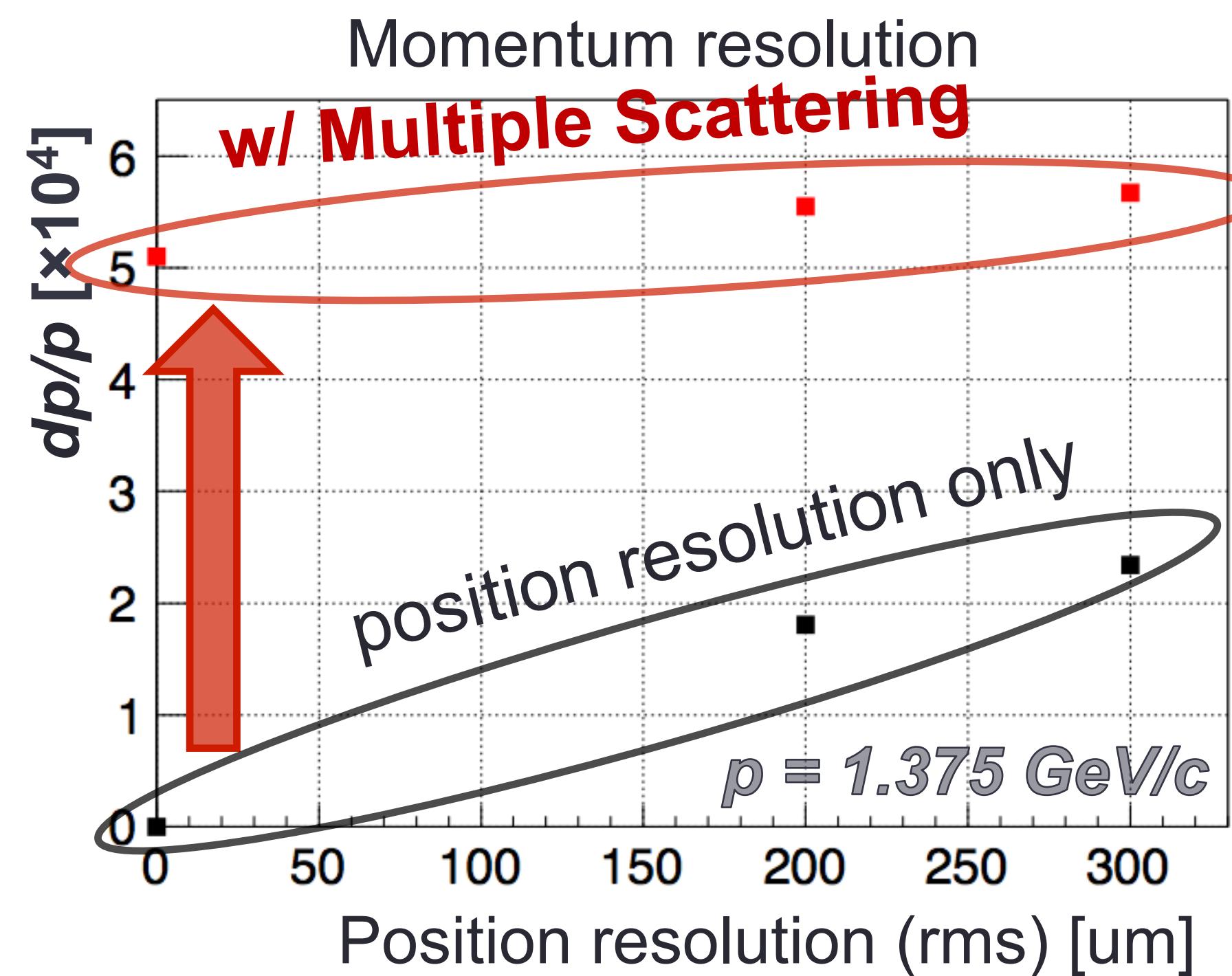
Fig. 2.3. The momentum  $q_Y$  transferred to the hyperon  $Y$  as a function of the projectile momentum  $p_{\text{proj}} = p_a$  in the reaction  $aN \rightarrow Yb$  at  $\theta_{b,L} = 0^\circ$ .

Momentum of  $K^+$



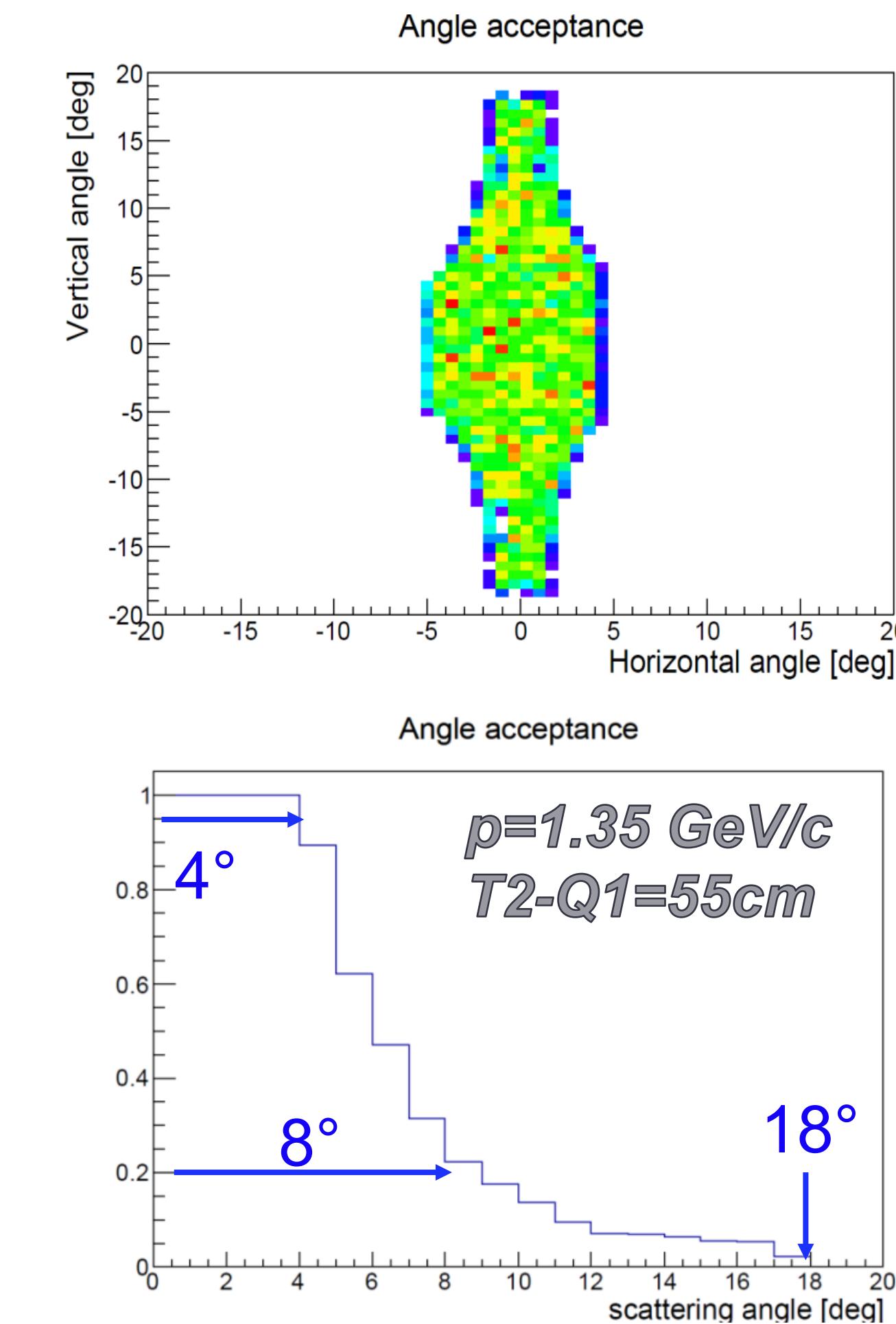
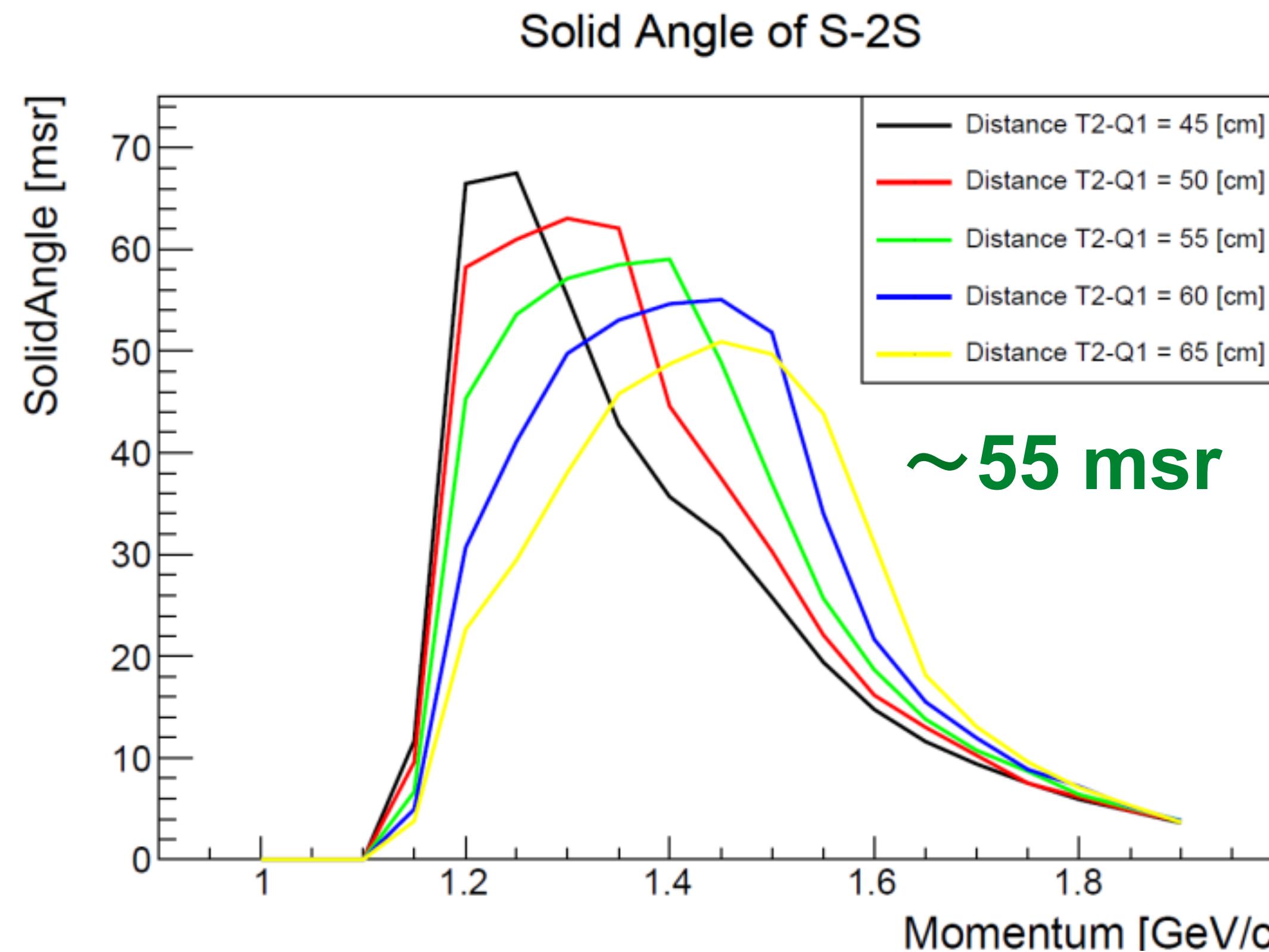
# Momentum Resolution

$$dp/p \sim 5 \text{--} 6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ (FWHM)}$$



Magnet condition  
Q1,Q2,D1 = 2500A (max)

# Solid Angle



Magnetic field ← TOSCA calculation  
 $Q1, Q2, D1 = 2500\text{A}$  (max)

Particles just passing through the magnets  
= not including detector configuration

# Backgrounds

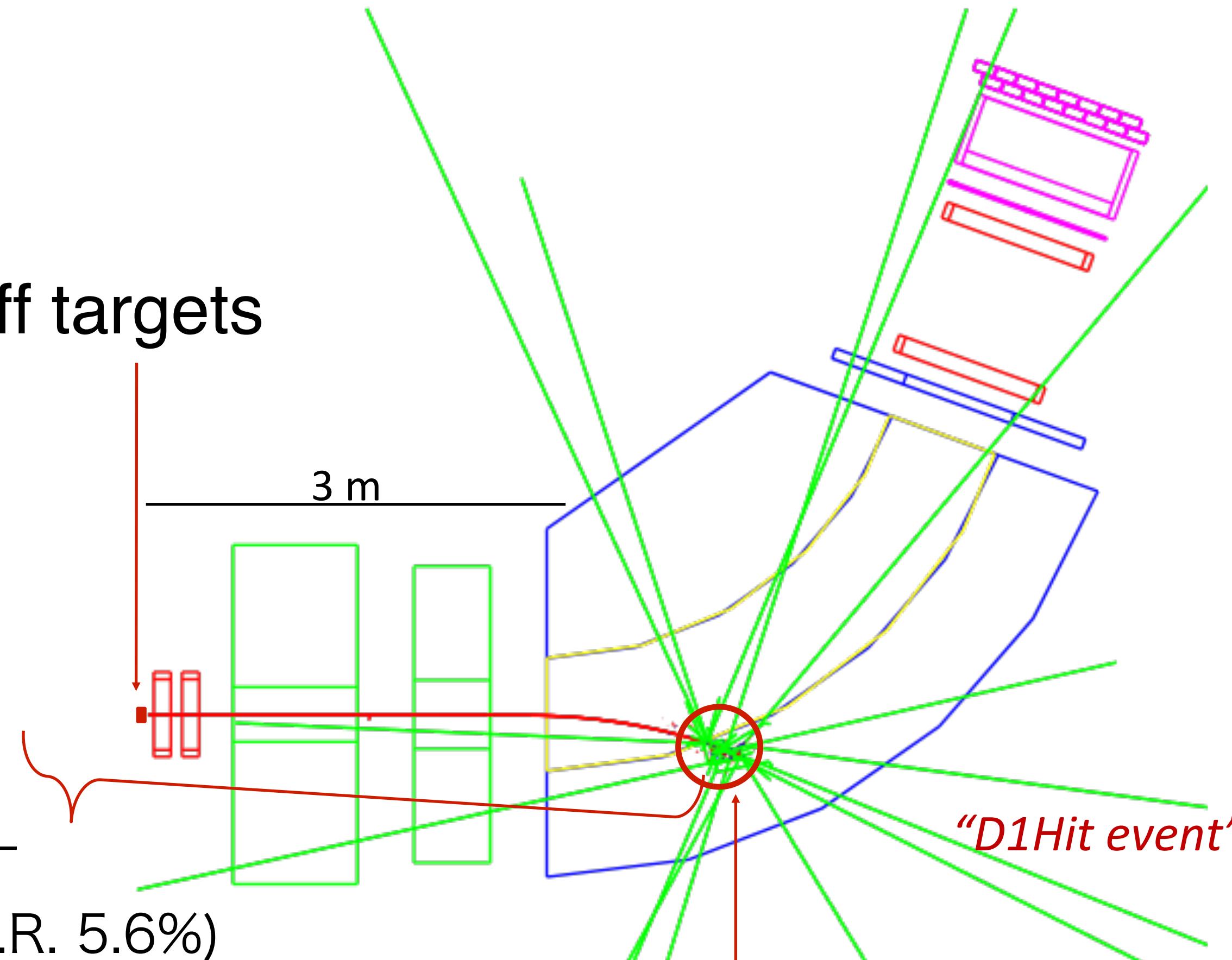
## 1. Various products off targets

- Reaction rate:  $\sim 10\%$

## 2. Decay of beam $K^-$

–  $K^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$  (B.R. 5.6%)

$K^-$  @ 1.8 GeV/c:  $\beta \gamma c \tau \sim 13.5$  m

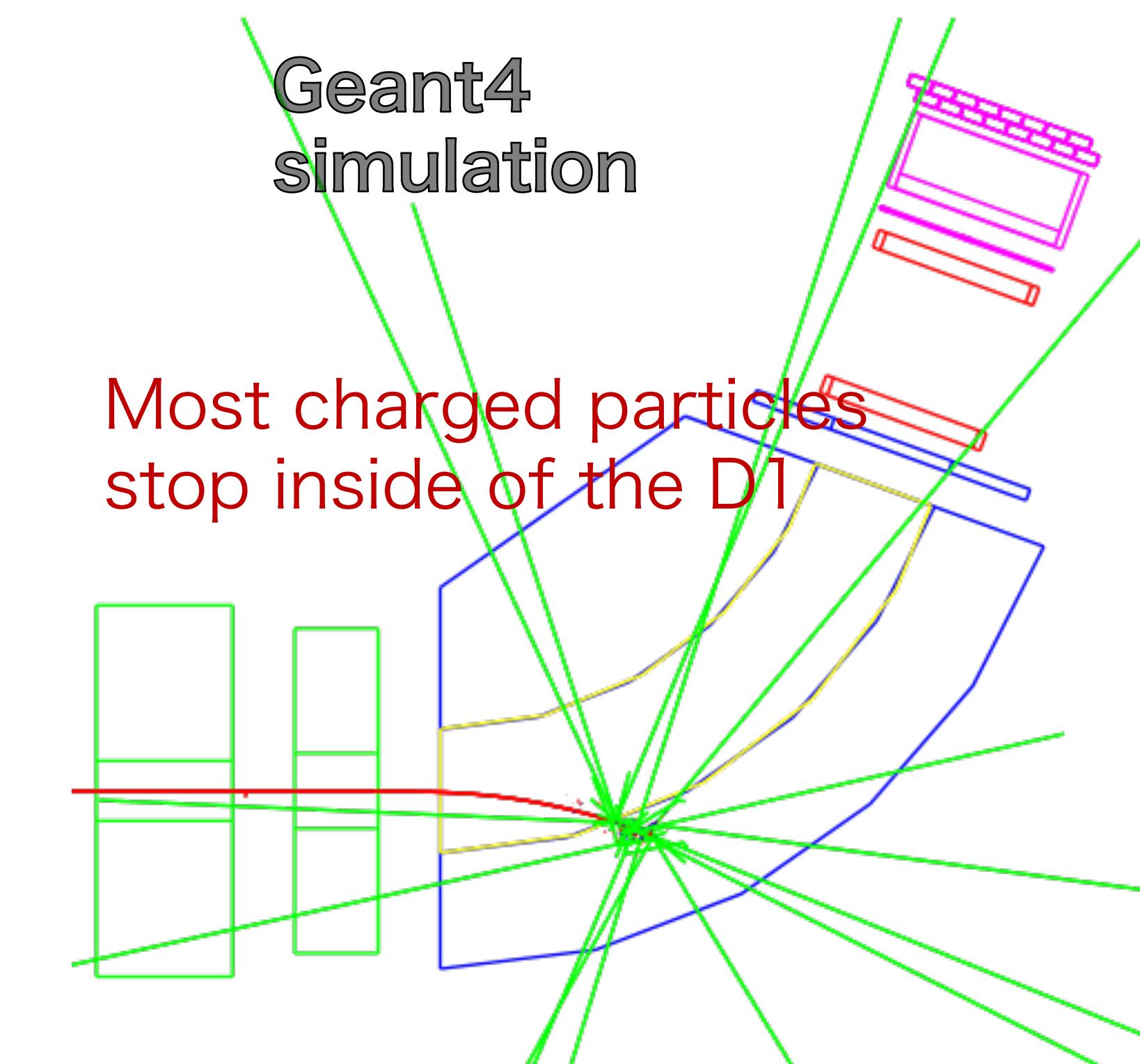
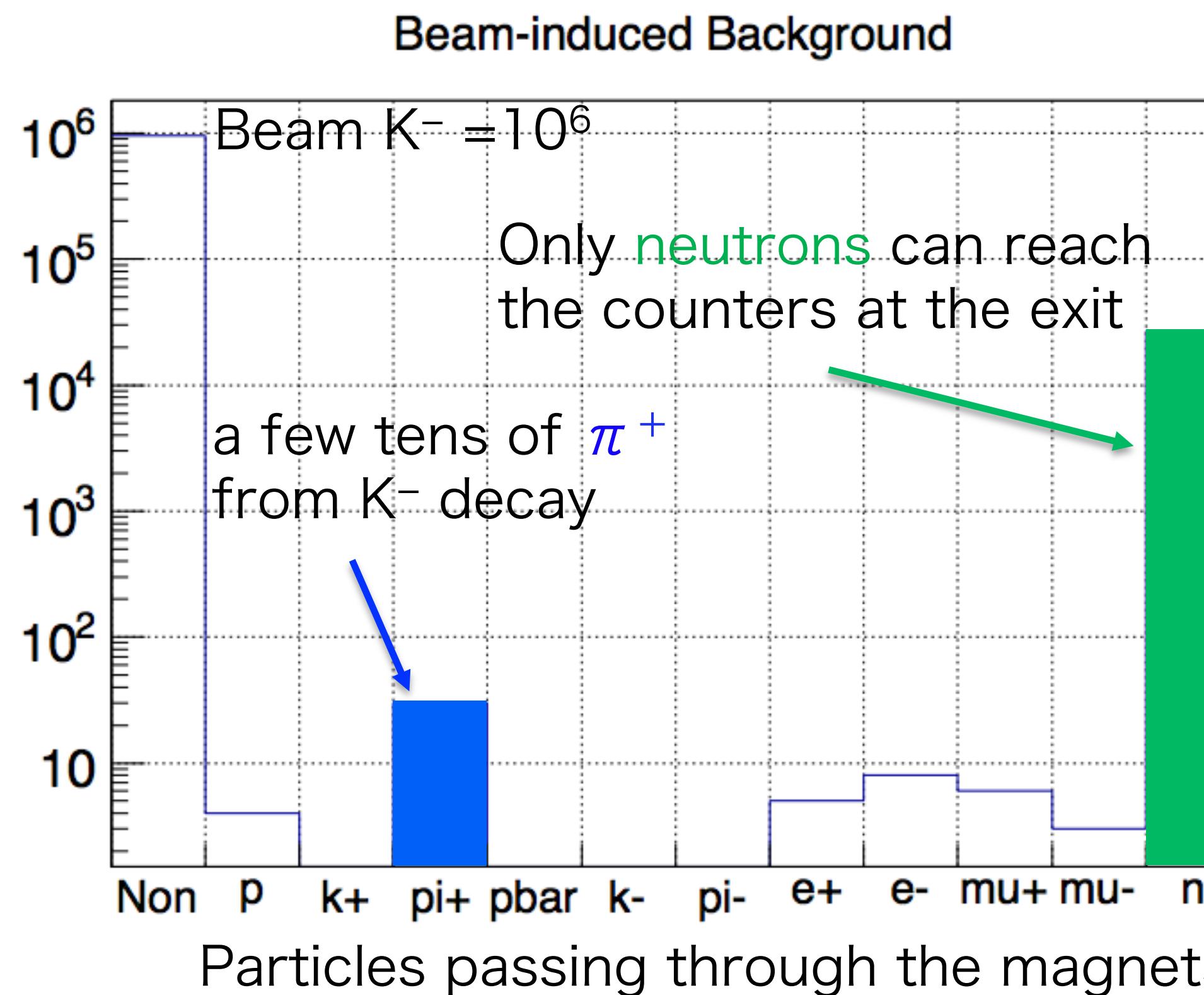


## 3. Reactions on the D1 yoke

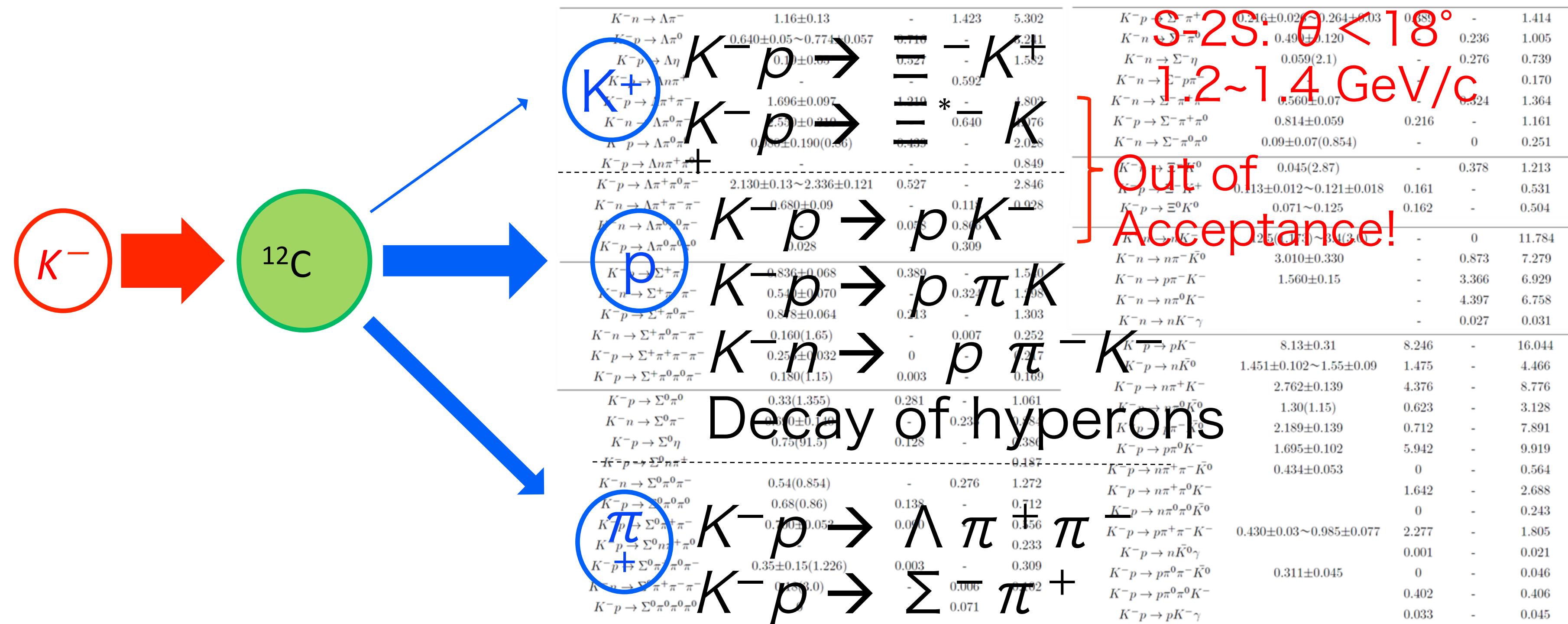
- $K^- + \text{Fe} \rightarrow \text{many particles}$

# Backgrounds not from the Target

- Decay of beam  $K^-$  & Reactions on the D1yoke



# Reactions in target



"Compilation of Cross-Sections :  $K^\pm$  induced reactions", CERN-Library(1983)

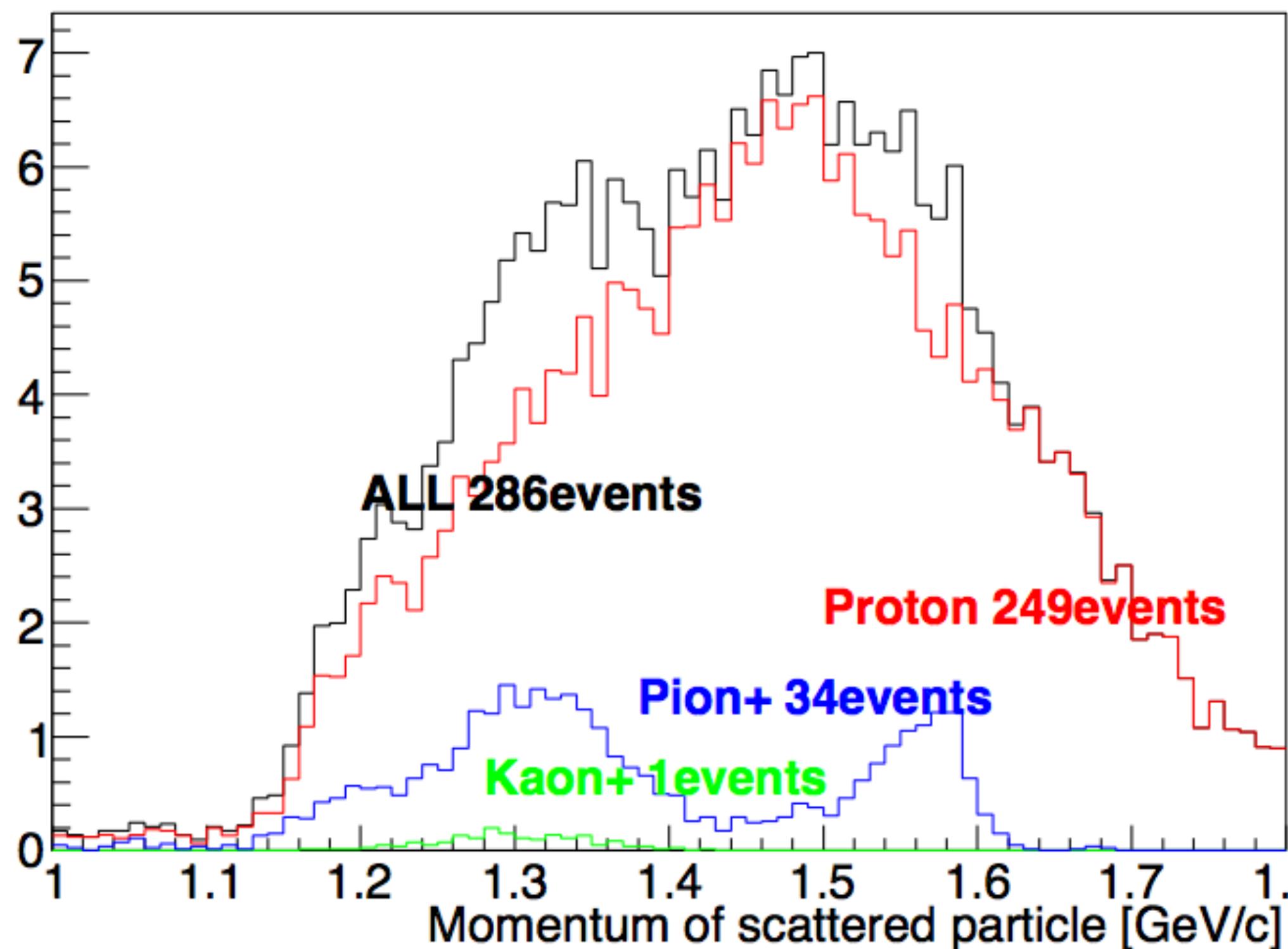
- Background estimation
  - JAM v1.210 : Jet AA Microscopic transport model

Y. Nara et.al., Phys. Rev. C61 (2000) 024901

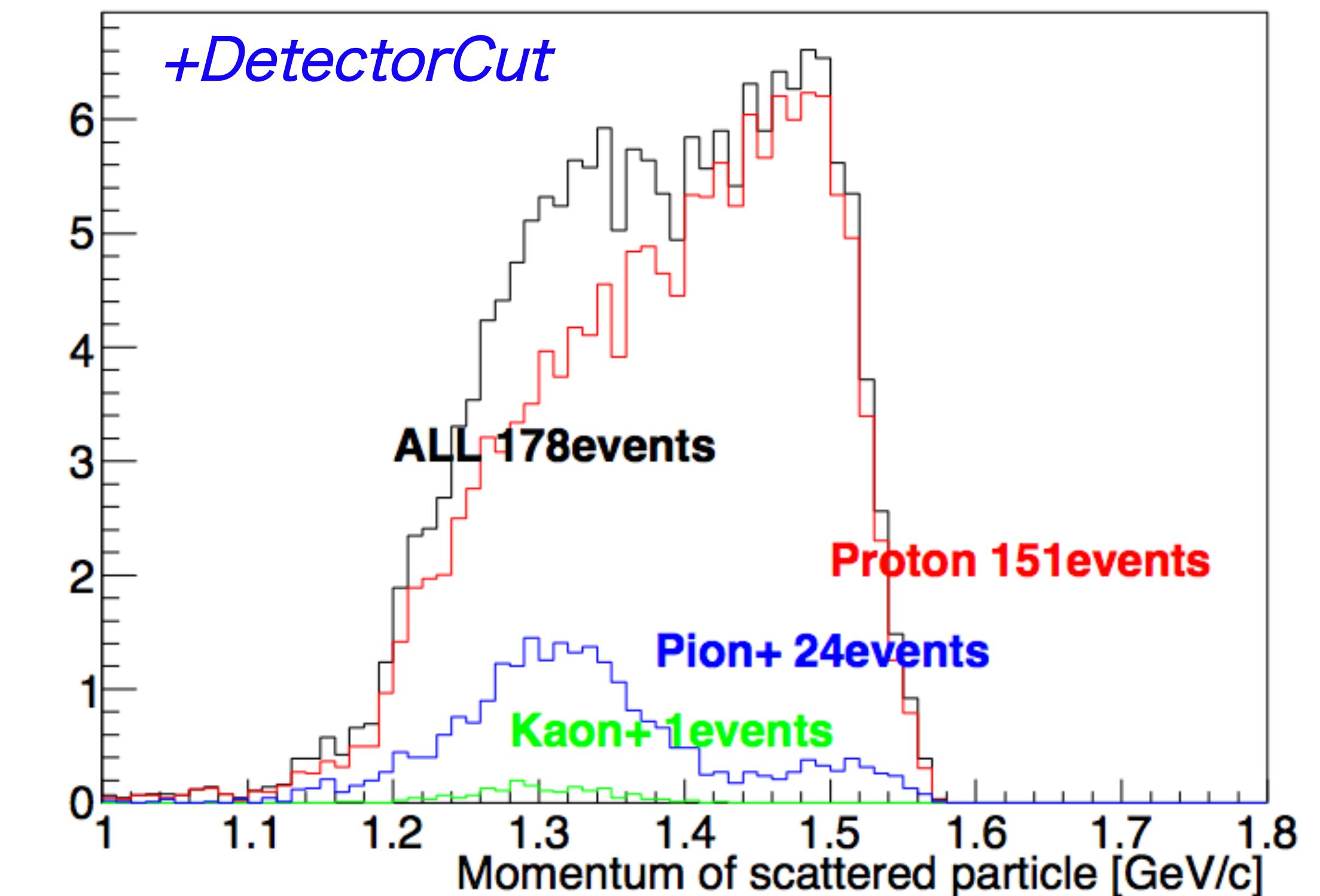
# Background Distributions

JAM simulation  
 $10^6 K^- @ 1.8 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $3 \text{ g/cm}^2$ ,  $^{12}\text{C}$  target

Momentum Distribution at S-2S downstream

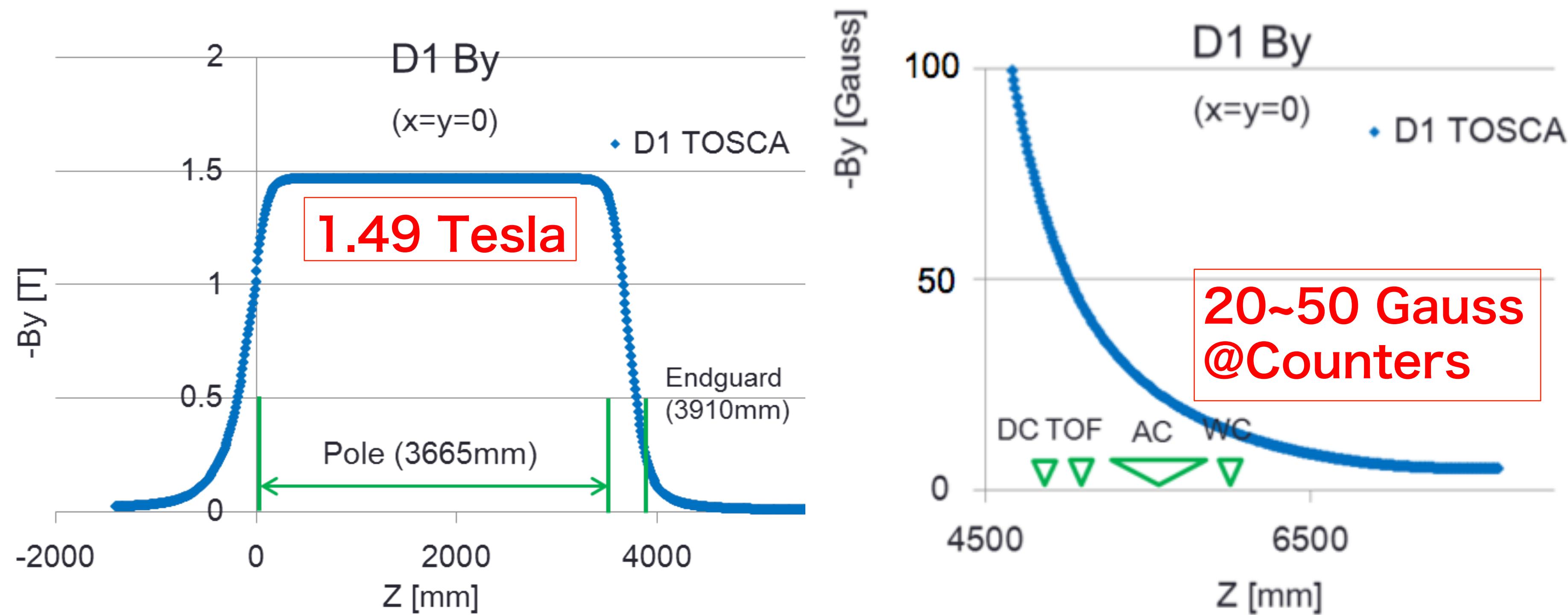


Momentum Distribution at S-2S downstream

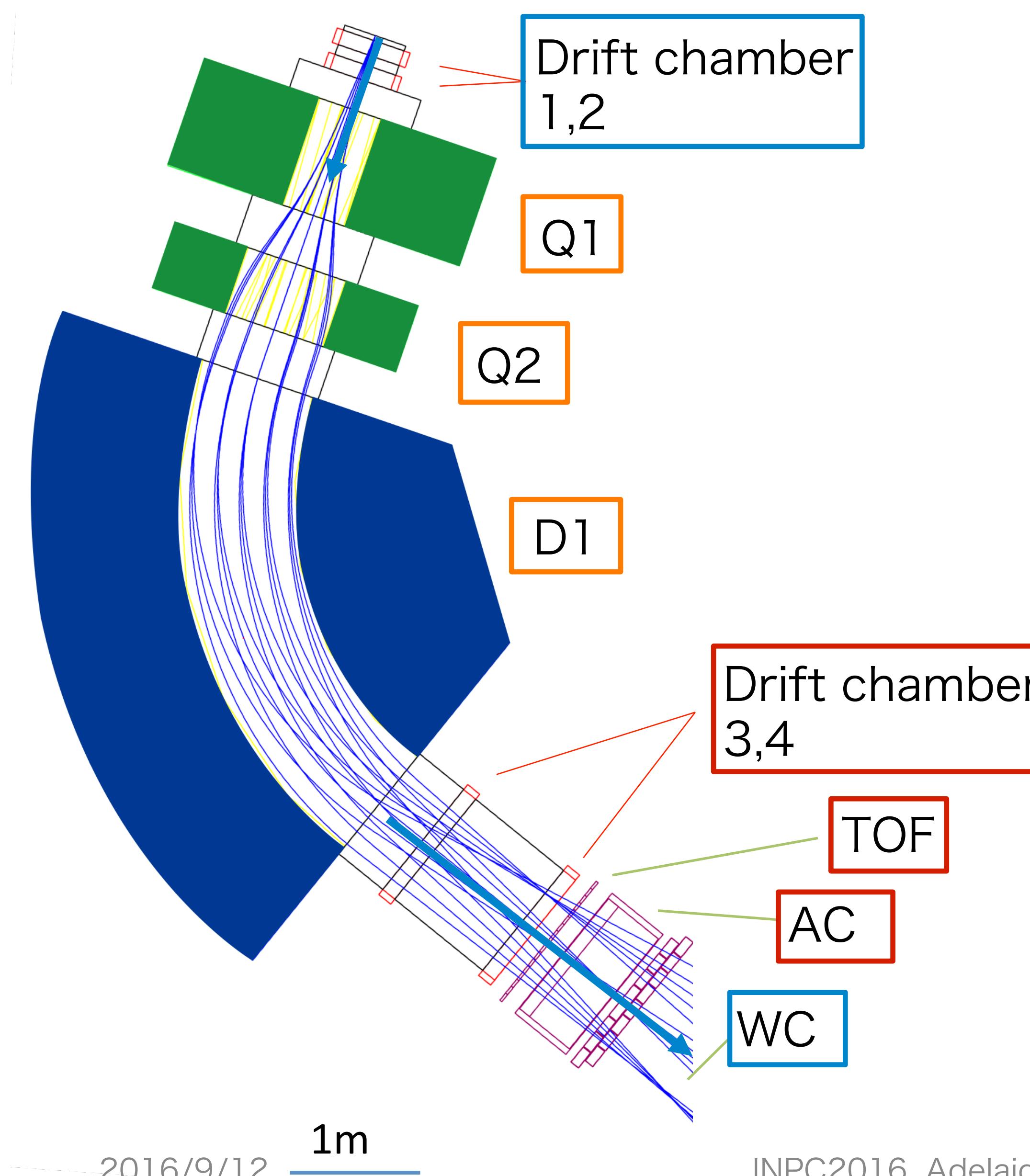


# Field Calculation of D1

- Calculation by Opera/TOSCA-3d
  - Input model will be tuned after field measurement



# Status summary



## Magnets

- Q1,Q2 : Ready
- D1 : Field measurement is ongoing

## Existing Detectors

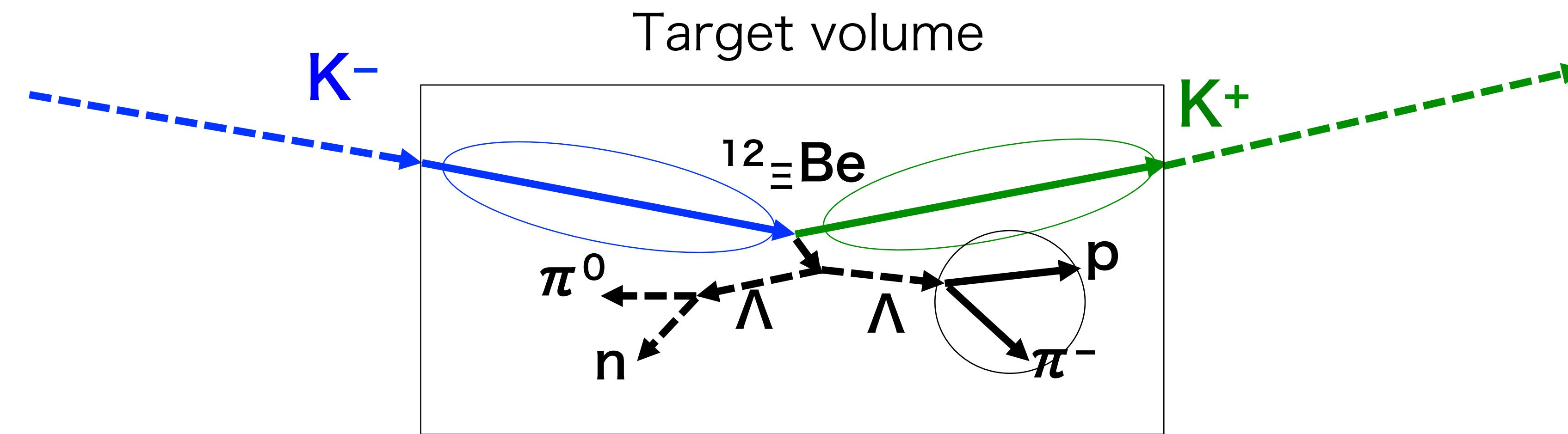
- DC 1
- DC 3,4
  - 1 m×1 m Drift chambers
  - Need some repariments
- AC
  - Ready

## New Detectors

- TOF
  - plastic scintillator
- DC 2
  - 2.5mm-pitch, vertically large size
- Water Cherenkov
  - T. Gogami, et al., NIM A, 817 (2016) 70

# Active Fiber Target

- Scintillating fiber
  - scintillation light yield → correction of the energy of kaons event-by-event



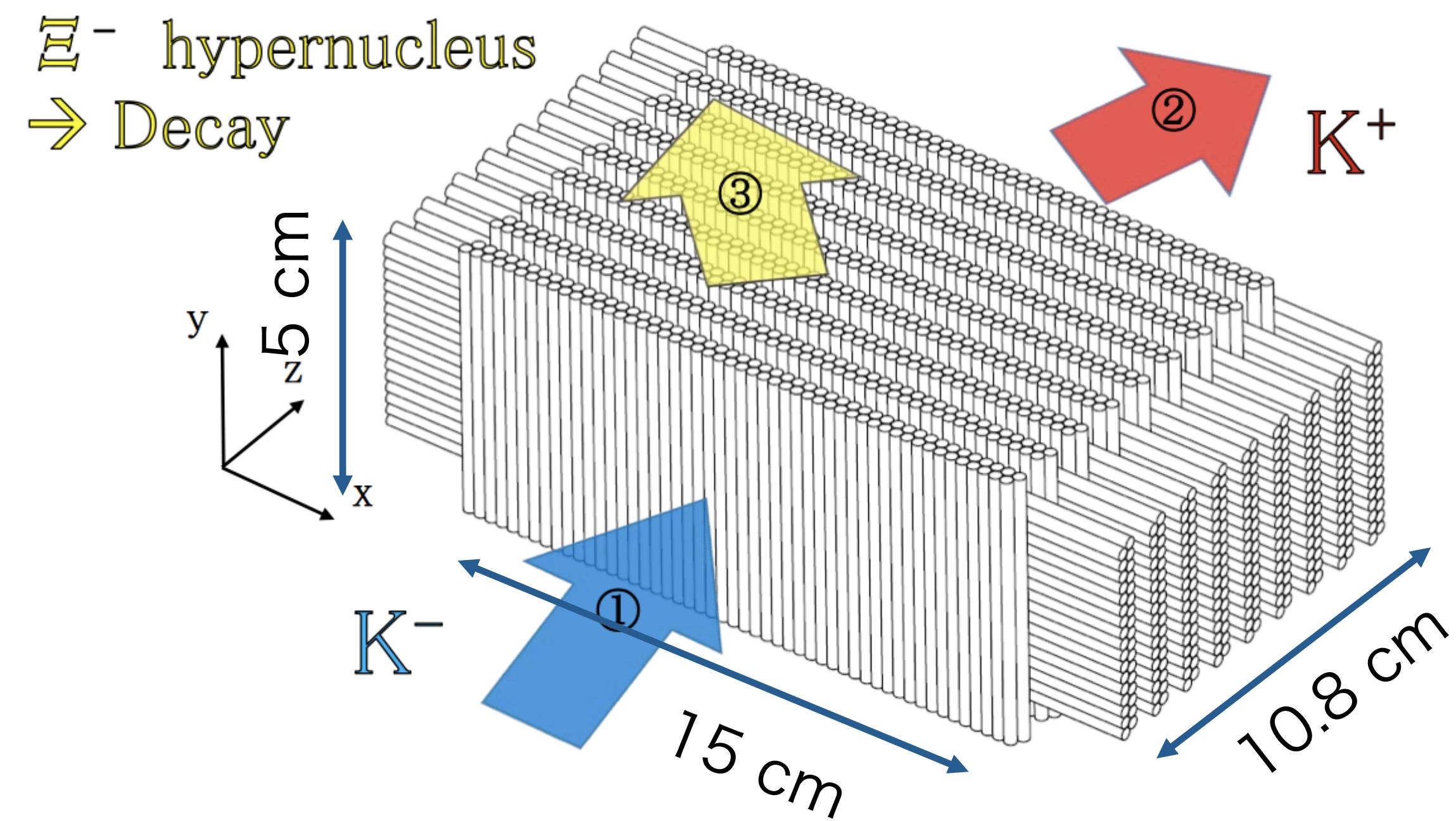
Energy losses of

- Beam  $K^-$
- Scat.  $K^+$
- Decay particles from hypernucleus

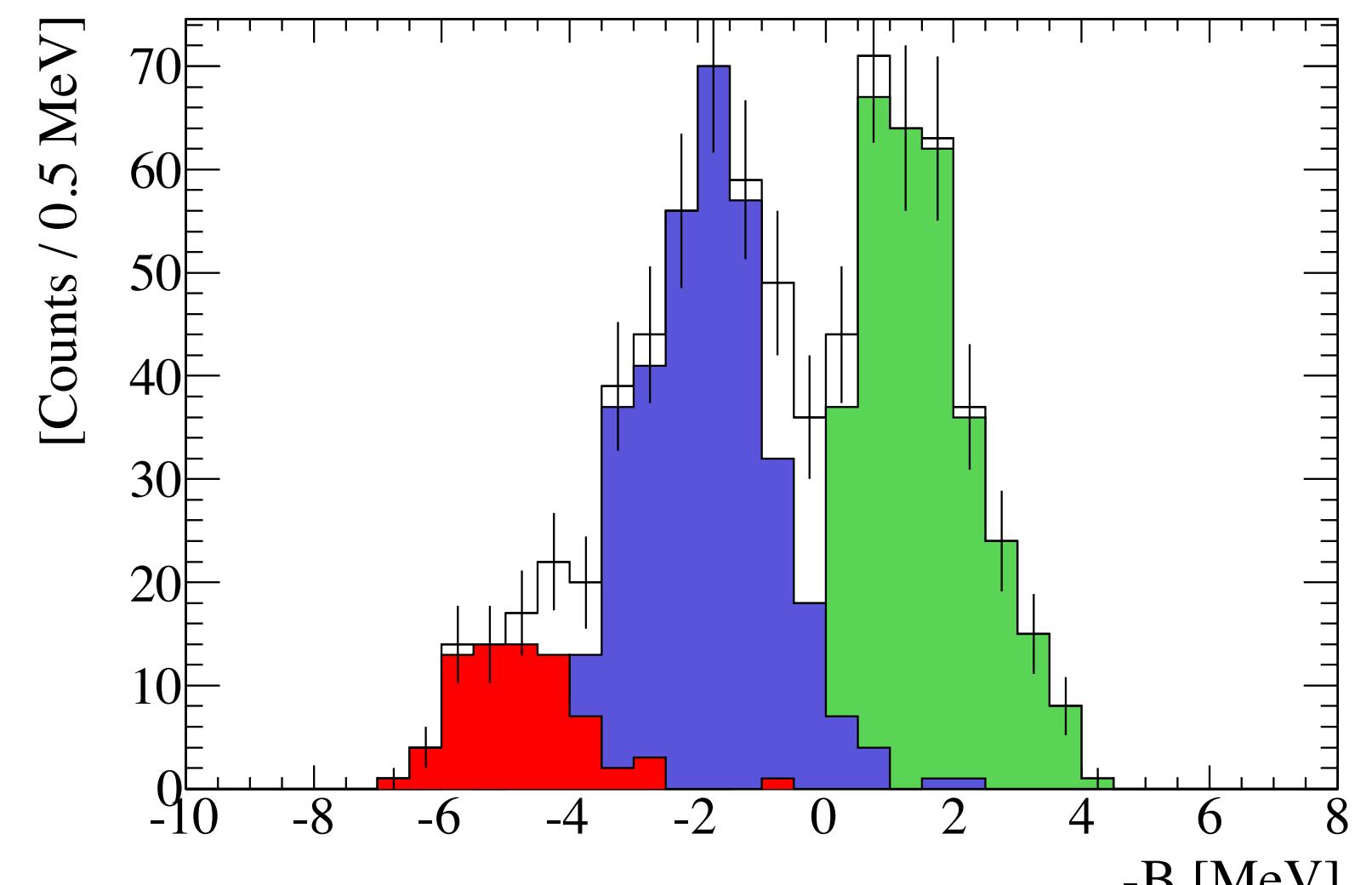
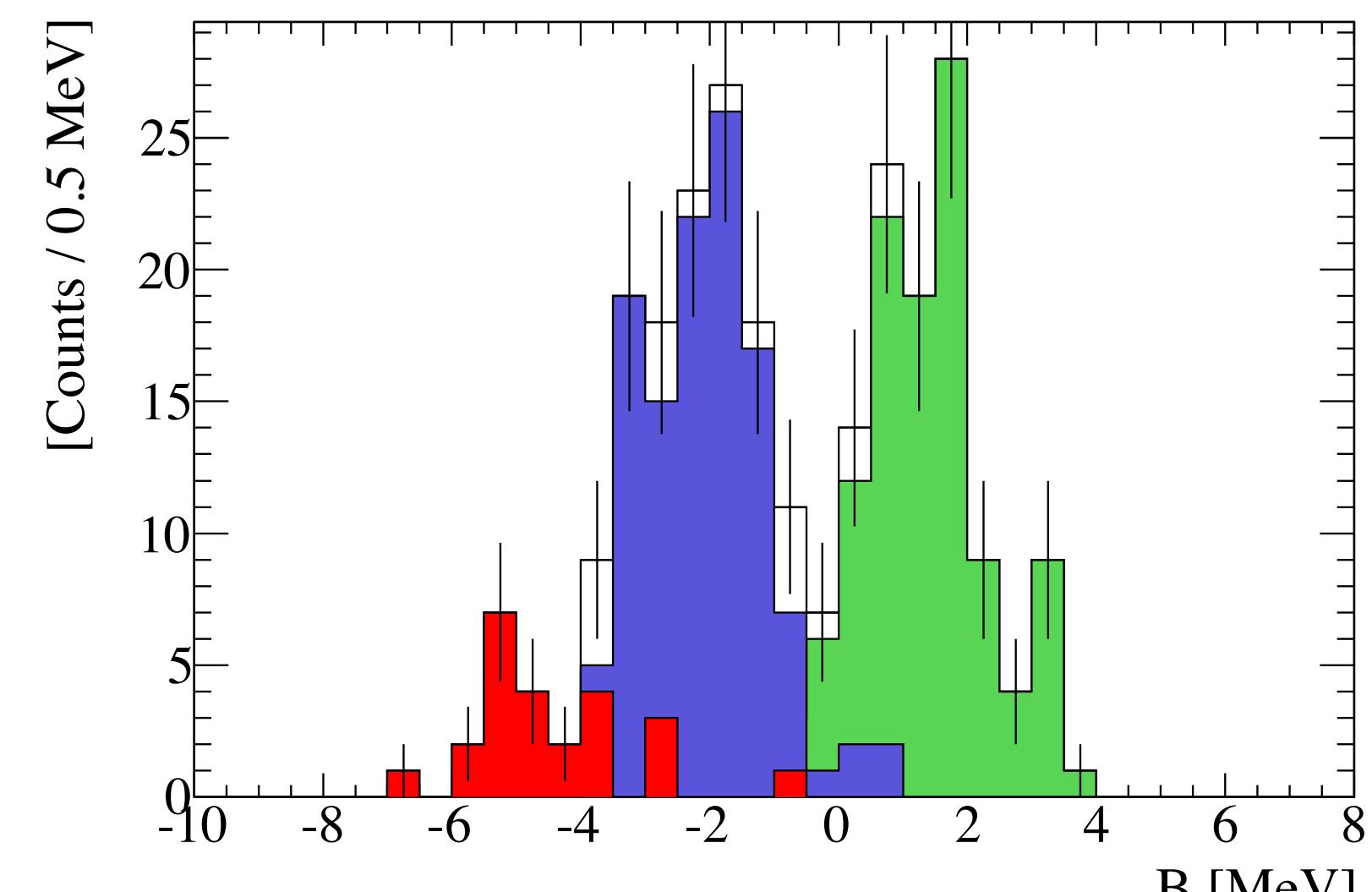
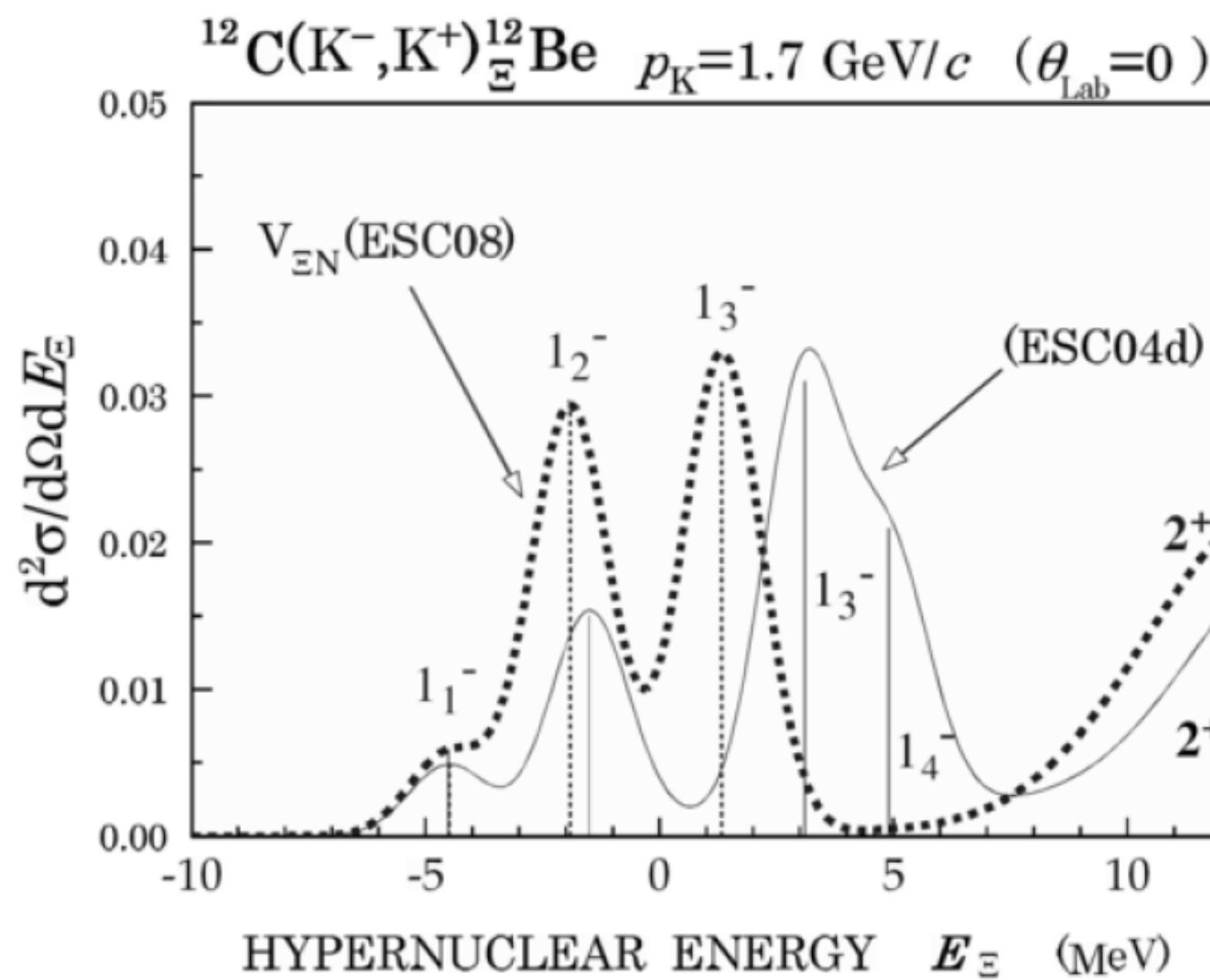
should be measured separately → Target must be segmented

# Active Fiber Target

- Scintillating fiber bundle
  - 3x3 mm square or 3 mm  $\Phi$  ( $\rightarrow 50 \times 18 + 16 \times 18 \doteq 1000$ )
  - MPPCs attached on the both ends of each fiber



# Expected spectrum



Three  $1^-$  states with widths of  $2.5 \text{ MeV}_{\text{FWHM}}$